



**La Vall
d'Albaida**

Inland
experience

ENG



**Points of
information tour
in the Vall d'Albaida**



**MANCOMUNITAT
DE MUNICIPIS
DE LA VALL D'ALBAIDA
DEPARTAMENT DE TURISME**
c/ Sant Francesc, 8 pl. Baixa
46870 Ontinyent
T 96 238 90 91
F 96 238 85 45
valldalbaida.com
mancovall.com
turisme@mancovall.com

**TOURIST INFO AIELO DE MALFERIT
MUSEU DE NINO BRAVO**

Passeig de l'Eixample, s/n
46812 Aielo de Malferit
T 96 236 07 20 / 654 394 296
aielodemalferit.es
aielo@touristinfo.net

**TOURIST INFO ALBAIDA
MUSEU INTERNACIONAL
DE TITELLES D'ALBAIDA (MITA)**

Plaça del Pintor Segrelles, 19
(Palau dels Milà i Aragò)
46860 Albaida
T 96 239 01 86
albaidaturisme.com
albaida@touristinfo.net

TOURIST INFO BOCAIRENT

Plaça de l'Ajuntament, 2
46880 Bocairent
T 96 290 50 62
bocairent.org
bocairent@touristinfo.net

TOURIST INFO LLUTXENT

Av. de València, 66
46838 Llutxent
T 96 229 43 86 / 96 229 40 01
llutxent.es
informacio@llutxent.org

TOURIST INFO ONTINYENT

Plaça de Sant Roc, 2 (Palau de la Vila)
46870 Ontinyent
T 96 291 60 90
turismo.ontinyent.es
ontinyent@touristinfo.net

TOURIST INFO VALL D'ALBAIDA

c/ Sant Francesc, 8 pl. Baixa
46870 Ontinyent
T 96 291 60 90
valldalbaida@touristinfo.net



**La Vall
d'Albaida**

Inland
experience

The La Vall d'Albaida region is formed by 34 towns and located in the south of València province. The Vall is an inland jewel that offers many cultural and natural attractions. Its proximity to the coast and the most important cities in the region makes it a perfect place for rural and inland tourism.

The Vall d'Albaida is surrounded by the Mariola Mountain range, the Grossa Mountain range, the Agullent's Mountain range, the Benicadell's Mountain range and the Buscarró Mountain range and bathed by the Clariano River and the Albaida River. For that reason it is a region that offers everything with a great environmental attraction. If you want to have a break from the city and enjoy the landscape of the area, the Vall d'Albaida offers you rich cultural heritage and exquisite cuisine.



La Vall
d'Albaida

Inland
experience

Welcome to the guide of the Vall d'Albaida. This guide is a compilation of all the basic and complementary offer of the region, to make known in an innovative way the alternatives of leisure, tourism and culture offered by the Vall d'Albaida.

In this post you will find everything you need to make your visit to our populations as complete as possible.

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The Vall d'Albaida

Enjoy it with the five senses

The Vall d'Albaida region is very easy to find. Regarding its communications, the northern part can be accessed by the A-7 Mediterranean Motorway that comes from Valencia. This connects, at the height of the municipality of Canals, with the CV-40 Highway which in turn connects the towns of Aiello de Malferit, Ontinyent, Agullent, Benissoda and Albaida, where it is renamed the A-7 Highway and continues its course in the direction of Alicante capital.

Another important road connecting the municipalities of the Vall d'Albaida is the CV-60 road, which begins its journey at the link with CV-40 in l'Olleria and heads east giving access via the CV-619 road to the municipalities of Castelló de Rugat, Rugat, Aiello de Rugat and Montitxelvo. If you continue east on the CV-60 highway, you will reach the town of Gandía, in the Safor region.

The municipalities of Bellús, Guadasséquies, Alfarrasí, Montaverner and El Palomar are connected by the N-340 national highway, which crosses the Vall d'Albaida region from north to south. This road runs parallel to the CV-40 motorway and connects us to the north with the municipality of Xàtiva, belonging to the region of La Costera and to the south with Alcoy, capital of the region of l'Alcoià.

In addition to the aforementioned communications, a wide network of regional roads runs through the Vall d'Albaida, connecting all the municipalities that make up this region.



The Vall d'Albaida

Town by Town

The region of Vall d'Albaida, composed of 34 municipalities and located in the south of the province of Valencia, is an inland gem that houses numerous cultural and natural attractions. Its proximity to the coast and the provincial capitals makes the Vall d'Albaida a perfect place for rural and inland tourism.

The Vall d'Albaida is surrounded by the Mariola Mountain range, the Grossa Mountain range, the Agullent mountain range, the Benicadell mountain range and the Buscarró Mountain range and bathed by the Clariano River and the Albaida River. For this reason it is a complete region that, in addition to being a great environmental incentive if you want to disconnect from the city and enjoy the flora and fauna of the area, also offers you a rich cultural heritage and exquisite gastronomy.

We invite you to enter the Vall d'Albaida and enjoy with your five senses the best wines in Fontanars dels Alforins, La Pobla del Duc, Quatretonda, Agullent and Ontinyent. To perceive the virgin and natural aroma of our oil in Alfarrasí, Bèlgida, Beniatjar, Benicolet and

Quatretonda; to capture the essence of yesteryear, customs, music, color, gunpowder, fireworks, traditional festivities, typical clothing, cultural events in all municipalities; to contemplate the majestic and monumental medieval buildings of Llutxent, Albaida, Ontinyent and Bocairent; to feel the textile in Albaida, Agullent, Ontinyent and Bocairent; the esparto grass in Atzeneta d'Albaida; the glass in Aielo de Malferit and l'Olleria; the pitchers in Castelló de Rugat, and the "Arrop i Tallaetes" and chocolate in Benigànim; to relax in a privileged environment with protected places of great beauty in Bellús, Benissuera, Guadasséquies, Otos, Pinet, Rugat, Salem, Sempere and Terrateig; to enjoy the charming corners of Aielo de Rugat, Benissoda, Bufali, Carrícola, Montaverner, Montitxelvo, El Palomar and Ràfol de Salem. And of course, to savor the pleasure of the exquisite and succulent cuisine of each of the 34 municipalities.



Vall d'Albaida region

Guide of municipalities

MANCOMUNIDAD DE MUNICIPIOS
DE LA VALL D'ALBAIDA

Population: 87.349 hab.

Demonym: valldalбайдino/valldalбайдina

Tourism departament:

Avda. Sant Francesc, 8 pl. Baixa

46870 Ontinyent

Tourism Phone No.: 96 238 90 91

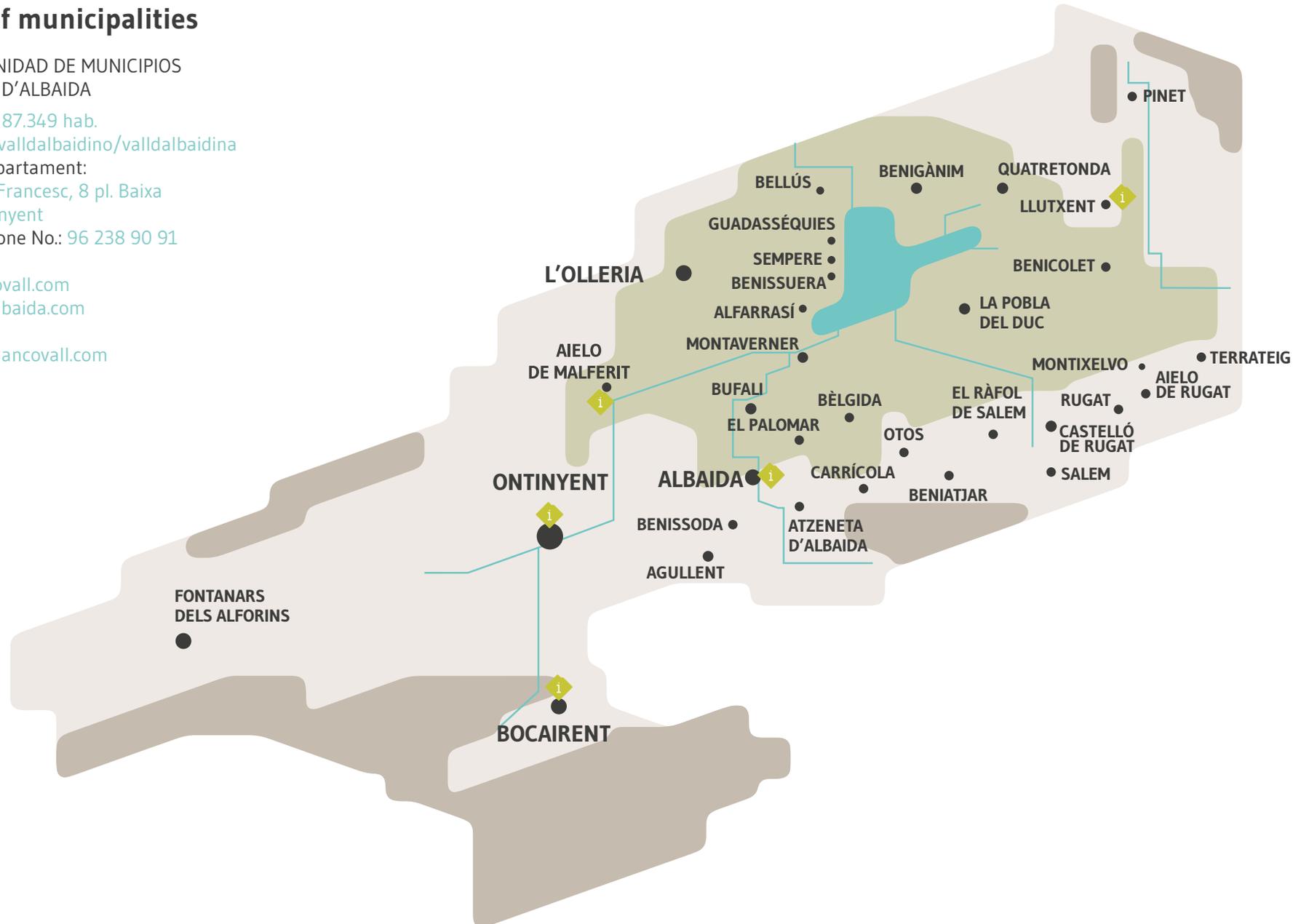
Web:

www.mancovall.com

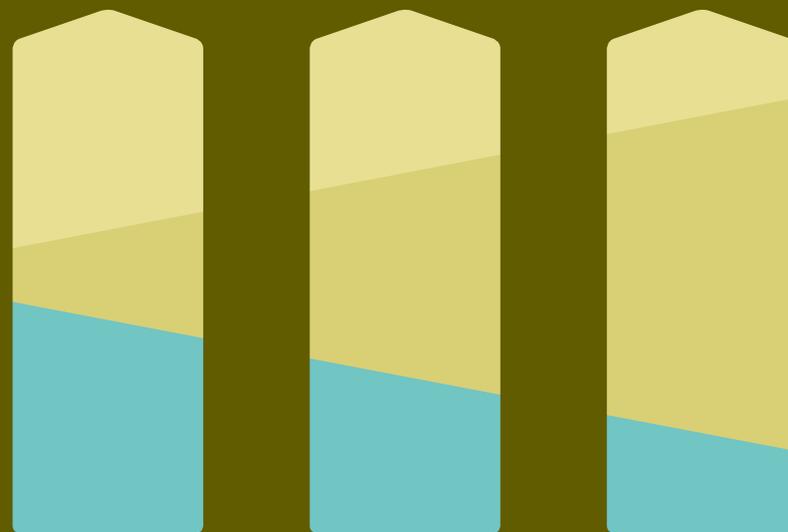
www.valldalбайдida.com

E-mail:

turisme@mancovall.com



The villages of the Vall



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- 25 Bufali
- 26 Carrícola
- 27 Castelló de Rugat
- 28 Fontanars dels Alforins
- 29 Guadasséquies
- 30 Llutxent
- 31 Montaverner
- 32 Montitxelvo
- 33 L'Olleria
- 34 Ontinyent
- 35 Otos
- 36 El Palomar
- 37 Pinet
- 38 La Pobla del Duc
- 39 Quatretonda
- 40 El Ràfol de Salem
- 41 Rugat
- 42 Salem
- 43 Sempere
- 44 Terrateig

AGULLENT

Population: 2.410 hab.

Municipal area: 16'24 km²

Altitude: 360 m.

Demonym: *agullentí, agullentina*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 290 70 80

Webs: www.agullent.es

www.turismeagullent.com

E-mail: agullent_reg@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Mayor Square and Town Hall

This square is both the administrative nucleus and the scene of festive and cultural demonstrations, especially the Moors and Christians festivities and the September dances, which have more than 400 years of history.

The town hall, which preserves the 1925 facade, was built with the help of Cardinal Reig in the same place where, since the Middle Age, was there the oven of the villa.

Molino Harinero s. XV

After touring the entire historical center, the water of the 'Jordana' fountain gave its energy to the wheels of the flour mill. Originally from the 15th century, it was active until the 80s of the twentieth century. Today, it has been converted into rural accommodation, and has a visitable museum in the basement where some of the machinery is preserved.

Church of St. Bartolomé (XV-XVIII century)

The church of St. Bartolomé is flirtatious, because it has a facade that seduces without large ornamentations. Inside, however, sobriety is relegated by a major altar with a Churrigueresque-style décor. In this main altar of gilt and columns stands out the municipal shield in which highlights a needle that symbolizes the craftsmanship of esparto that was made from ancient times in this town. In addition, the altarpiece of the Altar of Souls is attributed to the school of Joanes.

Convent of St. Jacinto (XVI-XVIII century)

The cloistered nuns have today kept the architectural secrets of this clerical building that in the time of the Civil War became an asylum of refuge two republicans. It is a Dominican convent originating in the sixteenth century with an extensive cloister. In the chapel of the Virgin of the Roser of the church, which opens in the eyes of all the world in the festivities of Moors and Christians, there are paintings of Josep Renau, father of the of the well-known poster artist.

Washing place and ditch "de arriba"

An immense hackberry gives you shade if from this point you walk towards the small circular route of the ravine of 'Jordana' fountain or if you walk towards the neighboring towns. The original base and structure of the public laundry probably comes from the seventeenth century, although the ditch is at least two centuries earlier.

Park of the "Jordana" fountain

Pass through Agullent and not visit this spot is like not having really gone to the locality. Children's play area, strolling area and bar-restaurant. By the fountain of five pipes, which gives its name to the park, arise fresh the water that is born in the Penyetes, and that crosses through the ditch all the historic center. From this place depart various marked trails that bring us closer to various places of the Agullent's Mountain such as 'Cava de Pedrera'.

Hermitage of St. Vicente Ferrer

Scenario, every first Friday of September, of possibly the oldest night pilgrimage at the regional level, which for more than four hundred years recalls the miracle of 'San Vicente Ferrer', who redeemed the village of the plague. It is built in the eighteenth century on the foundations of the old hermitage, and next to it is a hostel-house of colonies and a space of homemade food.

Fornet de la Neu

Made of limestone and mortar, this small snow pit, which is visitable, bears witness to an already extinct economic activity: snow trade. Topped with a vault, it is listed as one of the 137 snow pits recorded in the Southern Bético sector. Its activity was strictly local, without intervene into the large-scale market. According to the official chronicler of Agullent, the Fornet was already built at the end of the sixteenth century, since the municipal documentation includes the application for snow from Ontinyent to Agullent, as a therapeutic remedy for the plague epidemic they were suffering.





MUSEOGRAPHIC COLLECTION

Molí Fariner

C./ José M^a Casanova, 4
Tel: 96 290 74 72

Hours: arrange visit by phone.

In the urban center is preserved the flour mill dedicated to grinding all kinds of cereals. The 15th-century building still records the traditional infrastructures as it maintains the irrigation system from the 'Jordana' fountain, "La limpia", where the wheat, dryer and mill were rinsed, which preserves all the machinery to grind and classify the grain. Along with the machinery there is a collection of objects linked to life and work in the mill.

FEASTS & ANNUAL ACTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

Easter: The weekend after Easter the festivities of Moors and Christians are celebrated in honor of St. Vicente Ferrer

May: Musical May

June: Photo Rally 'Poble i Natura

June: Corpus Christi

July: Songs at dusk (singer-songwriters night)

July: Wednesday "a la fresca"

September: The first Friday of September is celebrated the 'Nit de les Fogueretes', a festivity declared of Tourist Interest. The following day, is The Miracle of St. Vicente Ferrer and on Sunday is the day of the Christ of Health.

EXCURSIONS

PRV-121, PRV-134, PRV-135

PR-CV 121: Path dels Enginyers - Covalta (16,5km 3h 35min).

PR-CV 134: Agullent – Agres (7,6km 2h 35min)- passing by la Cava de la Pedrera

PR-CV 135: Path de l'Assagador - Agullent (10km 3h).

Other excursions

- The Jordana's fountain, hermitage and snow cave
- *La Colvalta* (16,8 km 4h)
- The Finestres cave (13,8 km 3h)
- *El Torrafer* (11'6 km 3h)
- The Patge's fountain (6,8 km 1h 42min)
- The fountain of the Maciana (3,36 km 53min)
- Agullent stretch: Alba's pathway – Santiago (Xàbia - Santiago)

It is part of itinerary no. 5 of the Vall d'Albaida routes.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Paraffin
- Wax
- Knitting goods
- Elaboration of Valencian balls
- Traditional cold meats
- Wine

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Town Hall: 96 290 70 80

Health Centre: 96 291 9548

Emergencies Health Centre: 96 291 95 10

AIELO DE MALFERIT

Poblation: 4.646hab.

Municipal area: 27,08 km²

Altitude: 282 m.

Demonym: *aieloner, aielonera*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 236 30 10

Web: www.aielodemalferit.es

E-mail: aielo.registre@cv.gva.es



MONUMENTS

Liquor Factory

The alcohol tradition of Aielo de Malferit dates back to the eighteenth century and today there is still an artisan distillery with more than 120 years of existence, which became supplier of the Royal Household. If you can visit it you can try the house, 'cola' liqueur or 'lilimonet' and buy handmade products.

Palace - Castle of Malferit

Declared Good of Cultural Interest, dates back to the fifteenth century with the

arrival of the lords of Malferit for whom it had a residential and defensive utility. Since its construction it has undergone numerous renovations, such as the one carried out to the eighteenth century that significantly affected its structure, transforming the palace to the taste of the time. After the rehabilitation, it became the headquarters of the City Council. In the palace stands out the vertical sundial, located in the square, which probably dates from the nineteenth century and has a low relief decoration of plaster.



Power plant

It operated from 1895 to 1925 and was a power company to populations such as Ontinyent, Bocairent and l'Olleria. Covered in flat tile, it has a tower that communicates with the floodgates, providing the water that irrigates the orchards.

Portal del Carmen

Ancient gateway to the villa. Of great urban and religious value. It is a stay on a half-point arch and open to the population exhibiting the image of the Virgen del Carmen with a wooden partition.

Hermitage

Single and rectangular nave with a closed access patch, probably dating from the first quarter of the eighteenth century. It houses the images of St. Joaquin and Sta. Ana, as well as that of the patron Saint Engracio Mártir. At her feet contains the tomb of María Inés Orilla Castelló, in which she is described as "... Blessed professed of the Carmen, benefactress of this chapel..."

Ensanche Walk

Central park of the town in which you can find two unique buildings: the Old Schools and the Charity Hospital. The first, inaugurated in 1930, of a high ground plant with a central body that divides the two parts in which the students, boys and girls were distributed anciently, all presided over by Juvenal's quotation "Men sana, in corpore sano". It currently houses the Nino Bravo Museum. And the second, the Hospital Beneficencia, of H-shaped plant. This one stands out for its lattice that closes the enclosure, for its modernist treatment, and for its main facade, with decoration of ceramic remains and topped with the

image of conception as an obvious sign of the charitable tradition of the people in the past time.

Viewpoint of the River Clariano

Newly built park that offers you a pedestrian and landscape itinerary along the slope of the Clariano River and magnificent views of the Serratella.

Bajo Bridge

Located on the Clariano River, its existence has been observed since the sixteenth century, made up the access from the town to the orchard and the Serratella. With thick hexagonal pillars and 5 half-point arches, the partition and concrete are later.

MUSEUMS AND MUSEOGRAPHIC COLLECTIONS**Nino Bravo Museum**

If you are an admirer of Nino Bravo, you can not miss visiting Aiello de Malferit, the town where he was born, and who dedicates a museum that compiles his personal and professional career. It is a temple full of personal objects, photographs, costumes, discography, press and audiovisual remnants where "you can feel and touch Nino" as it says in the guestbook. The permanent exhibition collects the objections ceded by the family, fans and friends of Luis Manuel Ferri "Nino Bravo", as well as a large amount of audiovisual and sound material, directly related to the singer. The visit ends with the screening of a documentary about the life, artistic and professional trajectory of Nino Bravo.

Contact & hours

Paseo del Ensanche, s/n
Contact: 654 394 296/695 796 825

ninobravomuseo@hotmail.com
Hours: Saturdays from 6pm to 8pm
Sundays from 11:00 to 13:30
From Monday to Friday the visit must be arranged
More info: www.museoninobravo.com

Museum of local history

The oldest rooms of the Malferit Palace, built in the fifteenth century, host a complete tour of the history of the village. The exhibition is thought and designed to instruct and amuse, to satisfy both lovers of historical detail and the curious who enjoys the anecdotes; both older and young. With an original but rigorous approach, the content has been conceived in four narrative axes, with different objectives, but complementary to each other:

History of Aiello de Malferit

A chronologically ordered route that begins in Prehistory and ends in the twentieth century. It collects local and national facts- they were relevant to the locality, from a political, social or artistic point of view.

Highlights

Selection of the most important facts in the history of Aiello de Malferit that at the time were a radical change in the lives of its citizens.

Biographies

Tour of the lives of the most illustrious characters of the municipality among which we find prominent figures of politics, sport, culture and even popular legend. Characters for children. With a different graphic treatment and accompanied by very short and simple texts, large

characters are interspersed throughout the exhibition in whose silhouette facts and legends of interest to the little ones are explained.

Characters for children

With a different graphic treatment and accompanied by very short texts and simple, they are interspersed throughout the exhibition characters greatly in whose silhouette facts and legends of interest are explained to the little ones.

Contact & hours

Pl. Palacio, 1
Contact: 654 394 296 / 695 796 825
Hours: arrange visit
More info:
<http://se/tours/museo-historia-local/>

Elvira Aparicio Ceramic exhibition

The ceramist Elvira Aparicio Llovet gave an extraordinary collection of works that have been collected in a permanent exhibition at the Palace of the Marquises of Malferit. His technique is practically the same as that used in the eighteenth century. However, her works are not a reissue of the past but a vindication of the same fruit of her hands, artistic talent and cultural background as an art historian, journalist and teacher.

The Borgia and her time

This collection claims the history of the Borgia family, which the artist considers mistreated by an exaggerated black legend written without taking into account the historical context in which it was lived.

The Little Prince

The little Prince's best-known phrase "only looks good with the heart. The essential is invisible to the eyes" permeates the spirit of the pieces in this collection. Because to enjoy it we must involve our hearts, for the essence of art is - only apparently - invisible to the eyes.

Beneiteres

The pots of Elvira Aparicio stand out for their content, for the story they tell through their numerous details. I dream pieces to see and to "read".

From other pieces

Albahacas, centerpieces, latinters...

Contact & hours

Pl. Palacio, 1
Contact: 654 394 296 / 695 796 825
Hours: arrange visit

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

Second weekend of February: Half Year Feast of Moors and Christians

Thursday before ash wednesday: "La Cassoleta"

July: feast of the streets "Saints of the Rock and Carmen Portal"

From 5 to 8 August: patron saint festivities of Moors and Christians in honor of the Christ of Poverty and Holy Engracio.

August: feast of the St. Lorenzo Street

HOMOLOGATED TRAILS:

SL-CV 11: path of the Umbría (6'8 km).

PR-CV 125: la Solana trail (16 km).

PR-CV 435: Barranc de la Fos path (10,5 km).

LOCAL PRODUCE

- Wicker
- Glass
- Rod and bearded
- Manufacture of knitwear
- Home textiles
- Artisan liquor distillery
- Cold meats

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST**Tourist info Aielo De Malferit**

654 394 296 - 695 796 825

Nino Bravo Museum.**Aielo de Malferit Town Hall**

654 394296 - 695 796 825

Town Hall / Switchboard

96 236 30 10

Local police

609 310 888 – 626507182

LINKS OF INTEREST

turismo.aielodemalferit.es
www.museoninobravo.com

AIELO DE RUGAT

Population: 180 hab.

Municipal area: 7,66 km²

Altitude: 267 m.

Demonym: aielí, aielina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 289 71 29

Web: www.aieloderugat.es

E-mail: aieloderugat_alc@gva.es

**MONUMENTS****Urban core**

Its origin dates back to an ancient Muslim farmstead.

Church of the Assumption

Dates back of the eighteenth century, its bell tower is square in plan and has two bodies. Highlights the sundial, included in the route of the regional sundials (Itinerary 2).

Aielo de Rugat's Castle

Muslim Fortification that has a cistern of water in good condition. The thick walls, still standing, give us an idea of the outbuildings of this castle in which Jaime I was ambushed by the Arab Warlord Al-Azraq. From this building you can discover magnificent views of Benicadell, Grossa and Mondúver mountains.



FESTIVITIES

In mid-January: St. Antonio Abad

February: Carnival

Second weekend of August: patronal feasts and Moors and Christians in honor of the Assumption.

EXCURSIONS

SL-CV 43:

Aielo de Rugat (5'3 km 1h 45 min)

Other excursions:

- The Route of Jaume I with the castle
- Jaume I Route: Moorish path in La Vall d'Albaida
- At the fountains: Pasta, la Mollana, de la Penya de l'Hedra & de Ferri
- The Villagrasa raft
- Les penyes Llúcies & caseta del Magre
- El Tossal - La penya de l'Hedra

Form part of the itinerary no. 4 of the routes of the Vall d'Albaida.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products

ALBAIDA

Population: 5.908 hab.

Municipal area: 36 km²

Altitude: 317 m.

Demonym: *albaidí, albaidina*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 290 09 60

Tourist info Phone no.: 96 239 01 86

Web: www.albaida.es

E-mails: mita@albaida.es

recepcio@albaida.es

albaida@touristinfo.net

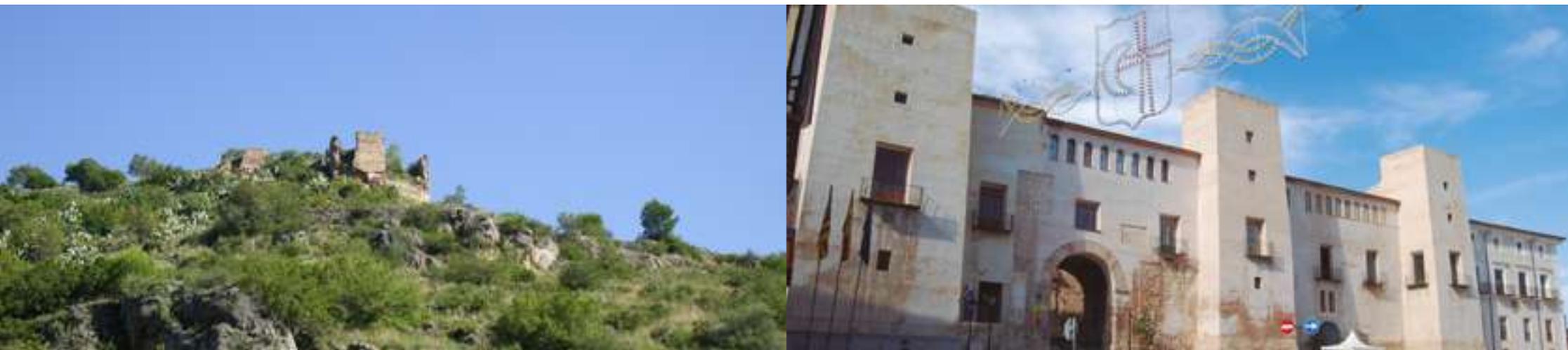


MONUMENTS

Marquesal Palace of the Mila & Aragó

The palace is located in the Mayor Square, presiding over access to the 'Clos de la Vila' (old walled enclosure). It consists of three towers and was built in three phases between 1.471 and 1.610 on walls of the thirteenth century. It is the most unique and emblematic building of Albaida, symbol of the ancient feudal power, now transformed into a public space since in 1992 it was acquired by the town hall. The palace rooms are decorated with

Baroque paintings by Bertomeu Albert in the 17th century. Highlights the throne and music hall, the Christ room, the white room and the Marquis' bedroom. In addition to the paintings of Albert, in the noble area of the palace, it is worth highlighting its spectacular Gothic hall, which would be part of an old house of the thirteenth century belonging to the feudal lord Conrad Llanca; and in the west, between the tower of the west and the middle tower, we find the International Puppet Museum and the Tourist Office.



In 1995, began a process of restoration and integral rehabilitation that has allowed the local people to return a space that for many years was inaccessible for them. Attached to the palace we find the Porta de la Vila, a half-point arch built in 1460 and that closed the access to the 'Clos de la Vila'. Other elements to highlight are: the 18th-century arch, which gives access to the church and which retains some of the baroque decoration of an old chamber ordeal, the 13th-century watchtower on Fora-Fora Avenue and the various shields of the families who have inhabited the palace and which we find distributed by its facade.

Archpriest Church of Our Lady of La Asunción

Worships the patron saint of Albaida: the Virgin of The Remedy. This monumental building began to be constructed in 1592 and it was completed in 1621. It is built on the walls of the old Romanesque church of the thirteenth century and is of Renaissance Gothic style, although the reforms after the seventeenth century, caused it to adopt a neoclassical line. If you visit its interior you will discover works by the neorealist sculptor Galarza, the altarpiece of the main altar and the imperial bed of the Mother of God of August of Pere Foix (XVII century) and various works of the illustrator José Segrelles that decorate the lunettes, the main altar and the chapel of Baptism.

Bell-ringers of Albaida

Albaida is the only town in the Valencian Community that, since the thirteenth century has preserved the Manual Ringing of Bells uninterrupted and daily. A tradition declared Asset of Intangible Cultural

Interest since 2013. Thus, throughout the year more than 3,200 touches, turns and repeats are performed manually from the bell tower of the archpriest church of La Asunción. Work is currently underway to adapt the bell ring school and launch the International Museum of the Manual Bell Ringing. The Bell Tower of Albaida can be visited with a guided tour of the Tourist Info.

Mayor Gate and Barbican of St. Cristóbal

It is the only existing gate in Andalusian times to which a viewpoint or barbican with defensive character was added during the fourteenth or fifteenth century. It consists of a low wall, shaped like a trapeze, that is townhouse to the wall and that served as a watch point to control access to the 'Clos de la Vila'.

The 13th-century watchtower on Fora-Fora Avenue is also part of the ancient wall of Albaida.

Gate of Valencia or Aljorf

With a structure very similar to the gate of the villa that we find in the Mayor Square, next to the old building of the town hall of 1903. It is a half-point arch on its outer face and another corner on the inner face. During the centuries XIV-XV, closed the access to the village from the Raval Jussà to avoid possible attacks during the night. Using this gate came to Albaida the travelers who followed the Royal Road of Valencia.

The peculiar current shape of this arch is due to the fact that in 1601 the stirrups were bitten in order to give access to the carriages of the Marquis.



The Aljorf and the Church of the Nativity

Ancient Moorish farmstead that was rebuilt in the seventeenth century. Its church dates back to the 18th century and is built on the old mosque. Latin cross floor has three side chapels. The apse of the presbytery is decorated with Old Testament paintings.

In the Aljorf there is also the hermitage of the Roser of the thirteenth century, the bassa de l'Horta of Islamic origin, the fountain and the washing place and the interesting set that form the bridge of the Molí de la Creu and the iron bridge of the railway.

Fountains of the neighborhood of Saint Antonio and León

Located next to the roundabout of Albaida and very close to the convent of the Capuchin parents and the municipal market. These are two adjoining fountains, but totally different. The first, from 1789, is presided over by intertwined fish and is Baroque in style. The second, from 1884, has a bronze lion and is eclectic in style. Both have 12 pipes and form a covered laundry room.

MUSEUMS

José Segrelles House Museum

The museum holds the most important anthological collection of this universally recognized painter and illustrator. From its beginnings with family portraits to his posthumous oil "El Pentecostés", a masterpiece of his mystical themes. In the museum stands out the library, with more than 10,000 volumes, and the painter's study.

The Quixote, Dante's divine comedy or The Thousand and One Nights, are just one example of the works illustrated by José Segrelles. This house, designed and built by the same painter in 1943, is currently a house-museum that means a wide approach to the art of José Segrelles and his great figure.

Thus, throughout the house and thanks to the more than 150 original works of the painter that houses in his rooms, you will discover the way of life and the way of being of the painter José Segrelles (1885-1969). You will approach his universe: how he painted and illustrated, what he did every day, what he read, what music listened...

Address: Plaça Pintor Segrelles, 13

Tel. 96 239 01 88

Opened from Tuesdays to Sundays from 10:00 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Mondays and festive days closed

Permanent Exhibition of Nativity scenes and Dioramas

Address: Plaça Pintor Segrelles, 19

Tel.: 96 239 01 86 - 607 20 19 70

Mondays and festive days closed

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Wednesdays from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Saturdays and Sundays from 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

International Museum of Puppets d'Albaida (MITA)

Installed in the Tower of the West of the Palace of the Mila and Aragó, it was inaugurated in 1997 and houses a complete collection of puppets from all continents. It is divided into three floors, where you can find: On the ground floor the reception,

the Tourist Info, the "Nanos y Gegants" of the town, the mock-up of the Medieval Albaida and a small shop where you can buy products related to the museum and the puppets.

On the first floor are located the most important traditions of Europe, Asia and Africa. The eastern part is represented by puppets from Indonesia, Pakistan, Turkey, China, etc. These are ancient manifestations in the culture of these countries and many of them are on the UNESCO Intangible Heritage of Humanity list.

On the second floor, there is a room dedicated to Valencian and Spanish companies. "La Tradición Popular" stands out, represented by glove puppets linked to the traveling theaters that were represented with comic pieces in the squares and streets of the villages. The second room is dedicated to film and television, here, the nods of The News of the Wink of Canal+ and Cuorelandia of Canal 9, the characters of Gomaespuma, the Caragolímpicos of clay or the automatons of the early twentieth century of Francisco Sanz.

Address: Plaça Pintor Segrelles, 19

Tel.: 96 239 01 86 - 607 20 19 70

Mondays and festive days closed

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.

Wednesdays from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Saturdays and Sundays from 10:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Palace of the Milà and Aragó

Address: Plaça Major s / n

Arrange guided tour in advance at the Tourist info 96 239 01 86 - 607 20 19 70

Albaida Bell Tower

Address: Plaça Pintor Segrelles s / n

Arrange guided tour in advance at the

Tourist info 96 239 01 86 - 607 20 19 70



FESTIVITIES

January: festivities of the neighborhood of St. Antonio Abad

February: Carnival

May: festivities of the Holy Cross and pilgrimage to the Covalta

June: festivities of Corpus Christi (as Holy Week falls)

July 25: St. Jaume of Albaida fair

Between the 3 and 6 of August: festivities of San Domingo de Guzmán in the Aljorf neighborhood.

From September 29 to October 11: patron saint festivities dedicated to Our Lady of The Remedy. The 7th is the Feast of Our Lady of Remedy, and from the 8th to the 11th the Moors and Christians Festivities are celebrated, with the entrance and the Embassies.

October 12: Feast of the Pilar neighborhood.

EXCURSIONS

- The House el Clau
- La Covalta
- Watermills: mill of les Palanques, Baix mill or Nou mill, Dalt mill & Penalba mill.
- Trough our mountains: the high of the Cross, the Grossa Mountain range, the high of the Benicadell
- 'Acequia del Puerto' route
- Route of Jaume I in the Vall d'Albaida
- The Borgia route

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Textiles for home
- Preparation of handcrafted wax
- Walnuts and yolks to the fondan

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Town Hall: 96 290 09 60

Mayoralty: 96 290 09 60

Youth Information Center:
96 290 09 60

Tourist Info: 96 239 01 86 - 607 20 19 70

Local police: 96 290 13 56
629 70 71 86 (mòbil 24h)

Civil Guard: 96 290 14 66

Emergency center: 112

Health center "Dr. Estanya":
962919510

Local Cruz Roja institution: 96 290 05 75

AFMAVA: 96 239 81 93

Taxi Mensalcón: 96 290 08 08

Retiree's Home: 96 290 00 29

House museum of the Painter Segrelles:
96 239 01 88

Our parish Mrs. of the Assumption:
96 290 15 65

ALFARRASÍ

Population: 1.247 hab.

Municipal area: 6,4 km²

Altitude: 217 m.

Demonym: *alfarrasiner, alfarrasinera*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 71 25

Web: www.alfarrasi.es

E-mail: alfarrasi_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Church of St. Jerónimo

Dates back of the eighteenth century and shows a nave covered by vault of half barrel, with lunettes and supported between buttresses. Inside stands the main altar, the paintings of Joaquín Oliet and the shells found by San Gregorio Magno, San Agustín, San Ambrosio and San Jerónimo. The door is added and framed by ashlars. Outside stands out its bell tower of quadrangular plant, of four bodies, built with masonry brick and stone

plinth, topped, where the bells are located.

Hermitage of the Christ of Agony

Simple and austere construction of the year 1739. It is characterized by its hexagonal plant, with dome and four chapels. It is accessed by an ordeal of cypresses whose sheds were built in 1961, although the entire environment was rehabilitated in 2001. From the hermitage you can observe beautiful views of the mountains that surround the municipality.



Place of La Venta and historic center

One kilometer from the municipality flows the Albaida River, is watered succinctly by the River Clariano, although with less flow than in previous years; years in which the place of "La Venta", now perfectly restored to be visited, attended a continuous assumption of women who would wash their clothes outdoors.

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

Sunday of Easter: Feast of "l'Angelet de la Corda"

June: Corpus Christi

Third weekend of August (approx.): patron saint festivities and Moors and Christians in honor of San Roc, the Holy Cross and the Christ of Agony

November 22: Santa Cecilia

EXCURSIONS

- Hermitage of Cristo de la Agonía y la Venda
- Cid's pathway - Stage 56: Xàtiva - Ontinyent
- Route of the 4 towns of the River (Alfarrasí, Benissuera, Sempere i Guadasséquies)

Form part of itinerary no. 2 of the routes of the Vall d'Albaida.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Virgin olive oil
- Agricultural products

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Alfarrasí Town Hall: 96 229 21 75 - 618 194 418

Medical Center: 96 224 99 82

Chemist's: 96 229 72 23

Local Police: 676 471 471

ATZENETA D'ALBAIDA

Population: 1.175 hab.

Municipal area: 6,10 km²

Altitude: 450 m.

Demonym: atzenetí, atzenetina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 235 91 61

Web: www.atzenetadalbaida.com

E-mail: adalbaida_sec@gva.es



MONUMENTS

The Fountain of the "Twenty-one Jets"

The fountain of the "Twenty-one Jets" is preserved from monumental public sources, but without flowing drinking water. The fountain consists of twenty bronze jets and a main one that comes out of the mouth of a schematic lion face, carved in Atzeneta stone and set to the center of the fountain wall. The wall is presided over by a devotional mosaic of tiles dedicated to St. Antonio Abad. According to studies in

the area, the source should already exist in Moorish times, but it was the inhabitants of the village of the seventeenth century who beautified it to be the admiration of passers-by of the royal road at that time. Next to the fountain there is also a watering hole that was formerly used to feed the animals.



Old Municipal Schools; Current plenary hall (XX century)

The work, which dates from 1927 to 1928, was carried out under the project and supervision of the school architect of the province, Josep Corte Botín. It was a double and symmetrical classroom, with separate classrooms and services, for boys and girls. The plant is rectangular and the decoration austere, with masonry walls and local limestone for the plinths, the sides and window lintels. The type of four-sided roof, finished in a powerful overhang, and the symmetrical composition of the whole, give a unique and representative appearance to the building. Recently the building has been rehabilitated to transform it into a plenary room that still retains the original roof, made of wooden beams and metallic frame.

Parish church of St. Juan Bautista (XVIII century)

The church was built between 1719 and 1728 to replace an old Moorish church of the sixteenth century, located on the Street of the Almas, on the site of the old mosque. In 1721 the image of the Blessed Sacrament and other ancient images, such as the San Juan Bautista (1652), or a San Roque (XVII century) were moved that are still preserved. The main altarpiece, Baroque style (1742-1745) was destroyed in 1936 and the current one imitates his style. The church has a small parish museum. It is a building of a single central nave, without cruise, with eight chapels between buttresses and with rectangular presbytery, decorated with numerous baroque motifs based on stucco, golden rocks, capitals and entablatures.

"Agua del Puerto" Ditch

It is the mother ditch or main canal of an irrigation system of the times of Al-Andalus (s. IX, possibly before 929), which through its 4,000 m in length provided water to the orchards of Atzeneta, Albaida and El Palomar. Along its layout, under Atzeneta, some mills lined up. It has one followed by public washers and open door trunks at the back of the houses, which allow washing and scrubbing without leaving the house. The walk of the ditch runs between orchards and gardens, houses of the bourgeoisie of the 1900s, and the naves of the old foundry of the Roses family.

Hermitage of the Holy Christ of Faith (XIX century)

In 1708 mosén Josep Gironés promoted the construction of an ordeal with a chapel dedicated to the Most Holy Christ, which was venerated before in the church. On May 5, 1709, the first Mass was celebrated and the hermitage, the image of christ and the wooden crosses of the ordeal were blessed. Faced with the increase of devotion to christ, in 1722, the same chaplain gave away a new image, the present one, replacing the old one. In the years 1756-1762 the old hermitage was demolished and a new plant was built, which would result in a third building, the current one, dating from the years 1883-1890. It is a neo-Gothic building, which is mostly in the interior decoration.

La Solana Fountain

It is a forest recreation place that is part of the Protected Area of L'Ombria del Benicadell located about 200 meters from the historic center, accessible by car and on foot along the forest track that goes to

the Font Freda recreational area. It has benches, tables and a fountain.

Park October 9

The park is a recreational area located in a privileged environment at the foot of the 'Serreta dels Pins'. It is the meeting point for young and old, who come there every day to play, chat or just have a good time. The park also hosts much of the festive, cultural and leisure celebrations that take place in the town. It has play furniture for the little ones, a sports park for older people, a large esplanade with goalposts, a zip line and various fountains.

MUSEUMS

Atzeneta Museum of Crafts:

Stone, bells, esparto grass
Verge dels Desemparats Street, 46-48
Tel. 96 235 91 61 (arrange visit)

It is a museum collection dedicated to the handicrafts of the municipality, from the Esparto documented already in the Muslim era, through the work of the stone (seventeenth century), and ending with the lineage of the Roses bell ringers and their foundry of bronzes, world-famous. Among the exposed pieces stands out part of the measuring and tuning instrument of bells. The collection is located in the building of the old washing place-abattoir of the 1930s, built by the prestigious Valencian architect Javier Goerlich Lleó. The recent restoration of the washing place allows to circulate over a sheet of glass, forming a diaphanous space, in which are held temporary exhibitions, esparto workshops, etc.

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

September: Moors and Christians festivities (second weekend of September) and patron saint feasts dedicated to the Christ of the Faith, the Virgen del Rosario and San Roque (third weekend of September).

EXCURSIONS

PR-CV 222. Benicadell's top pathway and snow cave.

PR-CV 222: Benicadell's top pathway (11'1 km 4h).

Other excursions:

- The Water route: the birth of the irrigation channel of the Port
- The walking tour of the channel of the Port
- Atzeneta Ravine. Environmental and scenic route of the riverbank area of the Atzeneta ravine
- SL-CV 118, Route of the castle and other jewels of the Rural Heritage of El Palomar
- "Alt del Pare Sant"
- In the "Serreta dels Pins & de la Creu".
- In the "Mirambé"
- At the fountains: Freda, de l'Arrier, de l'Anoueret, del Meler i de l'Ordenari
- In the corral of Diego and Penalba.

Form part of the itinerary no. 4 of the routes of the Vall d'Albaida..

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Stone carvings
- Esparto
- Bells

BÈLGIDA

Population: 682 hab.

Municipal area: 17,39 km²

Altitude: 264 m.

Demonym: *belgidà, belgidana*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 290 10 74

Web: www.belgida.es

E-mail: belgida_adl@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Square of the Constitució

Located in the historic center of the municipality. In the square you will find a fountain that was built in 1884 as well as the Consistorial House. Inside this building stands an altarpiece commemorating the first centenary of the Battle of Raboser.

Church of San Lorenzo Martyr

The early church already existed in the fourteenth century. Inside stands the chapel of the "Ecce Homo" of the eighteenth century, with decoration of Espinosa and Oriente.

Old Palace Tower

It is located in the street of the Presó (prison) and although the exact date of construction is unknown, it is believed to be from the end of the fourteenth century. A rectangular tower is currently preserved.

Grapat Fountain

Its waters come from the leaks of the New Carrícola orchard. It consists of a masonry break of precise dimensions for the support of two iron pipes. To the left of the fountain it has been constructed a leisure area.

Recently a path has been recovered that connects the two fountains, that of Grapat with the Baix fountain, becoming a very beautiful environment for visitors.

"Baix" Fountain

Birth is located 6.38 m above the creek bed. A narrow dry stone gallery leads its waters to the outside, pouring down two bronze pipes. To the left of the fountain, there's the washing place. This fountain has been recently restored and a recreation area has been built thus making the whole a very cozy place.

Park of Enric Valor

Park dedicated to the writer Enric Valor. The park has two garden areas, a children's area and an area adapted for the realization of ceremonies, concerts and shows.

Hermitage of St. Antonio Abad

The hermitage was built in 1721 and is located 300 meters from the municipality. The festival of San Antonio Abad is celebrated in the hermitage on January 17.

MUSEUMS

Archaeological Museum

Located in the Torre del Palau, it is dedicated to Don Mariano Jornet Perales. In it you can see pieces found in the municipality during the Eneolithic, Moorish and Iberian Romano periods.

Address: Presó, 1 Street

Tlf: 96 290 10 74 (arrange visit by phone from 8:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.)

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

February: St. Blai, the day of St. Ramón Nonat (Sunday before Carnival), and "la Setmana de l'Enfarinà" (between this day and the Carnival day), Carnival Saturday and that same weekend is celebrated the Dansà.

From 8 to 13 August: patron saint festivities to San Lorenzo, The Holy Trinity and the Ecce Homo.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the routes through the "Vall Blanca".

- Hermitage of San Antonio Abad
- Grapat Fountain
- Baix Fountain
- Freda Fountain

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Bèlgida Town Hall: 96 290 10 74



BELLÚS

Population: 320 hab.

Municipal area: 9,5 km²

Altitude: 180 m.

Demonym: belluser, bellusera

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 31 04

Web: www.bellus.es

E-mail: bellus_inf@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Parish Church of Santa Ana

The parish church of Santa Ana presides over the square of the church of the municipality. The building was built in the eighteenth century, expanded its headboard in the eighteenth century, and finally renovated in the current style in 1940. On the side of the gospel rises the bell tower of three bodies and finish. If you access the interior you will discover a unique nave covered with lowered barrel

vault, with chapels between the buttresses decorated in Tuscan style, and high chorus at his feet. The main altar is presided over by a baroque altarpiece with the image of the titular Santa Ana.

Hermitage of the Christ of the Good Death

The hermitage of Christ of the Good Death was built in 1935 on the old building of the late eighteenth century. The facade stands out for its neo-Gothic style, with door and window of half point aligned, and crowned

by a bell tower of swordsmanship. The interior houses a 1941 wooden sculptural image of the town's co-pattern, the Christ of the Good Death, in whose honor they celebrate festivities in September, with a spectacular and unique procession involving rocket shooters.

Feudal tower

The feudal tower, the Palace of the Bellví or 'Torre del Moro' has its origins in the slender medieval tower built in Muslim tapestry in the 14th century. Built by the Lúria, first lords of Bellús, their successors the Bellví of Bélgida added new constructions in the medieval tower, until turning the whole into a palace-house in the XVI-XVIII centuries. As a curiosity, the building was personally visited by King Felipe II of Spain (I of Valencia), on one of his trips, during which he stayed to eat with all the court that accompanied it. It is currently restored and visitable. From its terrace you can admire magnificent perspectives of the Vall d'Albaida and the site of the Estret de les Aigües.

Large Cave of La Petxina

The large cave of La Petxina is a prehistoric coat declared World Heritage by Unesco. The large cave and the small one of La Petxina, together with the Black Cova of Xàtiva, gave shelter to the first Neanderthals. Proof of this are the remains found and the cave paintings that are preserved. The two coats of Bellús are protected and converted into museums that you can enjoy with organized tours.

The canal

The Canal of the Bellús Fountain is a Muslim-era hydraulic ensemble (8th-XIII century), declared Well Of Cultural Interest. It is a water conduction made of mud arches that for more than a thousand years transported the water for seven kilometers to the city of Xàtiva.

FESTIVITIES

Second and third weekend of September: patron saint festivities to St. Ana and the Christ of Good Death, as well as to the Saints of the Stone, Abdón and Senén.

July 26: Saint Ana's feast.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 2 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida

- Local pathway from Bellús to l'Estret de les Aigües
- The Petxina cave and the Black Cave, declared a World Heritage Site
- Recreation area of the old spa of Bellús

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Cold meat
- Seasonal agricultural products



BENIATJAR

Population: 224 hab.

Municipal area: 11,53 km²

Altitude: 417 m.

Demonym: beniatgí, beniatgina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 235 81 50

Web: www.beniatjar.es

E-mail: beniatjar_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Parish of Our Lady of the Incarnation

Dates back from the seventeenth century, specifically from 1689, although since 2005 it has lived a process of integral restoration that has allowed to recover structural and ornamental elements that had been lost over time. The bell tower has two bodies with a finish.

Carbonera Castle

It is an ancient Andalusian castle located on a rocky hill on the northern slope of the Benicadell mountain range, of which only conserves remains of the walls, some tower that served as a buttress and the cistern. Of all these, the best preserved walls are on the north face. It is built with limestone, according to the technique of masonry lacked, looking for the flat face and even slightly worked. It had a great importance in the thirteenth century,

when the castles of the Vall d'Albaida exercised their dominance over different farmhouses; to that of Carbonera belonged Bèlgida, Otos, Beniatjar, El Ràfol de Salem or Salem, among others. According to Abel Soler, the Mozarabic place-name refers to the exploitation of forest resources (coal production). In 1287 it was awarded, together with that of Rugat, to Bernat de Bellví (sg. Escolano). As early as 1339, the castle was destroyed. (Source of Caixa Ontinyent).

Route of the Cid and the Castle of Carbonera

Spectacular route of extreme beauty and uniqueness that passes through the shadow of the Benicadell (emblematic mountain called "Peña Cadiella" in the "Cantar del Mio Cid"). Carbonera Castle was an Arab fortress that was conquered and recaptured by Rodrigo Díaz de Vivar from where it guarded and controlled the four cardinal points.

Calvario

It is located in the highest part of the village and offers spectacular views of the Vall d'Albaida. It is located on the platform where an old watchtower (the Castellet) was located, of which today only traces remain on the ground. The 19th century Calvary stations were destroyed in 1936, and later reclaimed in 1989, in the tricentenary of the construction of the church building. In it was a huge pine tree that was the emblem of the municipality on its shield, and was felled after the Civil War. Today it is found, already grown a specimen of the same species.

Moors Bridge

Unique area and recreational area where there is an old small bridge that served to wade through the ravine.

Nevera

Spectacular snow pit located in the heart of the Benicadell mountain range, near the summit.

FESTIVITIES

Week before Easter (Pain Week): Septenary to Our Lady de los Dolores, with a wealth of singing and liturgical, which has been held untimely at least since 1688.

Saturday closer to March 25: feast in honor of Our Lady de la Encarnación, patron saint of the municipality with popular "cassoletes" (a typical dish) on the street.

Holy Tuesday: the Salpassà

Second day of Easter: Collection of oil for Mr. Priest.

Last week of August: Patron Saint Feasts in honor to San Roque, Stm. Christ of the Consuelo, the Assumption and the Divine Aurora.

'Puente de la Purísima': Saint Cecilia Feast, celebrated by the Musical Society

December 25: Aguinaldo's Feast

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida.

- Les Fontetes
- Moors Bridge

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Olive Oil of high quality

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Town Hall: 96 235 81 50

LINKS OF INTERES

www.beniatjar.es



BENICOLET

Population: 582 hab.

Municipal area: 11,3 km²

Altitude: 241 m.

Demonym: benicoletà, benicoletana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 283 01 20

Web: www.benicolet.es

E-mail: benicolet_alc@gva.es



Font Vella (Old Fountain)

Place where formerly the women of the village did the laundry and collected water for domestic use. It is currently restored and enabled with tables and burners to make barbecues or paellas with firewood.

Riuraus

Recently Benicolet has recovered traditions from its ancestors that give meaning to what it is today. This is the case of the "l'Escaldà de la Pansa" (Scalding of the raisin) Feast. A tradition that goes back to the beginning of the nineteenth century as a procedure by which raisins are made of the muscat grape, in the lower part of the Benicolet mountain range you will find a sample of the ancient riuraus.

Church of San Juan Bautista

Dates of the seventeenth century and has a single nave with two chapels between the buttresses. Highlights include the classic decoration of the pilasters and the bell tower of two bodies and square floor plan.

If you visit Benicolet during the feast of the 'Scalding of the raisin', you will live two intense days where everyone goes out on the street to enjoy music, workshops, gastronomy, expert talks in riuraus and as not, of the scald.

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

Thursday before Ash Wednesday: 'Cassoles' (typical dish: rice with crust) in the mountains.

June: St. Juan Bautista

First weekend of August: patron saint festivities dedicated to the Immaculate, the Divine Aurora and the Christ of faith with parades of Moors and Christians

Second weekend of September: feast of the Scalding of the raisin

October 1: Feast of the Virgin of the Rosary

EXCURSIONS

- Font Vella recreational area
- Equestrian route, the Mas of Xetà
- Route of the Fountains and the Lime Kilns

It is part of the itinerary number. 3 of the Vall d'Albaida routes.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products



BENIGÀNIM

Population: 6.220 hab.

Municipal area: 33,44 km²

Altitude: 150 m.

Demonym: *beniganí, beniganina*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 292 00 02

Web: www.beniganim.es

E-mail: beniganim_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Church of Christ

It is the oldest in the region and is built on foundations of the Mosque of the Arab Benigànim. In it we find a wide variety of artistic styles: Romanesque Tower, coming from the original church of this art, which was demolished and replaced by the Gothic vault of 1391 and Baroque-style cruise, built during the first half of the eighteenth century where the magnificence of frescoes stands out, as well as manises pottery.

Parish Church of San Miguel

In Renaissance style, it was built between 1602 and 1637 coinciding with the emancipation of Xàtiva and the appointment of Villa-real. It was the symbol of the thought, spirit and progress of the Benigànim of that time reflecting the idealism of the local people. It is worth noting the bell tower, also Renaissance, octagonal base and 45 meters high.

Church of the Purísima and the Blessed Inés

The convent church of the Augustinians, was originally built in 1611 with the inauguration of the monastery. The current temple was built thanks to the fact that the beatification procedures were on the right track and was an important point of pilgrimage, so a temple had to be made capable of housing more devotees. Highlights include the chapel of the Blessed Inés built in carrara and macael marbles to guard the tomb of golden bronze and glass where the remains of the Blessed rest.

The church of Ortissa

It is entirely of neo-Gothic art, it does not stand out for its great proportions, but for the beauty of its decoration. It is covered by cross vaults and oval arches, built in white stone, and as is common in its style contains numerous stained glass windows. Its construction was initiated at the will of Ms. Leonor Ortiz and later inaugurated in 1912. It closed for worship in the late 1950s and early 1960s.

Sundial

Located on l'Ortissa Avenue, this 6 m diameter digital-equatorial watch built in stainless steel and corten steel, has a concrete platform on which allegorical elements to local history and the four winds are arranged. It is the work of Joan Olivares in collaboration with Rafael Amorós and incorporates a calendar that marks the solstices and equinoxes, determined by two unique points located on the axis of the central element.

Hermitage of Grace

In the natural environment of the convent of the Trinity, you will find this hermitage, the oldest of those existing in Benigànim and popularly known as the Round hermitage. Of Renaissance style, it was built in 1528, on the site where an image of the Virgin of Grace was found, and has been recently restored.

Morera Square

It is located in the oldest district of Benigànim, the Isleta District, which has narrow and irregular streets, and dating back to the twelfth century when the wazir Abu-Mohamet-Ben-Gani received this territory and founded the new village, which after the conquest passed into Christian hands. The Morera Square was the main square of the town, social center, place of meetings and playful celebrations. In the center there is a mulberry tree as a symbol of economic progress, dedicated to silk.

Mayor Square

Built in the seventeenth century to be the nerve center of the Renaissance Benigànim, it is decorated with a fountain of the nineteenth century and presided over by the Town Hall, a stone house of the seventeenth century, whose interior has been subsequently renovated, which shows at the entrance door the shield of the village, sculpted in stone. And the Ribelles House, now in the possession of the Town Hall, on whose facade you can see that it was possibly from some important noble family of the town, built in the seventeenth century. It currently houses an ethnological museum and exhibition hall.



FESTIVITIES

January 21: Feast of Blessed Inés

Second Sunday in May: Feast of the Virgen de los Desamparados, with the "Plantà del Xop" (the poplar plant)

August 1: Convent fair

First weekend of August: feast of the Snow Virgin

Last weekend of August: festivities in honor to the Divine Aurora, the Christ of the Blood and St. Miguel, with Moors and Christians Festivities

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 3 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida.

- Hermitage of Our Lady of La Solana
- Parks of l'Ortissa, La Mercè and the Blessed Inés
- La Penya Roja (The Red Rock)
- El Portixol

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- "Arrop and talladetes"
- Espadrilles
- Honey
- Chocolate

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Benigànim youth center: 96 221 59 99

BENISSODA

Population: 418 hab.

Municipal are: 4,32 km²

Altitude: 319 m.

Demonym: **benissodà, benissodana**

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 239 08 05

Web: www.benissoda.es

E-mail: benissoda_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Church of the Nativity

The parish church of the Nativity, dating from the seventeenth century, occupies the site of the ancient Islamic oratory, in total there are about 235 m². The nave of the temple is divided into five sections by lowcut sash arches that gravitate on pilasters of composite order. The arc-to-arc turns are very low, half a barrel. On the side of your feet, there is a heart with a wooden railing, over the main access. The bell tower

built at the end of the nineteenth century, has three bodies with trunks and small finishes, is Mannerist style and is unique in the Vall d'Albaida. The exterior is rather polished, although in the corners it retains the original stone.

City Hall

Building rehabilitated in February 2007, formerly the oven of the Señoría, later built the Town Hall, it was also used as town jail.



Francisco Ferri Square

In this square you can see some of the machines that were in the mill for the production of oil.

Natural setting and washing place of Abajo

The natural setting of the Pelut River, which offers a panoramic view of the old town, is a set of new-floor fountains and laundry rooms with gabled roofs. The fountain, with two pipes arranged on a stone and brick wall, is separated from the washing place. It has two rectangular water storage tanks with stones to wash on one side and on the other side of each, located perpendicular to the wall of the bottom of the washing place. The facade has two half-point arches.

Sundial and Park of Las Moreras

It consists of three overlapping metal cubes made of steel and located on a concrete platform with the winds. On the middle and on two of their faces are the hourly plans and astrological months. The watch works with two gnomes, one for morning hours and one for evenings, although at the near hours of noon the two gnomes work, casting on different faces identical shadows and the same time. Both gnomes are the two lower vertices of the upper cube of the face facing south. This watch, whose structure was designed by the artists Joan Olivares and Rafael Amorós, was awarded the 3rd prize at the 6th Edition of the Congress of Gnomonics held in Italy in 1999.

MUSEUMS

Ethnological museum of the Vall d'Albaida region

This Regional Museum of Ethnology was born as a private initiative by Francisco Ferri Martínez and other neighbors of the town in 1988. It is an exhibition of tools and work utensils, which was part of a typical house of a labrador. The collection is divided into sections and shows everything from more everyday objects of houses to all those objects related to the farmer's work.

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

From August 15: patron saint festivities in honor of the Virgen del Rosario, St. Domingo and Santa Bárbara

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 5 of the routes through the Vall Blanca.

- The sand cave
- The Baix's fountain
- The Patge's fountain
- Buenos Aires
- La Palmera
- *El Pinaret*

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products

BENISSUERA

Population: 190 hab.

Municipal area: 2,1 km²

Altitude: 200 m.

Demonym: *benissuerà, benissuerana*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 30 31

Fax: 96 229 32 37

Web: www.benissuera.es

E-mail: benissuera_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Church of St. José

Its construction dates from the second half of the eighteenth century. The building is structured in a single nave of three sections, covered with cannon turn and with chapels between the buttresses. It is a work of rural architecture, unean academic, of great formal and decorative simplicity. The church of San José de Benissuera belonged to the parish of San Pedro until 1535, when it was erected as an independent parish.

Palace of the Bellvis of Benissuera

Known as the Viscounts of San Germán, the complex occupies a plot of 4,897 m². Its date is not known for certain, but probably outside the last quarter of the 16th century. Architecturally it shows a ground floor and two upper floors, flanked by two towers. The current aspect is that of a squareplan building with a fortress appearance. The roof is made of Arab sloping tile, the loading walls are masonry of ashlar.



On the facade stands the main door, with a half-point arch with ashlars, the bars and the viewpoint; at the top of the facade stands the cornice worked in wood. It has a large and emblematic orchard at the back, which allows you to enjoy views of the Benicadell, although it can only be seen from the outside, since the palace is in a dilapidated state.

El Flautí Park

Dedicated to Rafael Martí Vidal (24-2-1908 to 12-9-2000). Where roasters, picnic areas, play spaces and the viewpoint have been built.

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

Second weekend of September: festivities in honor of the Mother of God of the Miraculous Medal and the Christ of the Amparo

EXCURSIONS

- Route of the four river towns (with Alfarrasí, Sempere and Guadasséquies)
- Route around the reservoir of Bellús
- The Cid's pathway – Stage 56: Xàtiva and Ontinyent

It is part of itinerary no. 2 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural Products

BOCAIRENT

Population: 4.195 hab.

Municipal area: 97,34 km²

Altitude: 680 m.

Demonym: *bocairentí, bocairentina*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 235 00 14

Web: www.bocairent.org

E-mails: bocairent@touristinfo.net
info@bocairent.es



MONUMENTS

Covetes dels Moros

It is a group of artificial caves with window-shaped holes, located in the middle of a vertical rock wall. It consists of about 50 windows that give access to many other caves. The windows are arranged on 3-4 levels, but do not form regular floors. Interpretations of its use have been very diverse: from burial chambers to barns or Visigothic cenobios.

They would correspond to a very precise moment, probably between the X-XI centuries.

Hours: Tuesday to Friday from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Saturdays, Sundays and holidays: from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. (in summer from 4:30 to 7:00 p.m.). 30 minutes before closing you can access the enclosure.



Colomer cave

Interpretation center of les Covetes dels Moros and a space of information and dissemination on the set of caves windows of the head of the River Clariano. The space is accessible to all audiences and by it you will reach the 'Pouet de San Vicente'.
Hours: Tuesday to Friday from 10:30 a.m. to 11:45 p.m. Saturday, Sunday and public holidays 12:00 to 2:00 p.m.

Bullring

Unique in its kind for being fully excavated in the rock, from the stands to the taunts, chiqueros and corral for livestock. Dating back to 1843, it makes it the oldest in the Valencian Community and one of the most original in Spain, with a capacity of 3,760 municipalities.
Hours: Tuesday to Sunday from 4:00 to 5:00 p.m.. (summer from 4:30 to 5:30 p.m.). Saturdays, Sundays and holidays from 12:00 to 2:00 p.m.

Church-museum Assumption of Our Lady Parish

Built on the Arab castle of Bekiren, and consecrated in 1516, it was originally made in Gothic style and subsequently adapted to the Baroque tastes of the time. It contains works by Juan de Juanes, Segrelles and Sorolla, a processional Cross and the Bautismal Pila (both from the 15th century), as well as the Pluvial Layer donated by San Juan de Ribera del s.XVI. You can also visit the bell tower from which you will see beautiful images of the Mariola Mountain Range.
Hours: Saturdays from 12:00 to 1:00 p.m. Sundays and holidays from 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.

Medieval quarter

Declared a historical-artistic set, has a spectacular stroke of streets in the purest Arab style. On a walk through its steep and quiet streets, you will discover corners of great beauty, fountains, squares and hermitages; There are two routes signposted around the perimeter: magic route in green and route of 'les covetes' in red.

Rock monastery

From the mid-XVI century, it is an old underground convent of cloistered nuns that was excavated in the rock and occupies an area of 48 m2 to which two convents of later construction overlap. Inside are different outbuildings such as the lobby, the chapel with decoration in the ceiling excavated in the rock, the dining room in which stands out the large conical fireplace of 10 m high and the bedroom.
Hours: Sundays and public holidays from 11:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

Hermitages of the medieval neighborhood

- **Hermitage of San Juan** of the thirteenth century
- **Hermitage of the Mother of God of August**, built in 1245 on one of the entrances to the villa, highlights the portal of the Mother of God of August, which offered the protection of the virgin to anyone who entered for it. This was a custom widespread by Jaume I's troops during the reconquest.
- **Hermitage of the Virgin of the Homeless**, of the eighteenth century.
- **Hermitages on the outskirts of the town.** The outer chapels are four, and are arranged in such a way that they form a cross with the population: the hermitage

of the Holy Christ of the sixteenth century; the hermitage of St. James, of the fifteenth century; the hermitage of San Antonio de Padua, of the eighteenth century and the hermitage of San Antonio Abad, built by the sixteenth century.

MUSEUMS**Museum of crafts and customs of Bocairent**

It houses inside an ethnographic collection structured in three fundamental sections: textile (with manual looms, machinery and documentation), the countryside and the mountain (space dedicated to the trades and customs of agriculture, farmhouses), and bocairent customs and habits. The museum also hosts temporary exhibitions and exhibits of local handicrafts.
Hours: Saturday, Sunday and holidays from 11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

Antonio Ferri Municipal Museum

Permanent exhibition of the works ceded to Bocairent by the painter Antonio Ferri, for his strong personal connection with the municipality. In this space you can find all the records that belong to him, from the monochromatic plots and surfaces of his abstract works, to the figurative ones that bring us back to the painting of the quattrocento.
Hours: Saturday from 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. (in summer from 6:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.) and Sundays from 12:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. Tel. 96 290 50 62

Museum of Moors and Christians festivities

The museum collects a sample of apparel, party programs, sheet music, etc. from the nine existing companies, and presents

a tour of the history of one of the oldest festivals of Moors and Christians, with graphic illustrations and teaching material.
Hours: Sunday and holidays from 12:00 to 2:00 p.m. Tel. 96 290 50 62

Parish museum in the Church of the Assumption

The Parish Museum is one of the best sacred collections of the Valencian Community, with works by Juan de Juanes, Juaquin Sorolla, el Maestro de Borbotò, Cristòfol Llorenç o Blai Silvestre, among others. A real pleasure for art lovers where you will find samples of goldsmithing, textiles, ceramics, painting and sculpture. This museum has recently been remodeled by the Valencian Foundation.
Hours: Saturday from 12:00 to 1:00 p.m. Sundays and holidays from 1:00 p.m. to 2:00 p.m. Tel: 96 235 00 62

Vicente Casanova Municipal Archaeological Museum

It exhibits a large sample of objects dating between the Upper Paleolithic and the Middle Ages. Most of it corresponds to the Cova de la Sarsa, one of the most important neolithic sites in the entire Mediterranean. Also on display is a replica of Bocairent's "Lleó Ibèric" of the fourth and fifth centuries a.C.
Hours: Saturday, Sunday and holidays from 11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. Tel 96 290 50 62

Cava de San Blas Snow Museum

It was used as a snow deposit, like many others found in the Mariola mountain range. Through an underground gallery excavated in the rock you access the circular enclosure where the ice was stored.

Tourist Guide for the Vall d'Albaida region

Inside are 6 panels illustrated with the history of ice and snow from its beginnings to the present day.

Hours: Tuesday to Friday from 12:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. Saturdays, Sundays and holidays from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m. (In summer from 4:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m.)

Tel. 96 290 50 62

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

First weekend of February: festivities to San Blas with entrance and parade of Moors and Christians. The first Saturday of the month the Entrance is celebrated.

At the beginning of May: Pilgrimage to San Jaime

From 23 to 28 August: summer festivities in honor to San Agustín with popular dances in the Town Hall Square, parade and procession.

Throughout the year: feasts of neighborhoods and hermitages.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 6 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida.

- Magic Route
- Routes through the Medieval quarter
- Route of the hermitages
- 'La Font de Mariola' recreation area and camping area
- Hot air balloon flights

PR-122, GR-7.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Manufacture of blankets
- Industrial plastics
- Metal carpentry
- Yarns
- Cold meats
- "Herbero"

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

- **Bocairent Town Hall:** 96 235 00 14
- **Tourist info Bocairent:** 96 290 50 62
- **Local police:** 96 235 00 10
- **La Sària Tourism:** 635 12 00 29
- **Eurotaxi:** 667 83 95 26
- **Tourist Interpretation Center:** 661 35 96 88
- **Tot Globo:** 629 61 18 89
- **Ragala't:** 96 235 11 72
- **Mercacentro:** 96 235 01 09
- **Oriz:** 96 235 00 27

LINKS OF INTEREST

www.bocairent.org
www.serramariola.org



BUFALI

Population: 179 hab.

Municipal area: 3,26 km²

Altitude: 239 m.

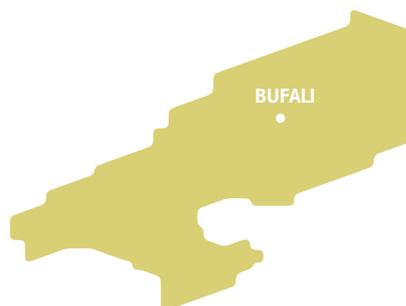
Demonym: bufalità, bufalitana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 239 03 88

Web: www.bufali.es

E-mail: bufali_gen@gva.es

bufali_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Parish church of our Lady of Loreto

Originally building of the eighteenth century and completely renovated the year 1887 in the neoclassical style that now shows. It features a single barrel turn deck and buttresses, with a wide crossover with edge turn. The facade of the nave's feet has as its sole decorative concession the armored door closed with stone hulls. The bell tower is divided into three bodies and rises at the foot of the nave in the band

of the Epistle. At the time of Patriarch Ribera, the village of Bufali had 50 new Christian houses and the parish depended on Montaverner. In 1574 it became an independent parish, on the advocacy of the current holder of Our Lady of Loreto.

The Lloma Solaneta's snow cave

Circular plant tank, 6.50 m in diameter, located on the ridge of the hill. Linked to the slope on all sides, without the need for a platform or slope of any kind. The well is

7.30 m deep from the surface level to the current bottom

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

From August 15 to 20: patron saint festivities in honor to the Virgin of Loreto and the Christ of Poverty

EXCURSIONS

- Source of the River and the Lloma Solaneta's snow cave
- The Cid's pathway - Stage 56: Xàtiva - Ontinyent
- Jaume I route in the Vall d'Albaida
- Route of the farmhouses
- Militia d'al-jünd road between Bufali and El Palomar.

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products



CARRÍCOLA

Population: 90 hab.

Municipal area: 4,6 km²

Altitude: 425 m.

Demonym: carricolí, carricolina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 235 65 85

Web: www.carricola.es

E-mail: carricola_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Carrícola castle

A documentary reference in 1259 suggests that the tower was built by the Muslim inhabitants of Carrícola and Muntis with Hispanic-Muslim techniques of tapestry boxing, but already with the constructive pattern typical of a feudal fortress, with its courtyard and the tower of homage. The initiative was from the Catalan knight Ramón de Timor, who received these Moorish places from the hands of the king

James I in the form of a feudal lordship. Carrícola Castle passed over the centuries by different owners and in 1296 the manor of Carrícola was integrated into the barony of Albaida. Later, Cardinal Joan de Milà i Aragó would move to the new palace in the lower part of the village.

Hermitage of Cristo del Calvario

The hermitage of Cristo del Calvario is located at the foot of Carrícola castle presiding over the upper part of the town.

The ascent to the ordeal, shaded by cypress trees, is formed by the set of fourteen sheds or chapels that represent the passion with Valencian tiles. The hermitage is a small construction with a simple structure made of mazonería and roof deck on two sides of Arab tile. The interior opens a niche where the image of the Christ of Calvary is located, a sculpture of polychrome wood, possibly from the nineteenth century, depicting Jesus Christ crucified.

The Square

In the square, central space by excellence of the community life of the neighbors of Carrícola, we find the model of predominant houses dating from the seventeenth century, and currently have been protected. It is a house linked to rural life, with its stockyard in the back, one or two floors and chamber. Its facades have balconies with iron railings and natural stone supports and in some of them we find devotional ceramic ceilings. The most important building is the Town Hall, located in the old House of Honor. On its facade we find the Fardatxo Fountain, an underground natural birth that the Muslims drove through an alcabor.

Parish Church of San Miguel Arcángel

Ancient mosque converted into a Christian church and consecrated to St. Michael the Archangel in 1572. The current floor consists of a central nave covered with a barrel vault, structured in four sections, with the side chapels between the buttresses. At the foot of the building, we find a high choir, and next to the epistle rises the bell tower of two bodies. On the facade we find the access with a nice door. Inside stands the main altar, in neoclassical

style, presided over by the image of St. Michael the Archangel, patron saint of the carricolines and holder of the church. It is a Baroque-style structure of polychrome wood from the late eighteenth century.

The washing place

The water came from the fountain of the Square, walking along The Street of the Bot. The ditch passed through the old mosque in time of Islam to practice ablutions, heading towards the washing place, located in the lower part of the village. The new building dates from 1955, built in stone with gabled roof, consists of two rafts one for clothes and the other for scrubbing. Neither the arrival of drinking water, nor the washing machines, have caused it to stop using. The water continues towards the main raft, almost square and about 150 m³ capacity, where the irrigation of the carrícola orchard begins, with an organized batch of 18 days, at a rate of 2 hours per water.

Gatell's arcade and At's ravine

Three arcades stand out in our hydraulic heritage, to expand the orchard land on the other side of the ravines of At and the Arcá. The three buildings are made in tapiases, with the ditch cashier made of solid brick, the Arcada del Gatell located next to the Gatell Fountain and raft is the smallest of the three. The arch of the ravine of At, the longest, is structured in two lowered arches of different size. It is first documented in 1348 and is the most reformed by the destructive action of the floods and water fights of our ancestors. The arch of the ravine of At and the Gatell ravine supplied drinking water to The Sea. The arch of the ravine of At, the longest, is structured in two lowered arches of



different size. It is first documented in 1348 and is the most reformed by the destructive action of the floods and water fights of our ancestors. The arch of the ravine of At and the Gatell ravine supplied drinking water to The Sea.

Arcade of the arcade's ravine

The water was distributed from the large raft by two mother ditches. The plug on the right provided water to the ditch of the road of Otos, to the Bottom. The stopper on the left provided water to the arcade ditch, up to the arch's slide. This last conduit collected the excess water from the Fardatxo and the leftovers from the source of the Arcade, passing the resulting cabal to the other side of the ravine of Atzeneta, by means of an aqueduct. The Andalusian arcade, is 10.27 m long by 14.30 m of elevation, and its factory is the work of Vila, with solid brick cashier. It was the beginning of the ditch of Baix or the Huerta Nueva, which after watering the term carricolino, reached the raft of the heras of Bèlgida.

Ametla de Palla

Center for education and environmental interpretation located at the foot of the Protected Landscape of the Benicadell's Umbria. The Ametla de Palla is a place to acquire knowledge to live in a sustainable way. Built in 2005 by CEVA volunteers with the support of the Carrícola City Council. In the Ametla you will appreciate our environment through fauna, flora, organic agriculture and architectural heritage. Other aspects is the recovery of traditional construction techniques, using natural elements such as wood, stone and straw. The trades of the mountains are

represented by traditional elements such as ice wells, lime kilns and traditional crops.

MUSEUMS

Biodivers Carrícola

Sculptural route in the environmental spaces of the Carrícola castle ravine and the route of the Islamic arcades.

Tel. 619 84 39 88

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad

May 8: Appearance of San Miguel

Last weekend of September: patron saint festivities to San Miguel, the Christ of Calvary and the Saints of the Stone

EXCURSIONS

- A walk through the Castle's ravine
- The ways of Water: set of Islamic arcades in the Huerta Vieja (old orchard)
- Biodivers Route: environmental art space
- The trades of the mountains: walking through the Benicadell
- Environmental interpretation center the Ametla de palla
- Melero's Fountain, Gatell's Fountain

It is part of the itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agroecological production
- Land and artisan market

CASTELLÓ DE RUGAT

Population: 2.275 hab.

Municipal area: 19,1 km²

Altitude: 320 m.

Demonym: *castellonenc, castellanenca*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 288 30 10

Web: www.castelloderugat.es

E-mail: cultura@castelloderugat.es

info@turismecastelloderugat.com



MONUMENTS

Historical centre and Town Hall

Castelló de Rugat was a populous Muslim farmhouse, located on the slope of a hill presided over by a castle. It had an important mosque, with school and judicial court, which occupied the site of the current church. Castilian Muslims stood out for producing oil and wheat in the dryland, although the local specialty was the production and export of clay jugs. With the feudal conquest, Jaume I preserved the

area of Castellón populated with Arabs. In 1257 Al-Azraq seized the castle of Rugat and then offered to make a deal with the king, but in reality it was an ambush. Jaume I launched an offensive against the Moor traitor, and gave land and houses to brothers Romeu and Joan Martí, custodians of the castle during the war in 1258.



Parish Church of the Assumption

It began to be built in 1536 on the remains of the ancient Muslim mosque. Baroque style, the interior is built by three naves with cannon vault and cruiser. At the intersection of the cruiser and the central nave, there is a dome decorated all of it with Marian allegories. It has a gyro that gives access to a small named later chapel of the Aurora. The marble altar is presided over by the four tetramorphs represented by the lion, the eagle, the angel and the bull. Currently, it is fully restored.

Hermitage of San Antonio Abad, San Antonio de Padua and Santa Bárbara

It was built in the late 17th century on the remains of the old castle guarded by Romero Martí in the moments leading up to the offensive against Muslims. It was restored between 1985 and 1989 and is located in a privileged place from where you can enjoy part of the Vall d'Albaida. Currently, it is a magnificent recreational area and was declared a protected natural landscape.

Ducal Palace of the Borgia

Built by the Bellví family in the XIV-XV centuries and then passed to Francesc Aguiló de Romeu. Later, in 1449 it passed to the Borgia family, specifically Joan de Borgia, son of the Pope Alexander VI, which meant its annexation to the Duchy of Gandía until the end of 1669. The Borgias reformed it to give it a more residential character. The remains of the palace and part of the facade have been recently restored next to the part of the courtyard where the cisterns, dungeons and old stables are located.

Mosque

Near the palace is the mosque, which consists of a covered part or prayer rooms and a courtyard, with two access doors. The covered room is rectangular with two naves, with six turns. The south-facing alkyl is indicated by the Mihrab, in the form of a chapel. The interior decoration has been made with glazed brick. At the moment you will not be able to visit this building as it is waiting for its restoration.

Medieval cistern

The function of the medieval cistern was basically to supply water all the masters of the pottery taking advantage of the waters of the hill of the hermitage. Circular construction of 1.5 m diameter and pinnacle shape, it is built with stone and mortar with additions of cements and solid brick.

Public washing place

Next to the fountain is the washing place, built in the nineteenth century and remodeled in the first decades of the twentieth century. The raft of the fountain is built in the seventeenth century, to channel the various branches of water that came from the mountains and the hermitage, to a few puddles and a watering hole, and for the irrigation of the large orchard. The current fountain was inaugurated in 1881 although a document from 1574 already mentioned it as a major source.

MUSEUMS

Museum-craft workshop, Jar pottery museum-workshop

It is rectangular in plan, stands out for its construction that has a roof with classic vaults of refractory brick and is a diaphanous space with large stained glass windows. The building consists of museum and workshop, as well as the remains of the archaeological excavations of the Doge's Palace of the Borgia.

Clay jug oven

It dates from the eighteenth century and was one of the furnaces that were part of the old pitcher factory. Although it ceased to function in the first third of the twentieth century, it cooked pieces of great quality and measure and is currently the only one left standing for you to visit.

FESTIVITIES

January: San Antonio Abad, with the celebration of 'El Porrat'

Sunday following August 15: Major festivities, with Moors and Christians parade

Sunday following October 15: Feast of 'les Cassoletes', coinciding with Santa Teresa

From 6 to 8 December: festivities of Our Lady of Remedy (with the commemoration of the Miracle), the Christ of Faith and the Purísima.

EXCURSIONS

Jaume I route: Moorish path of the Vall d'Albaida

Mountain range routes:

- Route of the Font Nova
- Route of the L'Estaca fountain
- Viewpoint of the Àguila Route
- Routes of the ravines

- Routes of neighboring towns
- Recreation area of the hermitage of Santa Barbara and San Antonio**
- Urban forest park
- Refrigerators and corners of Porrixons
- It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes.**

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Artisanal manufacturing of jugs

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Town Hall: 96 288 30 10

Local Police: 661 75 59 11

Health Center: 96 282 99 70

Civil Guard: 96 281 30 03

Emergencies Civil Guard: 062

Emergencies: 112

Child care telephone number: 300 100 033

Against Gender Violence: 016

Children's School: 96 281 30 92

Virgen del Remedio School: 96 282 66 65

I.E.S. Manuel Sanchis Guarner: 96 282 94 15

Municipal Library: 96 281 33 23



FONTANARS DEL ALFORINS

Population: 979 hab.

Municipal area: 74,7 km²

Altitude: 628 m.

Demonym: alforiner, alforinera

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 222 22 33

Web: www.fontanarsdelsalforins.es

E-mail: registre@fontanarsdelsalforins.es
cultura@fontanarsdelsalforins.es



MONUMENTS

Fontanars dels Alforins is a recent municipality. Independent of Ontinyent in 1927, its urban center develops basically during the twentieth century forming straight and flat streets where the parish church and its bell tower stand out.

Parish Church of Our Lady of the Rosary

It is located on the old hermitage of San Miguel and San Antonio Abad. This hermitage began to be built in the sixteenth

century and was a subsidiary of the church of Santa Maria de Ontinyent until December 31, 1953 was converted into a parish, by Mr. Marcelino Olaechea y Loizaga, Archbishop of Valencia. It consists of a ship with buttresses and covered by cannon turn that rests on Corinthian pillars.

Bell tower

Built in 1916 from a tower already built in 1864. It stands out for its characteristic and peculiar blue and white cover and for a

central body with neomudéjar toppings. Signed by the architect Cortina, it is topped by a sphere with stars and the zodiac signs, representing the universe and a large vane that marks the different winds.

TOURIST ATTRACTIONS

Ca Vidal

Small hamlet located a few km from the town center, which can be accessed by the pedestrian road and bike path.

Cellars

Fontanars dels Alforins offers a varied wine tourism offer thanks to the landscape that forms the cultivation of the vineyard and the numerous wineries located in old and historic properties. Some can be visited and in them you can know the whole process of elaboration and tastings of the wines that are produced in them.

Sunday Market

Takes place every Sunday in the Plaza Virgen del Rosario.

Lime kilns

Five itineraries for hiking and/or cycling were restored and designed to get to know this cultural, industrial and architectural heritage.

Peres's ravine recreation area

Located on the CV-657 road in the direction of Beneixama.

Les Piles recreation area

Located only 1.5 km from the village, you can access on foot along the way of the Sort.

Alto del Moro Forest House

Former forestry house built during the twentieth century, currently in disuse, is a place to admire our entire municipal term.

FESTIVITIES

January: festivities of San Antonio Abad

Late June: feast of "Festeras y Quintos"

Late August, early September: patron saint festivities of Moors and Christians

EXCURSIONS

Walking routes

- Via Augusta Trail, Moixent-la Zafra section. Auxiliary branch of 6 km, connecting the Moixent and Vinalopó sectors of the authentic Via Augusta
- Route 1 of the eco-guide of environmental and cultural itineraries in the Vall d'Albaida region
- Lime Route
- Cultural landscape itineraries
- Route to the Moro forest house

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- *Gatxamiga*
- Gold melon
- Wine. Especially the verdil, macabeo and merseguera variety for white wines and monastrell, forcallà, arco, bonicaire and garnacha wines for red wines.
- Mona de Pasqua (a traditional sweet eaten on Easter)
- Pumpkins

LINKS OF INTEREST

www.terresdelsalforins.es



GUADASSÉQUIES

Population: 465 hab.

Municipal area: 3,3 km²

Altitude: 180 m.

Demonym: vorassequià, vorassequiana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 30 05

Web: www.guadasequies.es

E-mail: guadasequies_sec@gva.es



MONUMENTS

The Old Church

On the verge of being demolished by the construction of the Bellús reservoir, the neighbors saved it in 1997, restored it and turned it into a parish museum. The old church was built in the mid-18th century on the floor of what was mosque, transformed into Moorish church in 1535. The plant is a Latin cross and the central nave, with side chapels, is covered by barrel vault with lunettes.

The new church

The new church, located in the upper part of the village, dates from 1996-2000. The interior of the temple is ornate by beautiful stained glass windows of color and images of a certain interest, among which stands out the new Hope, the work of the sculptor Damia Pastor, given to the people by the Marquise of Trénor around 1900.

The Ordeal

In the upper part of the village we find a cypress garden, with functions of ordeal and balcony-lookout. From here you can see a beautiful panorama of the fertile dms that separates Guadasséquies from Sempere. Some cypresses are centuriesold me, since the hermitage of Christ of Amparo and the ordeal itself date back to 1906, as can be read in a commemorative panel.

Christ's hermitage

The floor of the property is of Latin cross, illuminated in a cenital way by the lantern of the dome. The altar presides over a meritorious canvas of the Christ of Amparo (H.XVIII), which the faithful bring out in procession for the August festivities.

Sundial

Located in the place of the old church of Guadasséquies, it is composed of four overlapping cubes of steel and rock. It is the work of the plastic artist Rafa Amorós and Joan Olivares. From Guadasséquies you can walk to the municipalities of Sempere, Benissuera, Alfarrasí or Bellús.

MUSEUMS

The parish museum

The old church houses works of art and merit, which constitute a small parish museum, inaugurated in 2003. In the cabinets exhibit casullas, dalmatics and other pieces of liturgical clothing; as well as interesting pieces of silverware from the XVIII-XIX centuries.

FESTIVITIES

Second week of August: patron saint festivities to Saint Roque, Our Lady of Hope and the Christ of Amparo

December 18: Feast of Our Lady of Hope

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 2 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

- Visit to the municipalities of Sempere and Benissuera
- Visit to the Bellús reservoir
- The Cid's pathway - Stage 56: Xàtiva - Ontinyent
- Route of the four towns of the River (Alfarrasí, Benissuera, Sempere and Guadasséquies)

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Plastics industry
- Yarns
- Marinades
- Metallic structures
- Photo Etched



LLUTXENT

Population: 2.373 hab.

Municipal area: 42,1 km²

Altitude: 280 m.

Demonym: llutxentí, llutxentina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 40 01

Web: www.llutxent.com

E-mail: informacio@llutxent.org



MONUMENTS

The Proxita's palace-castle

It is located at the highest part of the village. It was built by the Proxites between the XIII-XIV centuries. Valencian Gothic style, it has a square plan with four towers loathed around a courtyard. Inside stand out the paintings of the noble plant.

Church of Our Lady of Assumption

Built in the late nineteenth century.

Neoclassical style, it preserves important

treasures such as the icon of the Holy Face, a processional cross and an arch of the fifteenth century, among others.

Calvary of the sixteenth century

Old way to get up from the village to the convent. With a great slope it was cobbled towards the beginning of the sixteenth century. It is currently flanked by the calvary stations.

Hermitage of the Virgin of the Consolation

Baroque style building built in 1772. Inside we find a unique set of Valencian ceramics from the eighteenth century where the Miracle of the Corporals is counted. Also noteworthy is the dome, stained glass and rococo altar.

Convent of Corpus Christi

Set of buildings of different eras and styles. It was built in 1422 by the order of the Dominicans. In 1475 the first University of Arts and Theology of Valencia was founded. Inside, the neoclassical cloister, the swordsmanship and the refectory stand out.

Castle of Xio

From the time Almohade, XII century, it was a place of vigilan and protection. It has a triangular plan with double walled enclosure, three turrets and an albarrana tower. It preserves inside the remains of a cistern.

Municipal natural site of Surar

The Surar is located between the municipalities of Llutxent and Pinet. On 4 March 2005, it was declared, by the agreement of the Council of the Generalitat, as a Municipal Natural Park of Surar. In addition to cork trees, this place has a rich vegetation and comprises two microreservae of flora.

Lime Kilns

The trade of calcinero was, until the late 70s of the twentieth century, one of the main economic activities and source of income in Llutxent, with a more than considerable number of lime kilns spread throughout its term.

Oil press

Former mill of the middle of the twentieth century located on the road that was the beginning of the Cooperative of Llutxent.

FESTIVITIES

February 24: Saint Martin's festivity, the Miracle of the Corporales is commemorated

Last weekend of April: festivities to the Holy Face, to the Christ of the Conhorte and the Divine Aurora, with a parade of Moors and Christians

July 6: Feast of the Apparition of the Cross
August 4: Feast and 'Porrat de San Domingo'

September 8: Feast and Porrat of the Virgin of Consolation

EXCURSIONS

GR 236: Route of the Monasteries (75 km 3/4 days) www.rutadelsmonestirs.com

PR-CV: 434: The Surar, the dry stone hut and the puig-agut of Llutxent

Other excursions:

- Puig Sant recreation area
- Recreation area of Casas del Rafal
- Protected natural area of Surar de Llutxent
- Xetà ravine
- Jaume I route in the Vall d'Albaida
- Route of the Corporales
- The Puig Agut route
- Route of the old castle and the hill
- Route to the owner of the Donkey
- Moorish surveillance route: high of the Pinet castle

It is part of itinerary no. 3 of the Vall d'Albaida routes.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Mesh
- Sale of olive oil
- Corn cakes or buns



MONTAVERNER

Population: 1.640 hab.

Municipal area: 7,47 km²

Altitude: 200 m.

Demonym: montaverní, montavernina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 70 08

Web: www.montaverner.es

Electronic headquarters:

montaverner.sedelectronica.es

E-mail: ajuntament@montaverner.com



MONUMENTS

Parish church of St. Juan and St. Jaime the Apostle

Built during the eighteenth century by Dr. Josep Esplugues on an old Almohade tower and a Gothic parish of reconquest called of James the Apostle. Architecturally it shows a nave with chapels between buttresses. Inside the church, and supporting the pile of holy water, a fragment of Roman inscription of a burial character is preserved. Highlights include the main door

(adintelada and with pilasters), the bell tower and the sundial.

La Sènia Park

A beautiful and elegant park covered with a wide variety of nature.

River park

Recreational area that belongs to the recovery of an old house belonging to the trucker Pawns, who used it for rest while building the N-340 road. Soon we will find

inside a classroom of nature that will allow us to know the historical and natural values of the town. From the Fluvial Park we enjoy a beautiful view of the northern facade of the town (protected), the church of San Juan and San Jaime, and at the same time is the starting point of the Route of the Path by the Albaida and Clariano river and the historical ditches for traditional use of the orchards.

The Convent

Historical building of great importance built by the Monpó-Soriano family in the postwar period (years 40-50). It was intended to train the children of Montaverner and the neighboring municipalities by the Capuchin Tertiary Sisters of the Sagrada Familia and the Secular Amoris Opus Institute. The main access of the building is located on San Pancracio Avenue. It has a unit volume architecture developed on two floors that distribute dependencies from a central courtyard with a well in the middle. In the back has a garden-orchard characteristic of monasteries and convents. The facade is composed of pinnacles and a central altarpiece dating from 1945 made with glazed polychrome ceramic paint with 42 pieces. Floor-to-ceiling windows respond to a pointed style.

The ordeale

Built in 1941 and accessed via crucis. It is part of an elevation of the urban area next to the industrial estate La Cava de Montaverner. From here you can see interesting views from the center of the Vall: The Sierra Grossa and the Benicadell, the towns of Montaverner and Alfarrasí, and the Bellús swamp. In 2004 a recreational area was built in it, composed of a large

cage with beautiful birds such as peacock, swings, benches, grills for roasting and stoves, thus giving the municipality a play area.

The Short Bridge and the Long Bridge

Dating back to 1890, they are one of the oldest iron bridges raised in the Valencian Community. Below the Short Bridge pass the waters of the Albaida River, while under the Long Bridge pass those of the Clariano or Ontinyent. Both rivers then join at the height of the washing place of the fountain of the four jets.

Washing place of the source of the four jets

It has three rafts formed by flat slabs of piated living stone. The water left over from the fountain is the one that continues to the laundry room and irrigates the orchards of Colata.

Colata

It is one of the villages that remained after the expulsion of the Moors, decreed by Philip III (II of Valencia) in 1609, and which belonged to the Lord of Benissuera (Bellvís). There is located the hermitage of Colata, of the nineteenth century, which houses the virgin of Loreto and in which stand out the columns of Ionian order of the door and the neo-Gothic decoration of its interior.

FESTIVITIES

Easter Sunday and Monday: San Blas, with the Flag dance.

Last week of August: festivities for the Virgin of Loreto, the Christ of Patience, San Juan and San Jaime, with entrance and parades of Moors and Christians.



EXCURSIONS

Trails along the Albaida and Clariano rivers (1.8 km 1h - 15min.)

-Excursions:

- Calvario Recreation Area
- The source of Povil, of the Englishman, of Can Blanc, The Four jets and the Mill
- La Rambla
- The Cid's pathway - Stage 56: Xàtiva - Ontinyent

Jaume I route in the Vall d'Albaida

It is part of the Via Augusta

The route of sundials

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Wicker baskets
- Virgin olive oil

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Youth Information Center (CIJ):

96 229 86 32

MONTIXELVO

Population: 605 hab.

Municipal area: 8,2 km²

Altitude: 270 m.

Demonym: montixelvà, montixelvana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 289 70 00

Web: www.montixelvo.es

E-mail: administracio@montixelvo.org



MONUMENTS

Historic Center

Still retains the ancient medieval plot in which the street of Dalt stands out, as the center of power of the old town. In it is the church of Santa Ana and the remains of the old castle-palace. Also elements of interest are the ceramic altarpieces, the fountain of Abajo, the Plaza Cervantes or the hermitage of El Salvador.

St. Ana church

It was built in Baroque style, but subsequent renovations were carried

out in neoclassical style. Inside are the ceramic altarpieces of the 18th century and the mural paintings of the chapel of the baptismal font. The bell tower houses the Anne-Marie bell, blessed in 1908.

Montixelvo castle-palace

It was a quadrangular defensive construction with turrets on its edges. Only one of its two-storey-high defensive towers with ojival crossing and part of the canvas of the medieval town wall is preserved.



The raisin and the Riuraus

The Riuraus are agricultural buildings that were used for the production of the raisin. The grapes harvested in late summer were blanched with boiling water in the riuraus ovens; then began the sun drying on the extended reeds in the yard. The grapes were kept inside the building overnight or in the face of threats of rain.

Hydraulic heritage

Extensive hydraulic heritage derived from an efficient water use for agriculture and human supply.

El Sastre raft

Formed by two rafts for irrigation made in masonry and mortar mortar. It receives the waters of the Fuente de Ferri and channels them into the orchard thanks to ditches and aqueducts.

Micairent Mill

This 18th-century mill used the waters of the Micairent Fountain to move the grinding wheel in charge of grinding wheat. It highlights the water clock used to regulate the use of its waters.

Planet Aqueduct

It is one of the best preserved aqueducts of the municipality, dating from the XVXVIII centuries and is made with Valencian tapestry and cooked baroque bricks.

Alcabor de Remigio

Water mine of the early twentieth century that was built with flat masonry slabs, imitating Roman technique. Capture the groundwater for irrigation of the nearby orchard.

FESTIVITIES

January 16: St. Antonio Bonfires

Easter: "La Salpassà". Tradition of possible Jewish or pre-Christian origin, consisting of the blessing of salt and water in each of the houses in order to protect the house, crops and families.

First weekend of May: major festivities to the Virgin of the Rosary, the Christ of Forgiveness, the Divine Aurora and the Immaculate Conception

Sunday of Corpus: "Els Altarets"

First weekend of July: festivities of Moors and Christians

July: Cultural week with giant paella, exhibitions, sports competitions, theater, cinema in the square and cucañas.

First weekend of September: festival of the "l'Escaldà de la Pansa" (scalding of the raisin). For four years the City Council has organized the feast of the Escaldà with the aim of recovering this tradition of the town linked to the cultivation of the vineyard, and it does so with correfuegos, concerts, scalding of the raisin...

EXCURSIONS

SL-CV 83: La Creueta viewpoint (1 km 30 min.)

SL-CV 84: Water Route(5km 2h).

PR-CV 390: The Penyes Albes Route (8,7km 2h 55min.)

Other excursions:

- Place of the Mill Fountain
- Local products

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Fruit trees
- Cold meat
- The Raisin

L'OLLERIA

Population: [8.225 hab.](#)

Municipal area: [32,2 km2](#)

Altitude: [250 m.](#)

Demonym: [ollerià, olleriana](#)

Town Hall Phone no.: [96 220 06 01](#)

Web: www.lolleria.org

E-mail: cij@lolleria.org, adl@lolleria.es, registro@lolleria.org



MONUMENTS

Convent of the Capuchins

Old primitive hermitage located in the area of The Serratella and dedicated to the Saints of the Stone. On it was founded in 1601 the convent of the Capuchins, dedicated to the missions. In the orchard there is a monumental tree known as the Murta, considered one of the largest and oldest in Europe. Within the convent are preserved important ethnographic collections, as well as a museum dedicated to the Italian painter Escar Marziali.

San Juan Bautista Hospital

In 1880 came to the village of l'Olleria the money needed for the charitable construction of the hospital, moving it to the current site, since the old Royal Hospital was located in the Plaza de la Vila. From its inception until 2006 he was assisted by a community of Capuchin Tertiary nuns. On an architectural level the hospital preserves the neo-Gothic chapel and cloisters.



Sanctuary of the Virgin of Loreto

In 1579 the Domicos founded the first monastery of l'Olleria, using for its construction the medieval hermitage of the Virgin of Loreto and the adjacent Arab tower, which was used as a bell tower. The church was built in the style of the Counter-Reformation and inside is the carved and polychrome image of the Virgin of Loreto (patron saint of the population), and also the altar relicario, dedicated to Blessed Father Ferreres, scholar and martyr of l'Olleria.

Vila House

It dates back to the 16th century and is one of the oldest communal houses, late Gothic style and the first Renaissance. Highlights include the ground floor market, which opens three large arches in the square and in Batle Street and the twin windows of the room.

Almodí. Cervantes Theater

The building was Almodí from the sixteenth century to the nineteenth century and in the nineteenth century it became the Cervantes Theater. Late Gothic style with romantic décor, the dressing was built by the labradors to store the reserve of the villa's rice wheat grain. Here was the actual weight to guarantee the sale. When it ceased to be used at the end of the nineteenth century it was adapted to create the first stable theater of the villa.

Main Church of Santa María Magdalena

It was built throughout the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries so it is Gothic, Renaissance and Baroque style. Built on the old mosque, it is one of the few fortified churches left. At the end of the

eighteenth century he devoted himself to St. Mary Magdalene. On 29 January 1522, the viceroy burned the church with approximately 600 people, who flee persecution of the viceroy had taken refuge inside. Only the entrance "dels Grissons" is preserved from this fire. After the fire the church was rebuilt and expanded and today it is declared of Cultural Interest.

Hermitage of the Christ of La Palma

Dates from the eighteenth to the twenty century and is the hermitage of the old cemetery. Inside is the image of the Christ of the Palm, one of the patterns of the population.

Monastery of San José and Santa Ana

Convent of closure of the Agustinas Descalzas founded posthumously by Patriarch San Juan de Ribera in 1611. For its construction, with modest features, a watchtower was used and currently preserves remains of wall in the orchard.

Marau's Palace (Santonja House)

At the end of the nineteenth century the widow of the last Marau married a Santonja. It was an enlightened and liberal family, related to the power of the time and Freemasonry. Around 1810 an artistic intervention was made to decorate the staircase and the large hall of the palace, following the canons of the illustration and representing a complete universe in the hall. There is symbology related to Freemasonry.

MUSEUMS

Marau's Palace. Santonja House

Ravalet, 11 Street
Arrange visit.
Tel. 96 220 06 01

Glass Museum of the Capuchinos Convent

Camino Caputxins, s/n
Arrange visit.
Tel. 96 220 00 63

FESTIVITIES

January: St. Antonio Abad, distribution of blessed bread and blessing of animals

February: Carnival with 'Cassoleta' food of paw and belly in the countryside

July 22: feast of the Magdalena with traditional dances and human towers, recovered by the "Ball dels Locos de l'Olleria".

First weekend of September: festivities of Moors and Christians in honor of St. Miguel, l'Ecce Homo, the Christ of the Palm and the Virgin of Loreto.

October 25-28: Fun Fair of l'Olleria

EXCURSIONS

Routes to get to know the mountains and the natural heritage of the municipality:

- Capuchinos Convent - the Port (5.19 km)
- Tour of the surroundings of l'Olleria (7,045 km)
- Capuchinos - La Ponta (8,025 km)
- Capuchinos - The cave of San Nicolás (8,565 km)
- El Puerto Trail - El Salido (4,525 km)
- Integral of the Grossa Mountain (16.3 km)

Other excursions:

- Rodat camping area and recreational area
- It is part of itinerary no. 1 of the Vall d'Albaida routes**

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Glass production (visit to the glass production companies)

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

l'Olleria Town Hall: 96 220 0601

Municipal Library of l'Olleria:
96 220 00 98

l'Olleria Youth Information Center:
96 220 08 66



ONTINYENT

Population: 35.395 hab.

Municipal area: 125,43 km²

Altitude: 353 m.

Demonym: ontinyentí, ontinyentina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 291 82 00

Web: www.ontinyent.es

E-mail: ontialcaldia@cv.gva.es

ontinformacio@cv.gva.es



MONUMENTS

Old Bridge

This emblematic bridge was built between 1500 and 1501 by the masters of construction and stonemasons Pere Ribera and Joan Montanyés. It consists of two half-point arches, slightly pointed, supported on three buttresses, the central of which is a formidable foot of keel-shaped ashlars. Its outer surface is chopped stone ashlars, although the railing was built with the remains of various mural portals

overthrown at the end of the eighteenth century. You can see the remains of an old watchtower and a chapel where the.

Major Square

It rises on a space at the foot of walls in what was a ravine later covered to facilitate the extension of the city by the part of the arrabal. Since the sixteenth century, it has been the nerve center of the activities of the municipality, which is why it concentrates the most relevant historical buildings.

The square is presided over by the old Council House or old Town Hall, built in the sixteenth century at the head of the medieval fortifications and renovated in the eighteenth and twentieth centuries. In the eastern part is the Lotgeta del Mostassaf, built in the sixteenth century, and in the west part is the Old Almodin of the sixteenth century, converted into prisons in the following century. Opposite stands out the Palace of the Counts of Torrefiel (S. XVIII), seat of the current Town Hall.

Bell tower of the Villa

It is one of the symbolic references and identifiers of the city, and is considered one of the highest in Spain. It is the third of the towers that has had the temple and its construction began in 1689. The second body and the finish of the tower of bells, built around 1745, suffered the effects of the earthquake of 1748. Its current appearance, with the forging finish, is a consequence of the impact of lightning in 1859 that forced the demolition of the former and the construction of the current one around 1880. In the bell tower is preserved one of the oldest bells of the region, the clock bell called Rauxa i Foc (1563). It is worth taking a guided tour with the Bell Ringer Group (Tel: 626 23 32 71).

Church of Santa María and Chapel of La Purísima

The church of Santa Maria was built between the fourteenth and sixteenth centuries, probably on the ancient Islamic mosque. The roof is a Gothic cross vault, supported on helical pilasters, and the main door (1530) is Renaissance style. Inside stands out: the table of the Annunciation (15th century); the oil paintings of José Segrelles (twentieth century); the Florentine

baptismal font (17th century); the pictorial collection of Vidal & Tur with works by Ribalta and anonymous from the XVII; and the Sizes of Saint Sepulchre (1943) and the Soledad (1944) by Mariano Benlliure. In the chapel of the Most Pure (1662-1692) the image of the patron saint of the town, carved in silver, recently restored is venerated.

Square and gateway of San Roque

It was the first door opened by Christians in 1257 that gave access to the walled enclosure and would serve as a complement to the, until then unique, major portal or the Mirador. It was called the portal of San Pere and gave access to the Plaza del Castillo (today san Roque square). In this square, the basic public services would be established: the seat of the court or court of the judiciary of justice, the butcher's shop, the fishmonger's house and the house of the veterinarian among others. Highlights include the monumental Palace of the Villa (XIII-XIX centuries) and in a corner we can see a house with a noble shield belonging to the Borgia family. Leaving the portal, we can admire the complex, monumental and well preserved, of the convent of the Carmelite Nuns (sixteenth century).

Palace of La Vila

The palace is located in the most exposed part of the walls as a fortress or citadel that looks to the west and summarizes all the historical stages of Ontinyent. It originally had a military character as an Islamic Alcazar. With the Christian occupation it was greatly transformed and its ownership would be shared between the royal power, for the exclusive use of the Crown, and the municipal power, to house the primitive



Council. At the end of the fifteenth century it was acquired by the Blasco, belonging to the nobility, and the building was expanded suffering many transformations. Being owned by the Counts of Carlet hosted the visit of Empress Margaret of Austria in 1666. In the nineteenth century it passed into the hands of the Duchess of Almodóvar. Then it would be divided into rental homes and would go into decline. Rehabilitation work began in 2008 after the relevant archaeological interventions.

Major Street of the Villa

The street of the Trinity, next to the street of San Pere obtained, in the popular language, the consideration of Major Street for its importance in medieval times. To each other part of this main road flows other alleys and alleys full of charm: such as the Church, the Wall, Callarís, Cordellat, Carreró de la Paella, among others. Strolling through these streets is a pleasure for the senses, enjoying the silence, admiring the stone dovelas of the houses, the stately homeowners, some of them with heraldic shields, or ceramic altarpieces. Between the two streets we find the square of San Pere, dedicated to one of the old copatrons of the town. In the center of the square we can contemplate a fountain and a carving modeled in bronze representing the martyr of Verona.

MUSEUMS AND MUSEUM COLLECTIONS

Museum of Natural Sciences

(La Concepción School)

The convent of Franciscan Fathers keeps pieces from an amazing collection. You can visit, on the one hand, the botanical garden and the museum of natural sciences with collections of Spanish, African and American fauna and, on the other hand,

samples of pre-Columbian art, ancient coins, remains of Egypt of the pharaohs, manuscripts and books of incalculable value.

Av. Sant Francesc, 5
Tel: 96 238 01 00
e-mail: info@colegiolaconcepcion.org
Hours: Monday to Friday from 10:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Saturdays by appointment. Free entry.

Museum of our festivities of Moors and Christians

Opened at the end of 2001, in which emblematic and unique pieces of our Moors and Christians festivities, declared of National Tourist Interest, are exhibited. A tour of different rooms shows the visitor elements that help to understand our festival and its history over more than 150 years; photographs, costumes, paintings, sculptures, dresses, weapons, posters, programs, furniture, books and other curiosities that make up a unique cultural and party space.

Plaça de Baix, 26
Tel: 96 238 02 52 - 692 33 01 83
e-mail: museufester@morosycristianos.eu
Hours: Saturdays and Sundays from 11:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.
Possibility of arranging group visits outside these hours.
Admission: € 1

Ontinyent and Vall d'Albaida Archaeological Museum (MAOVA)

Center for conservation, management, research and dissemination of archaeological heritage. It is located in the old building of Juzgados XVII century) and contains a collection of archaeological

pieces from mostly the archaeological surveys and excavations carried out in the region with a variety of objects, basically ceramic and stone, but also metallic, bone or glass, with a wide chronological framework that supplies from the late Paleolithic to the modern era.

Regall, 2 Street
Tel: 679 18 38 51
e-mail: info@maova.com
Hours: Tuesday to Saturday from 6:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Free entry

Valencian Textile Museum

It houses about 70 pieces from the eighteenth to the twenty-first centuries related to the textile manufacturing process, among which there are reeds, paraffin, silver and gold threads, scissors, arabic gum, pieces, looms of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, ancient books and samples of different fabrics, distributed in four spaces that explain the process, with special attention to Ontinyent's own elements.

Square of Sant Roc, 2 (Palau de La Vila) Tel: 96 291 60 90
E-mail: ontinyent@touristinfo.net
Hours: Mornings from Tuesday to Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. Afternoons from Monday to Friday from 4:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Free entry.

Ontinyent Giants and Bigheads Museum

In it you can see the six giants that represent the three cultures that coexisted in the Middle Ages and the nine heady ones inspired basically by american cinema characters of the 30s and 40s. Also on display are the newly recovered figures of the Eagle and the Turtle.

Square of Sant Roc, 2 (Palau de La Vila) Tel: 96 291 60 90
E-mail: gegantsicabetsontinyent@gmail.com
Hours: Mornings from Tuesday to Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. Afternoons from Monday to Friday from 4:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Free entry.



FESTIVITIES

Weekend of the fourth Sunday of August:

Moors and Christians festivities to the Holy Christ of Agony (of National Tourist Interest)

Third weekend of November: Fun Fair of Ontinyent

Between November and December: la Purísima, el Bou en Corda, l'Embolà, the Song of the Angels, the Procession with traditional dances: Giants and Bigheads, Arquets, Cavallets, Veta, Moma, Turtle and the Eagle.

Throughout the year: festivities of the neighborhoods and hermitages, such as San Antonio, Llombo, San Esteve, San Rafael, Camí dels Carros, Corpus Christi, Easter, etc.

EXCURSIONS

SL-CV 9: Castellar pathway (1 km 30 min)

SL-CV 19: Remallar or Gamellons pathway (7,6 km 2h 10min)

PR-CV 121: track of Enginyers - la Covalta (16,5 km 3h 35min)

PR-CV 122: pathway of the Tarongers ravine, old path Ontinyent - Bocairent (10,2 km 2h 25min)

PR-CV 306: Trail of the *Cinquantenari* (22,8 km 5h 30min)

GR 7: Venta Boquilla - Alcoi (Term of Ontinyent Bocairent> 17,3 km. 4h 50min)

Other excursions:

- Chimneys Route
- Air Raid Shelters Route
- River route
- Municipal Natural Area of Pou Clar and Sierra de la Ombria
- Gamellons camping area
- 4 environmental trails of Fuset: didactic, panoramic, caving and hiking itinerary
- Trail of the Enginyers - Ombria
- Trail of l'Alba - Pou de l'Olleta

- Tour Pou de l'Olleta - Pou Clar
- Trail and recreational area of Sant Esteve
- Trail of the Cova de l'Avern
- Trail of the Pas de l'Ase
- Trail of the Font del Nano
- Raboser Fountain
- Canyís Well
- The Cid's pathway - Stage 56: Xàtiva - Ontinyent
- The Cid's pathway - Stage 57: Ontinyent - Banyeres
- Jaume I route in the Vall d'Albaida

It is part of itinerary no. 6 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Blankets
- Home textile
- Traditional cold meat
- Cake shop

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

City Council Public Services: 96 291 82 00

Municipal Archive: 96 291 21 11

Library "Lluís Galiana": 96 291 19 55

San José Library: 96 238 67 37

Culture Center: 96 291 82 30

Vall d'Albaida Association of Municipalities: 96 291 15 32

Vall d'Albaida Tourism: 96 238 90 91

MAOVA: 679 18 38 51

Environment: 96 291 82 29

Municipal Market: 96 291 27 96

PROP and OMIC Office (Information Office Consumer): 96 291 82 03

Youth Information Office: 96 238 37 51

Indoor Pool: 96 238 43 06

Sports center: 96 291 27 01

Echegaray Theater: 96 238 30 68

Means of transport

La Concepción buses:

96 238 03 62 - 96 349 99 49

Navarro buses (urban):

96 238 50 11

Info Renfe: 902 320 320

Taxis: 626 727 444, 609 401 140, 646 969 035, 678 412 989, 667 839 526, 633 212 015

Emergencies

Emergency Coordination Center: 112

National Police Station: 091

Spanish Red Cross: 96 291 00 69

Civil Guard: 062

Local Police: 96 291 82 01

Local Police Emergencies: 092

Civil Protection: 96 238 90 70

Ordinary Service of Medical Emergencies: 96 291 94 55



OTOS

Population: 450 hab.

Municipal area: 11,24 km²

Altitude: 330 m.

Demonym: otosí, otosina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 235 82 35

Web: www.otos.es

E-mail: ajuntamentotos@otos.es



MONUMENTS

Town of the sundials

Tourist-cultural route consisting of 13 sundials designed by Valencian artists, using different shapes, materials, sculptures and themes. Famous artists such as Andreu Alfaro, The norm is not a dogma; Arcadi Blasco, Mud Clock; Elisa Martí, United, ceramic mural watch with legend of homage to the 19th century bandit Mariano Seguí, and the Kitten of Otos; Rafael Armengol: Pepper watch; Antoni Miró: Bicycle watch; Rafael Amorós and Joan

Olivares: We come from the north, we come from the south; Manolo Boix, Polifem; Artur Heras: Meló Soleil; Ximo Boluda and Joan Olivares: Equatorial Clock; Tino Pla and Joan Olivares: Repoblament; Joan Olivares: Pedra de Basset; Joanfra Tormo: The source of life and the Muixeranga clock, donation of the Muixeranga de Algemesí to the municipality of Otos. These 13 that form the route, we can add 15 more that are located by the different facades of the municipality.

Historic Center

Configured along the main street, around which are located smaller ones, highlight the streets of Cristo and San José. In Iglesia Street we can find the commemorative sculpture of the 200th anniversary of the patron saint festivities of Otos of José Sanjuan.

Palace of the Marquis of San José from Otos

Stately palace built in the eighteenth century. It has three heights with central patio. Architecturally it shows characteristic stretches of the architecture of the Crown of Aragon. Highlights include the door of the facade with the noble shield and the top decorated with a row of arches of half point. It is currently completely rehabilitated.

Parish Church of the Immaculate Conception

It is dedicated to the Pure Conception and was built in the first half of the eighteenth century. It is of Jesuit style and has three naves, cruiser and dome in spherical cap. Damaged during the Civil War, it has subsequently been restored several times. Highlights include the frescoes of the four evangelists, the Holy Trinity (attributed to Vicente López), the Gothic-Renaissance pile of limestone, etc.

Hermitage of the Virgen de los Dolores

From the eighteenth century, inside the building stand out the romantic style paintings with scenes of the ordeal the luminosity of which is very unusual. Outside, in the park, we highlight the pieces of the old oil mill, located in a privileged viewpoint that offers beautiful views of the Benicadell. In the same park is located the sculpture of

Rafael Amorós in homage to the soldiers of Otos disappeared in the wars of the twentieth century.

Castle of Carbonera

Old Andalusian castle located on a rocky hill on the northern slope of the Sierra del Benicadell of which only remains of the walls remain.

Abajo Fountain

Located west of the urban center of Otos, about 200 m away, on the banks of the ravine of la Mata. To one part of the ravine is the laundry room and the fountain, and on the other side there is a recreational area.

MUSEISTIC COLLECTION

The Collection of Antonio Miró

The permanent collection of Antonio Miró in the Palace of Otos was inaugurated in 2012 with an initial donation of 12 corten steel sculptures, 2 works with digital graphics on paper and the assignment of the series "Ciutats" composed of 25 works. In 2015 the artist made a donation to the City Council of Otos of 70 works of his (40 etchings, 7 lithographs, 9 screenprints and 14 with digital graphic on paper) and again in 2016 Antoni Miró presented the people of Otos with a new donation of 14 works of his.

You can visit the collection by appointment calling at 96 235 82 35 (Otos Town Hall).



FESTIVITIES

Weekend following January 17: Feast of San Antonio Street

Thursday before Carnival: "Dia de les Cassoles"

Weekend following March 19: Feast of San José Street

From 3 to 8 August: patron saint festivities in honor of the Christ of Faith, the Saints of the Stone and the Immaculate Conception.

EXCURSIONS

SL-CV 10: general path of Otos (4 km 1 h 20 min)

Other excursions:

- The Castle of Carbonera
- The Tormo refrigerator
- The Benicadell
- The Font Freda (Cold source)
- Font de Baix (source below)
- Ravine of the Mata recreational area..

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products
- Fruit
- Vineyard
- Olives

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Otos Town Hall: 96 235 82 35



EL PALOMAR

Population: 571 hab.

Municipal area: 7,80 km²

Altitude: 192 m.

Demonym: palomarenc, palomarenca

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 239 10 96

Web: www.elpalomar.es

E-mail: elpalomar_adl@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Carrícola Castle

Medieval tower of the thirteenth century recently restored. It is a construction of a military character typical of the society of Al-Andalus built by the Moors. It is located about 5 km from the city center, next to Route SL-CV 118 that runs through the Protected Natural Site of the Benicadell Umbria and joins with the PRV-222 path of the Benicadell.

Six Fountain

It is a natural place where you can relax surrounded by nature. It has a washing

machine and water birth with six jets that give it name, restaurant, children's area, football field, picnic areas, services, paellersos, swings, zip lines, etc. From this area, in addition, begins the Ruta del Barranco de la Junda with witnesses of the Muslim heritage such as fountains, irrigation rafts, mills, poplars and different panoramas of the region.

Church of St. Peter the Apostle

This church was built in the seventeenth century on the old medieval temple of the town, although the current Baroque aspect dates from the eighteenth century. Once



inside, stands out the interesting museum background of the parish that holds different pieces of sculpture, goldsmithing and religious-themed painting. It also impresses the pictorial ensemble of the main altarpiece concerning the figure of Simó Pere. At its feet is the bell tower, more than 200 years old.

Hermitage of the Roser

Hermitage of neoclassical inspiration definitively re-built in the nineteenth century. It is surrounded by an ordeal and a landscaped space with swings..

Along the streets

On the village tour we find several sundials, such as the analogmatic sundial of the Astros Park that takes advantage of our shadow to set the time. We also find numerous polychrome and devotional ceramic brick ensembles that decorate many of the houses of the municipality. In addition, we can observe many interesting traditional houses for their antiquity and their intrinsic value as part of the cultural heritage of the neighbors.

MUSEUM

The Hall

It is the building that housed the first consistory of the town and has been recently restored preserving its facade and other original elements. The archaeological museum shows the restored pieces and remains found in the building and in the Castle of Carrícola.

FESTIVITIES

Feasts of St. Antonio

They are celebrated in the month of January and gather the whole village

around the fire, lit by the oldest person in the town. Music and fireworks accompany this tradition that begins the holiday calendar year after year.

Feasts of the Xop (poplar)

They are celebrated on the second weekend of May in honor of the Virgin of the Homeless and is one of the most important festivals of the municipality. It has recently been declared a Festival of Local Tourist Interest. It is a traditional and ancient festival in which the "Plantà del Xop" (the put in of the poplar), the dance of the shepherds and the dance of the flag stand out.

Patron Saint festivities

Are held on the third weekend of August. Highlights include Moorish and Christian parades, processions, costumes, patron masses, traditional dances and paellas, events accompanied by various theater performances and music that set the days of patron saint festivities in honor of the Sagrada Familia.

EXCURSIONS

SL-CV 118 Castle Route and other jewels of rural heritage (6,15 km – 1h 20')

Ravine of the Junda: Muslim heritage

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Mayor's office: 677 579 035

Schools: 96 239 80 33

Nursery: 600 477 392

Sports center: 678 413 016

Outpatient: 96 291 95 41

Pharmacy: 96 290 10 85

Canera: 605 817 841

PINET

Poulation: 178 hab.

Municipal area: 11,9 km²

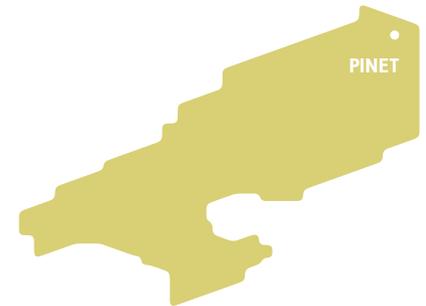
Altitude: 340 m.

Demonym: pinatell, pinatella

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 41 51

Web: www.pinet.es

E-mail: ayunpinet@hotmail.com



MONUMENTS

Urban center

Highlights remarkable examples of civil architecture, mainly in the street of the Church and on Major Street.

Parish Church of St. Peter the Apostle

Dates from the late eighteenth century and stands out for its constructive simplicity. Indoors it shows a covered nave with cannon turn, reinforced by arches resting on buttresses and four intermediate chapels. The door, which was restored in

1928, stands out throughout the pot. The bell tower, which is now above the entrance door to the temple, replaced an earlier bell tower of two bodies with the renovation carried out in the building in 2005. The village of Pinet suffered the consequences of the expulsion of the Moors, and in 1664 it counted only 20 inhabitants. This caused the town church to remain under the jurisdiction of the Dominican convent of Lutxent until the confiscation of the year 1835.



FESTIVITIES

Around June 29: patron saint festivities in honor of the Conception, the Christ of the mountain and St. Peter the Apostle with walks, processions and verbenas.

At the end of September: the Gastronomic and Craft Fair is held

EXCURSIONS

- Protected natural area of El Surar de Pinet-Llutxent
- The Old Vineyard
- Ravine and source of the Castellet
- It is part of the route of the Monasteries
- The rock of Migdia, the Alto de Carpi, the Loma Plana
- Pinet-El Surar-Barx cycle tour

It is part of itinerary no. 3 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Elaboration of carrycot and baskets with leaves or palms.



LA POBLA DEL DUC

Population: 2.547 hab.

Municipal area: 18,9 km²

Altitude: 243 m.

Demonym: poblatà, poblatana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 225 00 66

Web: www.lapobladelduc.es

E-mail: infopobla@lapobladelduc.es



MONUMENTS

Historic Center

Historic Center with important architectural and historical resources. Popular and bourgeois houses, located along the historic center, characterized by a civil architecture linked to the rural world.

Parish Church Square Our Lady of the Assumption

The main building is built in the seventeenth century. The current bell tower was finished in 1789, has two bodies and topped, and has a hexagonal plant. It is worth noting the elegance of

the body of the bells with its mating of mid-point shutters, balustrade and Ionic pilasters. It becomes an emblematic urban reference above all, because it stands out in the street where The New Street and the Square of the Church are located and connected urbanally.

Town Hall of La Pobla del Duc

It is a building of 2 floors: on the ground floor we find the function room where the plenary sessions are held, on the first floor are located the municipal offices, mayor and secretarial, and on the upper floor are the local development area and the accounting department.



Devotional ceramic panels

Are ceramic altarpieces dated from the seventeenth to nineteenth centuries located in some streets of the town and that are dedicated to San Vicent Ferrer, San Cristobal and Santo Tomás, San Francisco and San Miguel, la Purísima, the Trinity and the Virgin of Solitude.

Convent Park

Built from the demolition of the Old Convent of the Minims in 1989, which was built in 1603, on the hermitage of San Sebastian and San Fabián. The portal of the old convent placed at the entrance of the urban park is preserved as a decorative element. The park was built in 1989 and includes remains of two tombstones with benches, a high-rang stage, roof and an ordeal (from the third station) surrounding the central space.

Industrial Chimney - Wine Cooperative

A vestige of the 1940s, owned by the Wine Cooperative of La Pobla de Duc, reflected from the agri-food transformation activity, which was used among other things for the alcohol distillation process. The Vitivinícola Cooperative has been the economic lung of the municipality throughout the twentieth century. It was the first association with a cooperativism character of the Vall d'Albaida, founded in the late 1930s. The winery, with a capacity of 55,000 liters, had a production of approximately two million liters of wine, a part of which its distribution in the internal markets. The cooperative is also equipped with a fruit and vegetable section that markets grapes, persimmons, watermelons and other summer fruits.

Municipal washing place

Located in place of Concordia, it was built in 1930 and renovated in 1988, it is in good condition. It shows rectangular plan and covered with two sides of Arabic tile. The central stack is exempt and large in size.

La Poasa: Medieval cistern

For its origin you have to look for it in medieval Muslim times. In the place that is located there was a communal Ferris wheel. It was renovated in 1877 and restored in 1984 by the City Council.

Refuge of the Pla de Micena and refuge of La casa Alta

The airfield of Micena was a work of considerable proportions and budget that employed around a thousand workers. The Royal Road of Gandía or Montavener Road was raised and flattened for the construction of two tracks, built a command post house known as the Casa del Coronel, and conditioned the Upper House to be used as a home for pilot squadrons and support troops. With regard to the means of passive defense, it highlights the existence of two large shelters located in the Upper House, with capacity for 70 people and south of the countryside, the Micena with capacity for 40 people. These shelters, of similar construction to those preserved in Toro, were intended for protection against airstrikes, with brick and mortar cladding and with two entrance hydrants.

FESTIVITIES

From 3 to 11 January: Novenario and Feast of the Christ of Amparo

3 February: festivity of St. Blas

Three last days of July and the first of

August: feast to the Saints of the Stone, with processions and street dances

Town by town

Last weekend of August: presentation of the queen of feasts and court of honor, and Moors and Christians festivities.

First weekend of September: patron saint festivities in honor of the Divine Aurora and the patrons San Blas and the Christ of Amparo.

First weekend of October: trade and gastronomic fair

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 3 of the routes through the Vall Blanca

- La Penyeta recreational area
- Tarrenet House and Casa Alta
- Trail of the Ronda de la Pobla
- Carrasques route
- Route of military air raid shelters: Pla de Micena and Casa Alta
- Jaume I route in the Vall d'Albaida
- Literary Route
- The Heretats Route

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products: summer fruit, grape, persimmon, pumpkin
- Wine
- Percussion instruments
- Farm machinery

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

City Council of La Pobla del Duc:

96 225 00 66

Local Police: 649 455 372

Social worker, library and Social Center:

96 292 79 82

Pobla del Duc Health Center: 96 224 96 64

Pobla del Duc Pharmacy: 96 225 03 14

Pobla del Duc Parish: 96 225 00 42

Benigànim-Emergency Health Center:

96 224 92 55

Benigànim Civil Guard: 96 221 50 07

Emergencies and urgencies: 112

LINKS OF INTEREST

Geolocation application of resources and the route of the military anti-aircraft shelters of La Pobla del Duc 'Route of the shelters of the Civil War' on the App Store and Google Play.

QUATRETONDA

Population: 2.278 hab.

Municipal area: 43 km²

Altitude: 224 m.

Demonym: quatretondà, quatretondana

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 226 45 71

Web: www.quatretonda.es

E-mail: registre@quatretonda.org



MONUMENTS

Church of saints Juanes

It is of a Baroque period in general, although it combines different artistic styles. The temple has a unique nave, wide rectangular plan, with side chapels between buttresses. It features a single cross vault cover in the first three sections, from terceletes to the cruiser and crashed in the presbytery. Highlights include Valencian ceramic tiles of chapel of sacrament or transaltar that represent the characteristic emblems of the Patriarch. Also noteworthy is the altarpiece on the door of the sacristy, painting of the seventeenth century, which represents the Virgin delivering the scapular. Inside the sacristy we find a fresco

painting depicting the archangel S. Gabriel edged of an eighteenth-century medallion, with decorative characteristics of the rococo. The chapel of the communion of the nineteenth century, in an academic style, presents interesting paintings in the dome, although in a sorry state, and the side murals are from the 60s, by M. Vaquero.

The Bell tower

At the foot of the church rises the towerbell tower, composed of three bodies and finish. Baroque work of 1694 with elements that survive from the Gothic, case of the pointed arches that form the body of the bells, and the Renaissance ornamental details are shown in the balls and pinnacles.

No less well known is the Latin inscription: Pax et unitatis me fecerunt which appears on its walls and that comes to say Peace and Union made me.

Hermitage of San José

Baroque building of the seventeenth century, originally outside the walls of the village on a small elevation. Hermitage of simple rectangular plan, presents a nave of three sections with barrel vault and side chapels between pilasters. The main facade, at the foot of the nave, is shaped like an altarpiece, topped in a swordsmanship and decorative details - balls and pinnacles - of the late renaissance, with a door in an undecorated adintelada shape. On the facade we can see different engravings with information on the dates of construction and renovation (1607 and 1895) as well as anagrams referring to innovations of the holders of the ermitorio (Hail Mary, Joseph and Jesus) as well as a modern ceramic altarpiece of 1961, reminder of the miraculous body.

The Ordeal

This set is completed with the calvarios of Arriba, with masonry wall and corners of seating with stone staircase. And Calvary of bass or of the Dolores with cross of term.

Hermitage of San Martín

In the plain, a few kilometers away, is the simple and austere hermitage of San Martín, of unknown origins and on the old village of Rosament.

The House of the Villa

Building of the XVII century, seat of the municipal government until the recent time when it has been intended for public library. Chronologically it is the third of the Vall

d'Albaida, presents a popular construction of rural characteristics, with ground floor, first floor and platform. Its facade stands out a balcony of the sixteenth century.

Wine Cooperative

It was built in 1953. Your partners are grouped into sections so that you can carry out the specific activities of each section together. The cooperative consists of seven sections: credit, winery, fruit and vegetable, irrigation, consumption, service and supplies. The cooperative develops a series of activities such as the marketing of the partners' fruit and vegetable products, olives and grapes. It also sells agricultural and consumer supplies to partners, as well as irrigation and other field-related services. In 1998 the Coarval store was opened, later in 2003 a new, more modern and technology-built winery was built.

The oil press

This mill has been in operation interrupted for more than 125 years, going through four generations within the same family. Get the oil completely naturally and by cold pressing.

The Old Fountain

Located near the town in the southeast, in a natural area located between two ravines: that of the Fontetes and that of the Acequia. The fountain is integrated within a set of constructions for the exploitation of water, such as: the cava, the access bridge, the new fountain, the laundry room and the drinker. Of the whole heritage complex we will highlight the cava that gives name to the place. One of the most interesting aspects of the fountain is an inscription, with capital letters, which is engraved on a street on the east footboard, just above a



stone with a hoop, no doubt to tie the cavalry; another beautiful detail of the fountain.

Civil heritage

In the historic center the typical singlefamily town houses with two or three floors predominate. We find constructions of very varied styles and epochs, among which are some Renaissance facades in the Plaza de los Santos Juanes (S.XVII), some facades of The Street Nueva or the Christ of the Faith, such as the Baroque one with a sundial and with the inscription "Year 1709" or that of the modernist house of the poet Alberola (S.XIX), among others. In the surroundings of the village we can find numerous agricultural constructions such as stockyards and properties, among which stands out the Casa de la Bastida, an old cattle stockyards restored as a nature classroom and mountain lodge and the Heredad de Pere, an old farmhouse recovered as a rural house and artisan cheese factory.

FESTIVITIES

February 2nd: La Candelaria.

Second weekend of May: feast of Nou Street in honor of Our Lady of the Homeless, where the traditional Dance of Quatretonda is danced.

Last weekend of June: feast of San Pere or bulls. Highlights the entrance of bulls, the release of bulls and little cows through the streets.

Last week of August: Cultural Week Medieval market and typical artisanal products of Quatretonda.

First weekend of September: patron saint festivities or September, with artistic **Paper floats. Around October 21:** Villa Day, anniversary feast of the founding of the village of Quatretonda. And since 2018 are

celebrated the festivities of Moors and Christians.

November 11: Feast of Saint Martin, the village goes in pilgrimage to the hermitage to bless and eat the typical cakes of San Martín.

December 8 and Christmas parties: Christmas Market

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 3 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida

SL-CV 39: Umbría de Torrella (5km 1h 30min)

PR-CV 172: Quatretonda mountaing range (18km 4h)

Other excursions:

- Buscarró's Mountain
- Refrigerator of the Talaia
- The Old Fountain
- The stockyards of Quatretonda
- La Bastida
- The Pla dels Engolidors
- Crosses of the municipality
- Paths of l'Escaló, Cossis, l'Avenc, les caigudes de Pinet and the ravine of the rabbits.

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products
- Oil, wine, honey and cheese
- Cold meat

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Quatretonda Town Hall: 96 226 45 71

Public Library: 96 226 42 06

EL RÀFOL DE SALEM

Population: 460 hab.

Municipal area: 4,39 km²

Altitude: 298 m.

Demonym: rafolí, rafolina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 281 30 72

Web: www.rafoldesalem.es

E-mail: ajuntament@rafoldesalem.org



MONUMENTS

Historic center

The historic part of the municipality consists of streets with typical houses characteristic of Mediterranean architecture, houses of labriegos and potters, mainly decorated with forging balconies, worked wooden doors, artistic aldabas, devotional ceilings, sundials and roof overhangs adorned with painted ceramic bricks. The central point is made up of the Town Hall Square, where the town building stands. The tourist can start from there the tour to reach the most emblematic streets, streets in memory of the old potters, squares and streets that house gardening, religious images and valuable ancient pieces.

Church of Our Lady of Angels

A new building built between 1748-1760, after the Montesa earthquake, on the remains of the ancient Muslim mosque and the Christian temple of 1535. The current building is neoclassical in style and features a Latin cross floor plan. Inside, it retains a canvas of San Blas and San Francisco from the eighteenth century and a large display of religious goldsmithing. The last works have constituted a pictorial reform of the interior of the temple.

Hermitage of San Blas

A building originating in the fifteenth century erected following the discovery



of the image of San Blas in 1430 and renovated in the following centuries. From there, you can see a panoramic view of the municipality and the region. The last restoration of the building took place in 1981 and its state of conservation remains optimal. In the same environment, there is Calvary. A place of worship dating back to the years 1879-1889. It is a cross road of buildings decorated by Valencian tiles.

Washing place

It is located at the entrance of the village. It has a stack of 9.4 m in length by 2 wide. It is supplied with the water from the mother ditch of the Cantal Fountain. It was formerly uncovered, but in 1916 the neighbours paid for the cover. On the facade, there is a plaque with a ceramic panel illustrating several women washing. An activity that continued to live until the late 90s.

Abajo Mill

The site of the mill is moorish-era, but the casal molinar dates from the eighteenth century and was built on the initiative of the lord of the Ràfol and the Hoya de Salem, the Marquis of Bèlgida. This mill was acquired and rehabilitated by the city council in 2000-2001. It currently works for the enjoyment of the many schoolchildren and general public who visit it.

MUSEUMS

Oil Museum: El Salvador oil press

The old mill is testament to old trades, now recovered in the form of an ethnographic museum. A museum collection that explains step by step and illustrated as was the production of olive oil in the old. It is the only museum of these characteristics in the region of Vall d'Albaida.

C/ Gerreria, 24
46843 El Ràfol de Salem
Tel.: 96 281 30 72
Hours: Arrange visit by phone

FESTIVITIES

First weekend of February: festivities in honor of San Blas, with the "Porrat", blessing and spreading bread to the neighborhood.

Week of August 6: patron saint festivities dedicated to St. Thomas, the Divine Saviour, the Divine Aurora and the Divine Shepherd.

September 21: The miracle in honor of the Divine Savior.

EXCURSIONS

PR-CV 213: Beniatjar – El Ràfol de Salem-Benicadell's top (15,6 km 6h)

Other excursions:

- Hermitage of San Blas (camping area very close)
- The mill of Baix
- Carrascalet recreation area, with paellers and playground

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Manufacture of tiles and bricks in centers where jugs were previously made
- Oil
- Agricultural products

RUGAT

Population: 180 hab.

Municipal area: 3,1 km²

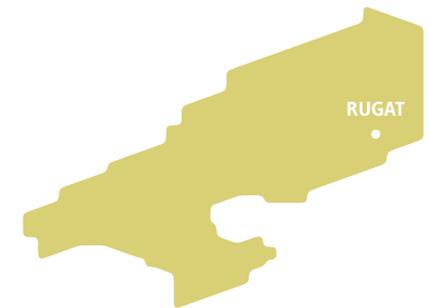
Altitude: 300 m.

Demonym: rugatí, rugatina

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 281 30 10

Web: www.rugat.es

E-mail: rugat_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Historic Centre

Clearly linked to agricultural and livestock activities.

Rugat Palace

With a simple structure, with Arabic tile roof and Freemasonry walls, it is inhabited and in very good condition.

Parish church of Our Lady of Grace

It is neoclassical in the early nineteenth century. Inside stands the political altarpiece of 12 tables attributed to Ribera, a Christ of the sixteenth century and an oil painting of the school of Juan de Juanes. Outside a devotional ceiling of Our Lady of Grace.



FESTIVITIES

Around January 17: St. Antonio Abad

June 25: Corpus Christi

Last week of July: festivities dedicated to San Bernardino, with parades, festivals, cordà and processions.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida.

SL-CV 44: pathway of the sources of Rugat (2,7 km 1h 50min).

Other excursions:

- The ravine of the sources
- The Rugat mill

Jaume I route: Moorish path of the Vall d'Albaida

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products

SALEM

Population: 435 hab.

Municipal area: 8,6 km²

Altitude: 350 m.

Demonym: salemer, salemera

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 281 33 31

Web: www.salem.es

E-mail: ajuntament@salem.es



MONUMENTS

Parish Church of St. Michael the Archangel

The presbytery occupies the site of the old Islamic mosque, converted into a church in 1521, seat of vicarage in 1534 and parish seat in 1600. After the expulsion of the Moors in 1609, the repopulators dedicated it to Santa Maria del Rosal in 1611 and to St. Michael the Archangel in 1694.

The Moorish building was replaced in the years 1720-1728 approximately, by a new presbytery, with the cruiser and the first two side chapels of the nave. In the mid-18th century the bell tower was built at the foot of the nave. Throughout the 17th and 18th centuries, the temple did not cease to

be enriched with new ornaments, some of which came from outside. For example, the canvas of St. Thomas of Villanueva, which came from the convent of the Augustines of Xativa (June 26, 1784) or the Rococo altarpiece of San Vicente Ferrer, which the Marquises of Bélgida -baroness of Salembrought to La Seu de Valencia, where they had retired it as obsolete (1790). The continuation of the church by the academic architect Fray Vicent Cuenca, director of the works of La Seu de Xativa, marked the completion of the nave (1816-1821), with the six side chapels, the austere base of adintelada door that we see now, and the buttresses that separate.



Annexes to the church are the bell tower, the work of the mid-XVIII century, and the body of bells, decorated by an austere decoration of smooth Doric pilasters..

Castle of the Barcella

Of the XII century, which occupies the top or grinding wheel of the elevation of the land of the place of Barcella. The trees were called Almaraién, that is, hisn Al-Marsyyn, castles of the Two Bonfires or the Two Signs of Fire, according to the archaeologists of the Centre for Answering Studies who have analyzed it carefully. All fragments of medieval ceramics collected on the surface around the castle, give a Muslim chronology, belonging to the XII-XIII centuries.

Hydraulic heritage

Salem's hydraulic heritage is well represented by ditches, water mines, rafts, arcades and mills. The most interesting element is undoubtedly the elca raft, known as the Roman raft, whose work is characterized by being the typical Hispanic-Muslim water mine, excavated in the rock until it captures the birth (40 m tunnel), with three vents or vertical wells that facilitate its access to the interior and scrubbing operations. The raft from which the water was drawn is unused since the collapses of the deluge of 1884. In its time it basically fulfilled the function of providing irrigation water to the orchards of the Islamic farmhouses of Benigervi (the houses of Monxerevi) and Elca (the houses of Elca). Today there is a route showing the hydraulic richness of the Salem Hoya: The Inheritance of Muslim Irrigation: The Source and Raft of Elca (SL-CV 140).

Mill of the Fountain of the Cantal

It is a house of great place, which was owned by the Marquises of B.Lgida, the Bellví, last lords of the barony of the Hoya de Salem. A raft allowed the vertical well to be filled, from where the press-pressure water fell on one or two sets of teeth that were: one for wheat and the other for corn. Although only one tooth worked recently, it stopped grinding for good in 1962.

Mill bridge

On the very side of the mill there is a bridge, the Mill Bridge, with picturesque invoice: a half-point arch through which you cross the ravine of the cantal fountain. It is one of the old bridges (probably of the eighteenth century, like the mill) of greatest landscape spell of the entire Vall d'Albaida.

Fountain and washing place of Poet

A the other part of the village, in the ravine of the Fountain, are located other interesting elements of the rich hydraulic heritage of Salem: the fountain and the washing machine of the Poet, the well of the Fountain of the People or the irrigation rafts of the ravine, among others. Most of these elements date from Moorish times (X to 16th centuries), but there are many remades with modern times, such as the New Raft, or contemporary. The current washer, for example, date 1969.

Refrigerators

The fridges, so important in the XVII-XIX centuries. These are monumental stone constructions, wells dug in the mountains, reinforced and covered in some cases, which served the speculative interests of ice traders. The neveros were day laborers or salem smugglers who collected and

compacted the winter snow and, when summer came, they sold it in Xativa or in the Ribera del Júcar. Behind them used to be some foreign capitalist, who paid the day laborers to collect the snow and organized the distribution of the product.

In Salem (Hoya de Salem) term, six wells or cavas would formerly be known, some of which are still conserved, among well-made fridges and simple holes: the fridge of the Castellet (or the Barcella), the Pajar, the one of the Frontó (or miguel 'de Peronés'), that of the Camino de Castellón, the Camino del Puerto (or uncle 'Pepe') and the hole of the pla de la Sith (or the Some of them are filled in, the rest have been eaten, photographed and carefully catalogued by experts. The best known and visited are the large fridges of the Castellet (or the Bercella) and the Paller, which make up the route of the neveros trail from Salem to Bercella (SL-CV 122).

Sundial

Work of the Joan Olivares quadrant, located in the Parque de los Algarrobos.

Town Hall

It occupies the old lot of the House of the Lordship, and presents elements characteristic of traditional architecture such as iron forging bars.

Devotional ceiling lights

A series of ceramic panels with devotional motifs from the 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th centuries stand out from the historic center of the municipality.

FESTIVITIES

January 17: St. Antonio Abad.

Second week of July: Moors and Christians festivities and feast of the Fadrins of Our Lady of the Rosary and the Divine Aurora.

September: Patronal festivities, festivities **of the Miracle of St. Miguel:** on the first day the Christ of Peace, the second day the Miracle and the third day St. Roque.

29 September: Feast of the patron saint of the people, St. Miguel.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary No. 4 of the routes through the Vall d'Albaida.

SL-CV 122: Trail of the Salem's nevaters to Barcella (5,3 km 2h 30min)

SL-CV 140: The inheritance of the Muslim irrigation of the source and the Elca raft (3.6 km 1h 30min)

Other excursions:

- Camping area and recreational area of the fountain of Elca (Roman raft and alcabor)
- Source of La Barcella and Castellet
- Ravine of the Caves
- Cave del Frontó and of La Sima
- Cantal Source and Salem Mill

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Fruit
- Knitwear
- Textile products
- Beverage packaging

TELEPHONES OF INTEREST

Town Hall Phone: 96 281 33 31

SEMPERE

Population: 35 hab.

Municipal area: 3,8 km²

Altitude: 250 m.

Demonym: *santperenc*, *santperenca*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 229 30 54

E-mail: sempere.secretaria@cv.gva.es



MONUMENTS

Parish Church of San Pedro

Of the eighteenth century, it is neoclassical style. This temple shows a five-stage nave covered by a cannon vault on pilasters that make buttresses. Highlights include the cap on the cruiser with paintings alluding to the Basilica of San Pietro of Rome, using the technique of the trapdoor (which deceives the eye, using perspective and depth), the lintelated door and the bell tower of two bodies. This church maintains a close relationship with the Vatican of Rome.

Historic Center

Highlights the civil houses of the eighteenth century and St. Peter's Square in a trapezoidal way. Winery and patio of the rural house El Caserón Of the eighteenth

century, with the legend of the three sisters not maridadas.

Cellar and patio of the rural house El Caseron

From the 18th century, with the legend of the three unmarried sisters.

FESTIVITIES

About February 3rd: Patron saint festivities of San Blas, with bonfires, walkways, procession and distribution of bread rolls.

EXCURSIONS

It is part of itinerary No. 2 of the routes through the Vall blanca.

- Excursions through the Dam of Bellús on the bank of the Albaida River.
- Route of the 4 villages of the River (Alfarrasí, Benissuera, Sempere and Guadasséquies)

TERRATEIG

Population: 280 hab.

Municipal area: 6,3 km²

Altitude: 250 m.

Demonym: *terrategí*, *terrategina*

Town Hall Phone no.: 96 288 70 76

Web: www.terrateig.es

E-mail: terrateig_alc@gva.es



MONUMENTS

Church of San Juan Bautista

Its construction dates from the eighteenth century, although it was redecorated in neoclassical style in the first half of the nineteenth century.

Palace

Originally built in the thirteenth century, today it is restored.

Devotional ceramic panel

On the streets of Terrateig is a devotional ceramic panel dedicated to San Vicente Ferrer.

Riu Rau

The Riu Rau, located in Casa Llinares, Morenet, is a sample of popular architecture.



Hermitage of San Vicente Ferrer

One of the barons of Terrateig decided to perpetuate the memory of Saint Vincent by building this hermitage in 1410. The first stone was laid on April 7, 1883.

Washing place

It supplies the water from the birth of the Micairent Fountain of Montitxelvo.

FESTIVITIES

Near the following Monday of Easter:

Festivities dedicated to San Vicente Ferrer, with passageways, processions, verbenas and pilgrimage to the hermitage.

EXCURSIONS

- Sources: San Vicente Ferrer, Refrigerator, Llaunaix, Llop i Vidal
- Recreation area of Pla de les Fontetes
- Tossal del Morquí
- Moorish ravine of l'Arcà

It is part of itinerary no. 4 of the Vall d'Albaida routes..

LOCAL PRODUCTS

- Agricultural products

**The Vall d'Albaida
in 96 hours**



The Vall d'Albaida in 96 horas

Enjoy it with five senses

Traveling is a pleasure and becoming a traveler is an adventure. There are many reasons to start a journey: discover the historical-cultural heritage, meeting new people, enjoying the landscapes, the surroundings, the gastronomy, the aroma, the taste, the party ... Or reunite with all of them.

Each of the 34 municipalities that make up the Vall d'Albaida deserve a mandatory stop, but many times time limits our tourist plans. For this reason we suggest a smaller version of the region, although, of course, a stop in the rest of towns would be pending. Even though it would take a month to fully enjoy the region, we have tried to gather the essence of the region prioritizing the municipalities that stand out for their history, culture, nature and art.

It is an exciting itinerary that covers 6 municipalities of great historical, cultural, natural and artistic value. Through this temporalization we intend that the traveler knows all the heritage and discovers a unique experience never lived until now.

We have chosen these municipalities because, in addition to offering a greater number of tourist resources, they have a tourist guide that enriches the visit. In this sense, for the realization it will be convenient to arrange the guided visits, either in the town halls or in specialized tourist companies.

The Vall in 96 horas

1st day: [Bocairent \(24 h\)](#)

2nd day: [Ontinyent \(48 h\)](#)

3rd day: [Albaida and Aielo de Malferit \(72 h\)](#)

4th day: [Llutxent and Otos \(96 h\)](#)

The Vall d'Albaida in 24 horas

Bocairent: the colour of the history

Witness to the existence of two cultures: medieval and muslim.

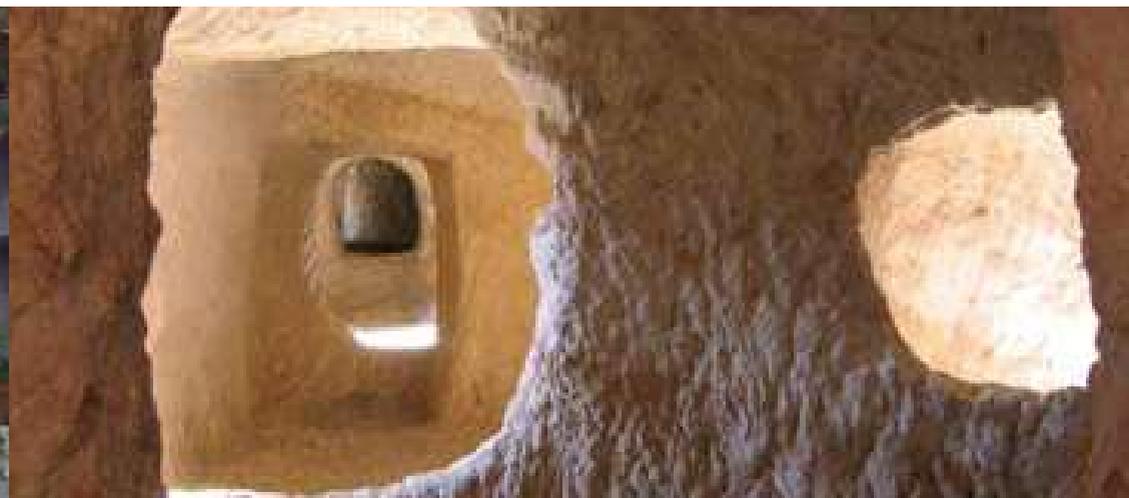
10:00 a.m. Medieval quarter. Declared an Artistic-Historical Site, it has a peculiar layout of streets in the purest Arabian style, stairs carved into the rock, fountains, small squares and alleys. When walking through the quarter you have to sharpen all the senses so as not to miss any detail, so it is recommended, for example, to pay attention in both parts of the streets and perceive the difference between the two cultures.

11:30 a.m. Bullring. It is the oldest in the Valencian Community and is carved out of rock in 1843.

12:00 p.m. Museum of Archeology (96 290 50 62). It displays a large sample of objects dated between the Upper Paleolithic and the Middle Ages, all found in the municipality. Parish Museum in the Church of the Assumption.

1:00 p.m. Church of the Assumption. It dates from the XVI century and brings together the main characteristics of Valencian art from the Gothic to the nineteenth century. Depending on the time of year, you can eat at the restaurants of the municipality and try the exquisite local cuisine or choose the Mariola campsite, where in addition to eating at the restaurant in contact with nature, you can do a little exercise in the surroundings to the Mariola fountain and the Mariola Mountain range sites. This environment is a paradise for lovers of hiking. After breathing the pure and fresh air of the mountains, you can continue the visit towards:

4:30 p.m. The Moorish caves. It is a group of artificial caves with window-shaped holes (fifty in total) that they give access to as many dependencies. Caving can be practiced in the interior of the mountain.



6:00 p.m. The San Blas ice cave. Old snow deposit located in the northern part of the medieval quarter, inside which six illustrative panels with the history of ice and snow are exposed.

7:00 p.m. The cave monastery: old underground convent carved out of the rock. In addition, in this municipality the traveler can hire multi-adventure activities: balloon rides, guided tours, hiking trails, cycle routes or horse riding activities, among others. The Town Hall Square stands out, a good place to have a drink in the cafes and bars located inside the caves.



The Vall d'Albaida in 48 horas

A walk around Ontinyent

The textile capital and the bridge to the tourist industry.

Continuing our trip, there is nothing better than approaching Ontinyent, the capital of the region, and strolling through the streets of the medieval town and discovering:

10:00 a.m. The Vila. Declared National Artistic-Historical Site in 1974, it preserves one of the most representative medieval ensembles in the Valencian lands, qualitatively and quantitatively. With a walk through its narrow alleys and alleys we will discover its charms. For lovers of civil buildings, a visit to the palaces and stately homes is recommended: Palau de la Vila, Casa del Cosell or old Town Hall, Palace of the Torrefiel's Count, Puig's House, Palace of the Barons of Saint Bárbara, etc.

11:30 a.m. Church and bell tower of Saint María. The church, which dates from the 14th to the 17th centuries, occupies the place where, after the Christian occupation, a first temple was built, probably on the Islamic mosque. It highlights the Renaissance door and inside the three Gothic turns, José Segrelles' oils and Mariano Benlliure's sculptures. The bell tower, considered the highest in the Valencian Community, is one of the symbolic references and identifiers of the city. As an adjoining room we find the Chapel of La Purísima, from the 17th century.

1:00 p.m. Archaeological Museum of Ontinyent and the Vall d'Albaida (MAOVA) (96 291 19 55). Attached to the medieval wall, it occupies the premises that belonged to the old almudín -place where wheat was stored- and courthouses of the town of Ontinyent, at the same foot of Saint María's church. Inside you can see a room dedicated



to Prehistory, another from Ibero-Roman times and finally a medieval one. To calm hunger it is recommended to try the typical and traditional sausages in the restaurants of the municipality or to have a picnic in the area of Pou Clar, where a good bath is recommended in summer. And to complete the visit, you can take a walk along the Clariano River and observe the two bridges with the industrial chimneys, as well as taste the exquisite sweets of this town.

As optional activities, you can continue hiking or even visit the winery facilities and do a wine tasting both in the municipality of Ontinyent and in Fontanars.

The Vall d'Albaida on 48 horas

Albaida and Alielo de Malferit

Albaida: A paradise between mountains.

It takes a whole day to enjoy Albaida's interesting tourist offer, but it is definitely worth visiting:

10:00 h. a.m. Square of the Villa and historical centre: it is part of the 15th century walled enclosure which is still accessed through the Villa gate. In the square lies the church of Saint María of the Asunción, the back part of the Milà and Aragó palace, the access to the José Segrelles House Museum and the Vallcaneda house. You can also visit La Muralla, an old defensive structure, and the Watchtower, the gateway to the town.

10:30 a.m. Church of Saint María of the Asunción, XVI-XVII centuries. Spectacular Valencian Gothic style religious building, built between 1592 and 1621, and restored in 1830. The square-shaped bell tower that used to be the tower of surveillance until the auction was added in the mid-19th century.

11:30 a.m. Palace of the Milà and Aragó.

Formed by three towers: the one of Poniente, the Central one and the Palacial Tower. Built at the end of the XV century (1471-1477) it had the appearance of a noble residence and attached to the main access to the walled space. International Puppet Museum (96 239 01 86). It offers the possibility of holding a puppet workshop for children.

If the traveler wants to complete the visit with the museum offer presented by Albaida, it is recommended to visit the José Segrelles House-Museum (96 239 01 88) and the Museum of Dioramas and Nativity scenes (96 239 01 86). After visiting this complete artistic and museum exhibition, it is recommended to buy the typical fondant nuts of the town. In addition, the municipality has a wide variety of restaurants to satisfy the demands of our palates.



Aielo de Malferit: Hometown of Nino Bravo - Nino Bravo Museum

After visiting the municipality of Albaida we must stop at Aiello de Malferit to see first hand all the monuments that surround it.

4:00 p.m. Historical centre: Church of San Pedro Apóstol, Hospital of the Beneficencia, Carmen's Gate, Arch's bridge and Down Bridge.

5:00 p.m. Palace of the Marquises of Malferit. Probably dates from the XV century, and with the arrival of the lords of Malferit, it was a habitual residence during the XVII century. It was remodeled in the XVIII century by los Roca. Later, with los Mercader, it underwent a definitive transformation at the end of the XIX century, offering the current neoclassical appearance.

5:30 p.m. Liquor store. Liquor factory founded in 1880 that during the end of the 19th century knew the period of splendor, since it won several awards and became a supplier to the Royal Household. The factory is still active today. The best product is kola-coca liquor, which was the origin of coca-cola. If you are interested in local and artisan products, we recommend a visit to the glass factories and the wicker basket artisan workshops. The purchase of these artisan products are the souvenirs that cannot be missing in any house.

6:00 p.m. Nino Bravo Museum. It is a space dedicated to keeping alive the memory of an artist who continues to awaken feelings, passions and memories with his voice. It includes an exhaustive representation of all his personal and professional objects ceded

by his family, as well as a large quantity of audiovisual and graphic material. This temple offers the possibility of reuniting with the music of Nino Bravo and reliving sensations and experiences lived by the singer.



The Vall d'Albaida in 96 horas Llutxent and Otos

Llutxent, Arab fortress. Llutxent and the miracle of the Corporales.

The traveler cannot forget to stop at Llutxent, an old access road from the coast where you can contemplate and visit its magnificent monuments.

10:00 a.m. Corpus Christi Convent, it is a set of buildings from various periods and styles. The square cloister of the 18th century stands out, with five semicircular arches. The Corpus Christi church, in the Mediterranean Gothic style (15th century), was declared a national historical monument in 1982.

11:30 a.m. Hermitage of Our Lady of Consolation: building built in 1772 by a Catalan couple (Serra-Rius). Inside is the Corporales Miracle, whose legend tells that it took place in 1239 during the reconquest. All the monuments located there belong to the Diputació de Valencia. The traveler can

appreciate the spectacular panoramic view of the mountains and the Xiu castle (Arab fortress from the Almohad period built in the 12th century (located on the Pinet road), which had the function of monitoring the transit of troops from the coast to the interior.

12:30 p.m. Palace-Castle Built by the Pròxita between the 13th and 14th centuries on an old Arab fortress, it is in the Valencian Gothic style.

1:30 p.m. Parish Church of the Assumption. Built in the XIX century (1868), which guards the Cross of the XVI century Procession and the icon of the Blessed Face. At this point, the traveler can take a break and satisfy hunger in Llutxent restaurants, and enjoy grilled meat and equestrian activities or continue the trip to the last town, Otos, to eat in a privileged place overlooking the Benicadell.



Otos

Town of the sundials. Benicadell viewpoint

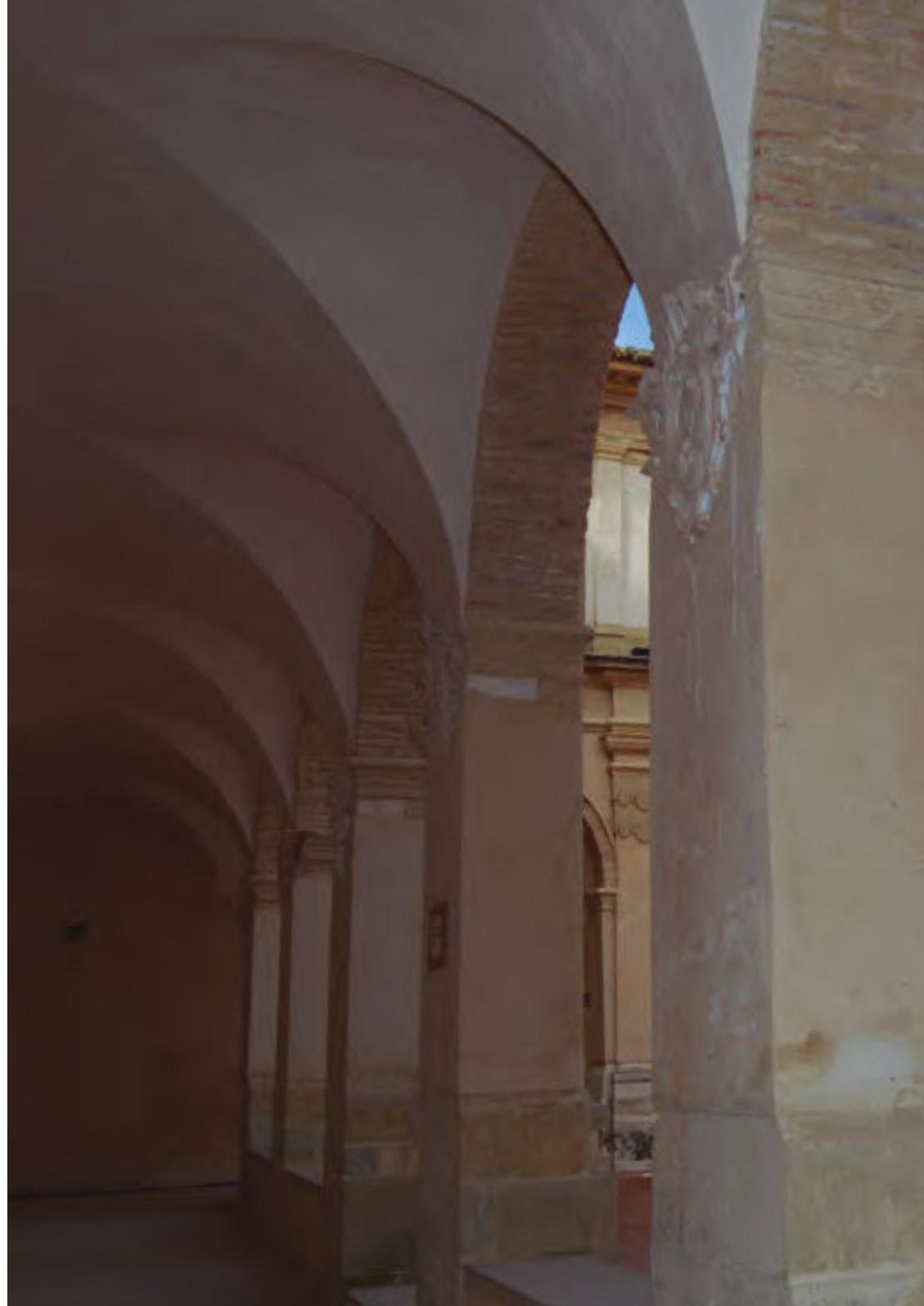
The last stop on this journey is Otos, a quiet, welcoming and innovative place that will surprise us with the cultural tourist route of Sundials. The uniqueness and originality lies in the creation of 8 newly created Sundials, which integrates elements typical of the land such as iron, steel, mud or marble, among others, and each of them symbolizes an ancient trade or a different theme.



4:00 p.m. Route of the sundials. It is a tourist route that runs through the entire town, with the sundials as a common thread, as a metaphor for the passage of time. In it the traveler will discover the operation of each one of them. In addition, if the weather is good, we can see the rest of the heritage buildings that the town has.

6:00 p.m. Palace of the Otos marquis, a building built in the 18th century with a very elegant and successful decoration. Parish Church of the Immaculate Conception, whose interior deserves special attention decoration based on decorated plaster. Hermitage of Our Lady of Sorrows, from the late 18th century.

To round off this route, we recommend a **walk through the Benicadell's Mountain range** and delight the view with the magnificent panoramic views of this emblematic mountain. In addition, lovers of hiking cannot miss the opportunity to walk through the mountains to the Castle of Carbonera in Beniatjar, a treasure that is worthwhile.



Trails



Trekking

Through the heart of the valley

La Vall d'Albaida is surrounded by several mountain ranges with which it maintains a close relationship. These mountains, in addition to being an ideal setting for practicing sports, are a great source of natural, botanical and heritage resources that can be enjoyed on the numerous trails marked by its domains.

Must take into account:

- Follow the indicated paths.
- It is forbidden to light a fire and free camping.
- Deposit trash in containers.
- Respect nature and avoid making harmful sounds for native fauna.
- Bring water, appropriate clothes and shoes, and of course, a camera of photos.

Every year an extensive hiking program is developed through the Vall d'Albaida mountain ranges with more than 24 guided green routes that run from September to December. Consult the program for each

year on the web www.valldalbaida.com, within the section on hiking trails.

To facilitate and expedite the **REGISTRATION** procedures, a form has been enabled where you must indicate all the data per participant on each of the routes to be taken

SIGNALING

The GR, PR and SL are the approved trails that are governed by a International signaling regulations that classify them at European level. The rest of the trails are enabled by the municipalities.

GR - Long-distance trails:
itinerary of more than 50 km.

PR - Short-distance trails:
itinerary from 10 to 50 km.

SL - Local trails:
itinerary of less than 10km.

Benicadell

Benicadell is the most emblematic mountain range for the "Valldalbaidins", a reference and a mandatory visit when you are in Vall d'Albaida. With an altitude of 1104 meters it is the highest mountain of the region and a meeting point with a very unique natural space. Its toponymic origin derives from the Arabic "Peña Cadiella" which was already used in the "Cantar del mio cid"

In reality, Benicadell is the extension of the Covaleta Mountain range, separated from it by the "Puerto de Albaida" and which has continuity towards the Agullent Mountain range and the town of Ontinyent. In the opposite direction, that is, towards the region of La Safor, Benicadell reaches the Ador Mountain range. The alignment of the Benicadell's Mountain range has conditioned the weather and fundamentally the vegetation found in it, clearly distinguishing two areas that also belong to two different regions, such as; "La solana" in the Comtat region, very degraded and

with little vegetation, and by the Ombría located in the Vall d'Albaida, with much richer and leafy vegetation. Benicadell has been damaged by the wave of fires that plague us every summer and which have significantly affected its forest wealth. There are many manifestations that testify to the close relationship between this mountain range and man, thus it is easy to find different snow pits, constructions for the collection and channeling of waters from the Roman and Arab times, archaeological sites, dry stone walls, watchtowers, castles and other resources made at different times and historical times.

The trails that we find in this section are the following:

SL-CV 10: Road from Otos Mountain range to the ravine of La Mata

SL-CV 43: Aielo de Rugat

SL-CV 44: Rugat Trail

SL-CV 83: La Creueta viewpoint

SL-CV 84: Water Route



SL-CV 118: Route of the Castle and other Jewels of Rural Heritage del Patrimoni Rural

SL-CV 122: Trail of the Nevaters

SL-CV 140: The heritage of the Muslim irrigation - Salem

PR-CV 213: Beniatjar - El Ràfol de Salem - Benicadell's top

PR-CV 222: Trail of the Benicadell's top and snow cave

PR-CV 390: Route through the Penyes Albes

Benicadell's Ombria thematic routes.

Protected landscape:

- Green Route: Salem - Planisses House
- Blue Route: Beniatjar - Benicadell's top
- Red Route: Otos - Carbonera Castle - Morró's top
- Yellow Route: Bèlgida - Carrícola - Font Freda
- Purple Route: Castelló de Rugat - Ràfol de Salem - Old forest nursery
- Brown Route: Albaida - Atzeneta d'Albaida - Humanized Landscape
- Orange Route: Puerto de Albaida - Benicadell's top

Mariola Mountain range

This mythical mountain range, a singular place and one of the longest tradition in Valencian hiking, extends its domains through three different regions: the Vall d'Albaida, the Comtat and l'Alcoià. It has recently been declared a natural park and more than half of its protected area belongs to the Villa of Bocairent. It has a width of about 5 km and a total extension of about 30 km and has the Montcabrer (1389 m), the Contador (1232 m) and the Mariola's top (1158 m) as the most notable peaks.

Many rivers start in this mountain range, which has traditionally been known for the abundance of water and for the many sources it has. Thus the Vinalopó, Agres, Serpis and Clariano rivers begin the race that will lead them to the Mediterranean Sea here.

The most characteristic feature of the Mariola Mountain range is the diversity and richness of its aromatic plants that make it

well known everywhere. Thyme, rosemary, savory, horehound or sage, among others, are present and used for medicinal and aromatic uses. It also highlights the presence of holm oaks, pine forests and the southernmost yew forest in Europe.

There are marked trails that will take us to the main heritage resources that we find in it, such as the numerous snow pits, witnesses to the ancient snow trade so widespread in these regions, but also to hermitages, farmhouses or snowdrifts.

We recommend a visit to the most important snow pits in Mariola: Ice cave of l'habitació, Arched or Big Ice cave, little Ice cave of the Buitre -vulture- and lastly Ice cave of Don Miguel

The trails that we find in this section are the following:

GR 7: stage: Venta Boquilla- Alcoi, 31 (Ontinyent) and 32 (Bocairent)

PR CV 4: Banyeres. Route of the Birth of the Vinalopó River

PR-CV 122: Ravine of the Tarongers, Old road from Ontinyent to Bocairent

PR-CV 306: Cinquantenari trail: Bocairent - Sant Crist route

PR-CV 370: The Portín of Alfafara. Bocairent Water Route



Grossa Mountain range

Sierra Grossa is a long and wide mountain range that acts as a natural barrier between the Vall d'Albaida and the neighboring region of La Costera. Its extension is considerable although the heights are rather moderate with peaks that do not exceed 900 m. The beginning of the mountain range is found in the Higuera source, it runs along the Vall d'Albaida parallel to the Umbría Mountain range until it reaches the massif of Buscaró-Montdúver, in the neighboring region of La Safor. Successions of summits and ravines and the passage of the Albaida river that crosses the mountains through l'Estret de les Aigües (Bellús), are the main geomorphological characteristics.

The vegetation is very degraded due to forest fires, although samples of it can still be seen in its natural state in the Alforins area. As local fauna, the squirrel, badger and wild boar are the maximum representatives.

The trails that we find in this section are the following:

SL-CV 11: Umbría trail

PR-CV 125: La Solana trail

PR-CV 306: Cinquantenari trail

La Umbría Mountain range

This mountain range has its origin in Villena and advances towards the sea in a northeast direction. The mountain range enters the Vall d'Albaida and despite having a clear structural unit, it receives different names depending on the population where we are, as it is known as Replana del Moro, Umbria de Fontanars, Pinós, Gamellons, Umbria de Ponce, Félix's top, Serreta, Torratèr, Filosa, Agullent Mountain range, Covalta ... depending on whether it is named by the inhabitants of Fontanars, those of Ontinyent, Albaida or Agullent.

The heights are not considerable having as a highlight the Covalta with 890 m..

The trails that we find in this section are the following:

SL-CV 9: Trail of the Castellar

SL-CV 19: Gamellons trail

PR-CV 121: Ontinyent - trail of the engineers - Agullent - Covalta

PR-CV 122: Ravine of the tarongers, old road from Ontinyent to Bocairent

PR-CV 134: Agullent - Agres

PR-CV 135: Trail of *l'Assagador* – Agullent



Buscarró Mountain range

Located in the eastern area of the Grossa Mountain range, it is a place of union of the Betic and Iberian alignments with a notable presence of faults caused by the karst properties of the terrain. The Quatretonda chasm and the Aldaia chasm are good examples with depths of 185 and 113 m. respectively. The most important heights are the Hedra's top (672 m) and La Mola (500 m). The original state of the Quatretonda mountain range was modified by the fires suffered in the 60s and 70s, despite this, it remains an ideal space for hiking and contact with nature. Today the old holm oak, pine and oak forests have been replaced by abundant bushes, with thyme, rosemary and gorse as protagonists. We also have the presence of some pines and a micro-reserve of flora located in the shadow of the mountains with endemic species very difficult to find elsewhere.

The extraction of high quality marble in this mountain range stands out.

The trails that we find in this section are the following:

SL-CV 39: trail of the Ombria de Torrella.

PR-CV 172: Quatretonda mountain range.

GR-236: Route of the Monasteries (Llutxent and Pinet).

Bicycle touring

Itinerary 1

Start: C/Carril - Santa María bridge /

Distance: 64 km

Through the Umbría Mountain range, the source of Gamellons, El Pla dels Alforins and the Grossa Mountain range

(From Ontinyent to Ontinyent passing through Fontanars dels Alforins).

This itinerary will allow us to enjoy the westernmost part of the Vall d'Albaida, a territory that is physically a border and an area of passage to the Castellana plateau. This fact is reflected in the physiography and in the typical landscape features of the plain, mainly in the municipality of Fontanars dels Alforins. Near this population, environments dominated by rain-fed crops are shown among areas of trees that occasionally form brambles, reminding us of the English countryside.

Along the first sector of the itinerary we will discover the ravines of the Ontinyent and Clariano rivers, as well as different estates and summer houses. The dry land with its vineyards, olive trees and different fruit trees make up an excellent agricultural landscape in the center of the Vall d'Albaida, surrounded by the mountainous alignments of the Grossa Mountain range to the north and the Umbría Mountain range to the south. Through old roads such as the path of the Engineers or that of Gamellons we will ascend until we reach the southernmost part of the highlands of the region, where we will find l'escaló natural dels Cabeços, a point on which the

separation between the terms of Ontinyent and Fontanars dels Alforins is established and which closes this valley to the west.

The itinerary allows us to discover ancient trees and some of the few hills and peaks that are covered by magnificent pine forests. We will visit plains and corners that together with wells, recreational areas and spaces of open horizons lead us to Fontanars dels Alforins.

The final section of the route, in the westernmost part of the Grossa Mountain range, allows us to discover some forest stands mainly of pines, although if we look closely at holm oaks, in a very good state of conservation. Finally, already in Ontinyent term, we will be able to observe the recovery of our Mediterranean vegetation after the terrifying fire of 1994. From any point of the Grossa mountain range there are exceptional panoramic views over the Vall d'Albaida and also over the neighboring region of La Costera.

The view of the hermitage of San Esteve, located on an exceptional site, it closes this itinerary that through a gentle descent ends in the heart of the town of Ontinyent. Through the old bridge we enter one of the most important civil and religious monumental complexes in the Valencian Community.



Bicycle touring

Itinerary 2

Start: C/Ontinyent

Distance: 52.5 km

The Heart of the Vall d'Albaida: Bellús Reservoir and banks of the Clariano and Albaida rivers

(From Montaverner to Montaverner, passing through Aiello de Malferit, l'Olleria, Bellús, Guadasséquies, Sant Pere, Alfarrasí and Benissuera).

This itinerary takes us to the lowest levels in the region, lands bathed by the Clariano and Albaida rivers, which join together shortly before leaving the Vall d'Albaida region behind. They are, therefore, the most fertile lands, but also due to their location, the most affected by infrastructure (it is the only itinerary that crosses a highway).

In the last part of the journey, the radical transformation of the landscape derived from the construction of the Bellús dam stands out. It is the only eco-route in the Vall d'Albaida that does not travel through the mountains, which makes it the most affordable route for those who decide to approach the region either by bicycle or on foot. But the smooth flow of the itinerary between white loamy lands and riverbanks, does not stop having a great charm, since the courses of the rivers take us to environments with great environmental and landscape value around old mills, weirs, bridges and irrigation networks that make up the famous orchards in the region.

As valuable as the orchards, it is the tranquility and friendliness of the people in the urban centers of Montaverner,

Alfarrasí, Benissuera, Sant Pere (the smallest town in the province of Valencia) or Bellús, while the capital of the route, l'Olleria and neighboring Aiello de Malferit offer us the most cosmopolitan face and industrialized, with winemaking, liquor or glass manufacturing as more traditional productive elements.

Itinerary 3

Start: Calvary Convent of San Francisco

Distance: 65.5 km

La Solana: the Baronia of Llutxent, the road to the Quatretonda Mountain range, the Buscaró, the Bassa del Surar and the Marxuquera Mountain range.

(From Benigànim to La Pobla del Duc passing through Quatretonda, Pinet, Llutxent and Benicolet)

This itinerary is in all probability the one that will take many people to the most unknown places in the region. They are the lands located further to the east: where it rains the most, since the sea is present at a short distance. Along its almost 66 km route, we will discover the urban centers of Benigànim, Quatretonda, Pinet, Llutxent, Benicolet and La Pobla del Duc. We will visit convents, old castles, mills, oil mills... And an impressive civil and religious architecture. A whole set of stones steeped in history, which today are the most relevant cultural heritage of these towns. Also between town and town we will discover farmland that show ancestral forms of banning with dry stone walls.

Among these cultivated lands of vineyards, olive, almond, carob, and also orange and other fruit trees, we will discover farmhouses (like that of Torrella), barnyards, weirs, chasms (like those of Quatretonda), convents (like that of Llutxent) and hermitages.

Later we will descend to the limits of the neighboring regions of La Costera and La Safor at the foot of the Buscaró and we will be surprised by the plant presence of the cork oak forests of the mountains (unique in the Vall d'Albaida), which are located between Llutxent and Pinet. From this same area we will have the privilege of the vision of the region of La Safor, framed by the Mediterranean Sea. There will also be plenty of unique trees on this route, such as elm and oak, or stretches of ravines that show ponds and cavities, among lush riverside vegetation.

Itinerary 4

Start: C/ Castelló de Rugat

Distance: 75 km

Through the Umbría, to the Benicadell's cave

(From Albaida to Bufali, passing through Atzeneta d'Albaida, Salem, Castelló de Rugat, Rugat, Aiello de Rugat, Terrateig, Montitxelvo, El Ràfol de Salem, Beniatjar, Otos, Carrícola, Bèlgida and El Palomar). The Benicadell is myth, landscape reference and avocation of the mountain in the Vall d'Albaida: it is magic in its purest form. He gives his name to the mountain range of

the Vall par excellence. As the valldalбайдí poet David Mira says well, "La Vall becomes mountain range in Benicadell", in the towns of the barony of Llutxent - especially in Quatretonda - it is known as *Cerro de Mediodía*, while the towns closest to its shadow, they simply call it Peña. With the permission of Mariola, the most endearing, emblematic and esteemed mountain by most of the residents of the region.

Benicadell is, therefore, the main point of reference for the longest itinerary in this publication. The Albaida road route begins and, after crossing the towns of its historic marquessate, one reaches the easternmost physical limits of the mountain range, which gives its name to Benicadell. They run and run for miles between boulders, beyond the port and the Salem basin. Along a welcoming shade, full of fountains and springs that make life in the orchards and towns possible down the land, at the same time that they make up emblematic ravines and rivers in the region.

Precisely in the shadow of the great mountain some of the smallest urban nuclei of the region: Atzeneta d'Albaida, El Palomar, Carrícola, Otos, Beniatjar, Salem, Castelló de Rugat, El Ràfol de Salem, Rugat, Aiello de Rugat, Montitxelvo and Terrateig; so small that together they do not add, for example, to the residents of any neighborhood in Ontinyent. But this is only an advantage, since this demographic and urban fact allows us to enjoy the most welcoming, friendly, humane and architecturally speaking, best-preserved

Bicycle touring

towns in the entire region.

As if that were not enough, on the route we will also find abundant heritage resources: snow pits, relevant archaeological sites, watchtowers and Andalusian-style castles, palaces, stately homes, fountains, caves, and above all, the most extensive and spectacular panoramic views of dream.

Itinerary 5

Start: Ontinyent Cemetery

Distance: 28 km

The Torratser's top. The Agullent Mountain range, La Covalta and the Albaida Marquessate.

(From Ontinyent to Albaida, passing through Agullent and Benissoda)

This route in the Agullent Mountain range, is the most modest of the ecoguide itineraries, not because the heritage values are lower, but because it only covers a total of 28 km, compared to the average of 60 km of the rest of the five itineraries.

It is also the most modest due to the fact that the Agullent Mountain range is the younger sister of the long shadow that runs through the Vall from west to east. But, sometimes the most modest things have the best and most pleasant surprises in store for us, precisely because they are the least striking at first glance.

The first surprise is that the itinerary crosses almost the entire Agullent Mountain range, and offers us almost

constantly wide and pleasant panoramic views. The mountains appear perfectly defined by the Bocairent ravine and the Clariano river. To the west, it presents a forceful end, marked by the ravine where the Albaida river rises; natural passage between the regions of Vall d'Albaida and Comtat.

As we continue along the itinerary, we discover that the Agullent Mountain range (and its culminating point: La Covalta) includes a wide range of heritage, cultural and environmental assets that will surely not disappoint us in the least. Ice caves (del Pilar, La Covalta ...) snow pits (Agullent, Albaida), hermitages (San Vicente Ferrer in Agullent, San Miguel in Albaida ...), remarkable looking pine forests (between Agullent and Benissoda), archaeological sites (Covalta, Old Castle...), old towns of great patrimonial value (Albaida, Agullent ...), fountains (Maciana, Patge ...), old pilgrimage roads, dry stone girders, old reservoirs, aqueducts, farmhouses, castles, convents... All this makes up a suggestive proposal and makes the route a permanent surprise with numerous serene and peaceful spaces far from the noisiest places in the region.

Itinerary 6

Start: Ontinyent Station Road

Distance: 60 km

The Pou Clar, the Valleta of Bocairent, the Mariola Mountain range and the Tarongers ravine.

(From Ontinyent to Ontinyent passing through Bocairent).

This itinerary will allow us to enjoy lands and landscapes that physiographically do not belong to the Vall d'Albaida and that for historical and socio-economic evolution reasons they have been brought to the final administrative location in the province of Valencia, and therefore to the region.

But it is clear that when we want to go to Bocairent, we leave the region on the Pou Clar road, either through the Tarongers or Fos ravine (on foot), or on the road that runs through the Adern ravine.

In any case, this purely bureaucratic and administrative question does not detract from the slightest interest in the route. On the one hand, Bocairent is probably the town with the greatest tourist attraction in the region due to its structure and urban location, while the Mariola Mountain range (part of which forms the term of Bocairent), is not only one of the natural spaces of greater interest of the Vall d'Albaida, but also of the whole of the Valencian Country.

In short, the Ombría Mountain range of Ontinyent, the Valleta of Bocairent, the Mariola Mountain range (the heart), the town of Bocairent and the ravines of La Fos and Tarongers, will leave us, in this order, an unforgettable memory merced to the magic in which they are involved. Thus we will know a good handful of corners of great heritage value both natural and cultural: the climb to the Soterranya, the hermitages, the medieval town of

Bocairent, the sources of Vinalopó, the Moorish caves, the Font Freda or the Mariola fountain. In addition to all this, in specific corners, we will discover unique trees, country houses, centuries-old water ponds or archaeological sites. It should also be emphasized that throughout this itinerary we will walk and pedal through the highest elevations of the entire set of routes that make up this publication.



Spaces natural

NATURAL PARK
Mariola Mountain range

PROTECTED LANDSCAPE
Benicadell's Umbría

NATURAL LANDSCAPES
MUNICIPALITIES
El Surar of Pinet – Llutxent
Umbría mountain range – Pou Clar
Quatretonda Mountain range
The Hermitage – Castelló de Rugat
Penyes Albes

MUNICIPAL NATURAL SITE
Les Arcades of Carrícola

LIC
Els Alforins
Mountain ranges of Montdúver and La Marxuquera
Albaida river middle course

ZEPA
Els Alforins
Mountain ranges of Mariola and the Font Roja

MICRO-RESERVES
Pla de Mora – Quatretonda
Ombria of Buixcarró – Quatretonda
The viewpoints – Llutxent
Ombria of the Cova Alta – Albaida
Pla de la Junquera – Pinet
Benicadell's Rock – Beniatjar
Penyeta de l'Heura – Bufali and El Palomar

Festivities

Festivities in the Vall d'Albaida

Throughout the twelve months of the year, La Vall d'Albaida is a continuous scene of parties and celebrations. The commemorative rhythm is accentuated by the summer months when the festive offer multiplies in all the towns of the Vallblanca. Party air is breathed, fireworks invade the nights, dances, festivals and bulls are present in our streets, marching bands accompany the parades of the Moors and Christians and the party is lived both day and night.

We have a great diversity of festivities, most of them with a long tradition and modeled through the centuries. With religious and profane celebrations there are endless possibilities to choose and enjoy our festivals and traditions. The religious system and the agricultural activity of the peasants (linked to the seasons) have created the annual festive cycle that we have in the Vall d'Albaida. The influences of the church are seen in the main festivities that are common to the whole of the Vall, such as Christmas, Lent, Easter Week, Easter (flowery Easter) and Corpus Christi, which coexist with minor and patron saint festivities, throughout the year.

The agricultural time, dominated by the seasonal passage leaves us as the most important festivities in our region:



Festivities

In autumn and winter

Among the most important celebrations, everywhere, is that of "Todos los Santos" (time of loaves with almonds and eggs), traditional fairs, such as l'Ollería (last weekend in October) or Ontinyent (third weekend of November). Santa Cecilia is also celebrated throughout the Vall, as well as in Ontinyent the Purísima Feasts and its bulls. There are also important pilgrimages, such as that of Saint Martín in Quatretonda.

In January it is time for bonfires and porrats -fair or small market of roasted chickpeas and other sweets that is installed on the edge of a sanctuary- with Saint Antonio, who blesses the animals throughout the Vall d'Albaida. Blessed Inés (January 21) is also celebrated in Benigànim, Saint Blas (February 3) in Bocairent, declared of National Tourist Interest, those of Saint Blas of Easter with the Flag dance in Montaverner or The miracle of the Corporals of Llutxent (February 24).

Carnivals are also celebrated before entering Lent. Popular are the Bèlgida carnivals, with flour battles. The inhabitants of the Vall usually go out to the countryside with friends and family to try the famous oven-baked rice casseroles, which each one customizes to their liking. The Resurrection night in Bocairent is celebrated with the night of Rastros. On Easter Sunday the "Angelet de la Corda" is celebrated in Alfarrasí that crosses the square from side to side.

In spring

Major festivities in Agullent (commemorations to San Vicente Ferrer) and in Llutxent, both with Moors and Christians. At this time, traditional celebrations are held linked to very specific groups, such as the fifths or the daughters of Mary, in different towns of the Vall d'Albaida.

The month of May is the month of the Virgin Mary, under various advocations such as El Rosal, los Desamparados or Divina Aurora. Benigànim and El Palomar celebrate one of the most ancient feasts that are preserved in the Vall: La Plantà del Xop. Also in many towns around this time giants and bigheads are made and Corpus Christi is celebrated.



Festivities

In summer

In summer, the parties explode everywhere, the bulls on the street in Quatretonda are an event expected by everyone. In Pinet they celebrate the water festival and l'Olleria has recovered the "Ball dels locos" (Dance of the mad people) -ancient dance where the dancers fight with sticks- and they also make castles in the style of the Muixeranga of Algemesis. In July the Albaida fair and the pilgrimage of Saint Esteban are celebrated in Ontinyent. In August, many patronal celebrations come to many towns in the region (Benicolet, Otos, Aiello de Malferit, Castelló de Rugat, Alfarrasí, Montaverner, Ontinyent and Benigànim). Porrat is also celebrated such as that of Saint Domènech in Llutxent, feasts in local hermitages such as that of the Cúgol of Ontinyent and dances such as those of Saint Agustín in Bocairent. September brings us to the night of the fireworks in Agullent, in honor of Saint Vicente (pilgrimage with lanterns from the

town square to the hermitage of Santo) and the patron saint festivities of l'Olleria and Guadasséquies. And already entered the month of October, the festivities of the Remedy in Albaida and the Pilgrimage from Ontinyent to the Sanctuary of Our Lady of Agres.

We show you a regional festive calendar, so that we go to each of the festivities and enjoy the traditions, the culture, the history, the celebration and the fun.



SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Winter	December	Agullent	Feast of the Immaculate Conception.	
Spring	April	Agullent	Moors and Christians festivities in honor of St. Vicente Ferrer.	Eight days after Easter the Moros y Crisitanos festivities are celebrated.
Summer	August	Agullent	Festival of the Virgin of August.	
Summer	August	Agullent	Feast of St. Ramón Nonat	
Summer	September	Agullent	September Festivities, which include the Nit de les Fogueretes, a festival declared of Tourist Interest, The Miracle of Saint Vincent and the Day of Christ of Health.	First full weekend of September.
Winter	February	Aielo de Malferit	Half Year Celebration of Moors and Christians.	They are held on the second weekend of February.
Summer	July	Aielo de Malferit	Feast of the Saints of the Stone and Feast of Carmen.	It is celebrated in the month of July.
Summer	August	Aielo de Malferit	Patronal festivities to the Christ of Poverty and Saint Engracio, with Moors and Christians.	
Summer	August	Aielo de Malferit	Feast of St. Lorenzo.	
Summer	August	Aielo de Rugat	Patron Saint Feast of the Assumption with Moors and Christians.	They are held on the second weekend of August.
Spring	May	Albaida	Feast of the Holy Cross and the pilgrimage to La Covalta.	In mid-May.
Summer	July	Albaida	St. Jaume de Albaida Fair.	
Autumn	September	Albaida	Patron saint festivities dedicated to the Virgen del Remedio are held from September 29 to October 11.	
Autumn	October	Albaida	Large festival of the Virgin of Remedy.	

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Outumn	October	Albaida	From the 8th to the 11th the Moors and Christians festivities begin, with the Entrance and the Embassies.	
Outumn	October	Albaida	Neighborhood feast of Pilar.	
Summer	August	Albaida- Aljorf	San Domingo de Guzman festivities in the Aljorf neighborhood.	
Spring	April	Alfarrasi	Feast of <i>l'Angelet de la corda d'Alfarrasi</i> .	On Easter Sunday the well-known feast of <i>l'Angelet de la corda</i> is celebrated.
Summer	August	Alfarrasi	Supervisory celebrations to St. Roque, Santa Cruz and Christ of the Agony, with celebration of the Moors and Christians.	They are celebrated towards the third weekend of August.
Summer	September	Atzeneta d'Albaida	Moors and Christians festivities.	They are held on the second weekend of September.
Summer	September	Atzeneta d'Albaida	Supervisory celebrations dedicated to the Christ of the Faith, the Virgin of the Rosary and St. Roque.	They are held on the third weekend of September.
Winter	February	Bèlgida	Feast of St. Blas and the day of St. Ramón Nonat on the Sunday before Carnival.	
Winter	February	Bèlgida	The Week of <i>l'Enfarinà</i> , which lives its most important day the same Saturday of Carnival, that same weekend <i>La Dansà</i> is celebrated.	It is celebrated during the week before carnival day.
Summer	August	Bèlgida	Patron Saint Festival of St. Lorenzo, The Santísima Trinidad and Ecce Homo	
Summer	September	Bellús	Supervisory celebrations to St. Ana and to the Christ of the Good Death, as well as the Saints of the Stone Abdón and Senen.	They are held on the second and third weekend of September.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Summer	July	Bellús	Festivity to the patron saint Saint. Ana.	
Spring	April	Beniatjar	Septenary to Our Lady of Sorrows, with great wealth of songs and liturgical, which has been celebrated continuously at least since 1688.	It is held the week before Easter (Pain Week).
Spring	March	Beniatjar	Party in honor of Our Lady of the Incarnation, patron saint of the municipality, with popular casseroles on the street.	It is celebrated on the Saturday closest to March 25.
Spring	April	Beniatjar	Holy Tuesday <i>la Salpassà</i> .	On the second day of Easter the oil is collected for the priest.
Summer	August	Beniatjar	Patronal festivities in honor of San Roque, the Stmo. Christ of Comfort, the Assumption and the Divine Aurora.	They are held the last week of August.
Spring	April	Benicolet	<i>Cassoletes</i> (baked rice casseroles).	The Thursday before Ash <i>Cassoletes</i> (rice with crust) are prepared in the mountains.
Summer	June	Benicolet	Feast of St. Juan.	
Summer	August	Benicolet	Patronal festivals dedicated to the Immaculate Conception, the Divine Aurora and the Christ of the Faith, with parades of Moors and Christians.	They are celebrated the first weekend of August.
Outumn	October	Benicolet	Feast of the Virgen del Rosario.	
Winter	January	Benigànim	Feast of Blessed Inés.	Mass, procession etc.
Spring	May	Benigànim	Feast of the Virgen de los Desamparados, with the <i>plantà del Xop</i> .	They are celebrated on the second Sunday of May.
Summer	August	Benigànim	Convent Fair.	
Summer	August	Benigànim	Feast of the Virgen de las Nieves.	It is celebrated on the first weekend of August.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Summer	August	Benigànim	Patronal festivities to the Divine Aurora, the Christ of the Blood and Saint Michael, with Moors and Christians Festivities.	It is celebrated on the last weekend of August.
Summer	August	Benissoda	Patron saint festivities in honor of the Virgin of the Rosary, Saint Domingo and Saint Bárbara.	
Summer	Septemebr	Benissuera	Patron saint festivities to the Miraculous and the Christ of Amparo.	They are held on the second weekend of September.
Winter	February	Bocairent	Supervisory festivities to St. Blás with entrance and parades of Moors and Christians.	The first full weekend of February. Saturday the entrance is celebrated.
Spring	May	Bocairent	At the beginning of May Pilgrimage to St. Jaime.	
Summer	August	Bocairent	Summer festivities to St. Agustín with popular dances in the town hall square.	
Annual	Annual	Bocairent	Neighborhood and hermitage festivals throughout the year.	
Summer	August	Bufali	Patron saint festivities for the Virgin of Loreto and the Christ of Poverty.	
Spring	May	Carrícola	The Apparition of Saint Miguel.	
Outumn	September	Carrícola	Supervisory celebrations to St. Miguel, the Christ of the Calvary and the Saints of the Stone.	They are celebrated the last weekend of September.
Summer	August	Castelló de Rugat	Major Festivities with Moors and Christians parades.	They are celebrated the following Sunday to August 15.
Outumn	October	Castelló de Rugat	Feast of <i>les Cassoletes</i> , coinciding with Saint Teresa.	It is celebrated the following Sunday to October 15.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Winter	December	Castelló de Rugat	Celebrations of the Virgin of the Remedy (with the commemoration of the Miracle), the Christ of the Faith and the Most Pure.	
Summer	June	Fontanars dels Alforins	Feast of the Immaculate or Feast of the Girls.	It is celebrated in late June.
Summer	August	Fontanars dels Alforins	Feast of the Moors and Christians.	They are celebrated the last weekend.
Summer	August	Guadasséquies	Supervisory celebrations to St. Roques, the Virgin of the Hope and the Christ of the Shelter.	They are held the second week of August.
Winter	December	Guadasséquies	Feast of the Virgin of Hope.	
Winter	February	Llutxent	Festivity of St. Martín, the Miracle of the Corporales is commemorated.	
Spring	April	Llutxent	Patronal festivities to the Holy Face, to the Christ of the Conhorte and the Divine Aurora, with parades of Moors and Christians.	They are celebrated the last weekend of April.
Summer	July	Llutxent	Feast of the Apparition of the Cross.	
Summer	August	LLutxent	Feast and <i>Porrat</i> of the Saint Domingo.	
Summer	September	LLutxent	Feast and <i>Porrat</i> of the Virgin of Consolation.	
Spring	April	Montaverner	St. Blas is celebrated on Easter Sunday and Monday, with the Flag dance.	
Summer	August	Montaverner	Patron saint festivities for the Virgin of Loreto, the Christ of Patience, Saint John and Saint James, with entrance and parades by Moors and Christians.	They are held the last week of August.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Spring	April	Montixelvo	<i>La Salpassa</i> (Easter week). Tradition of possible Judaic or pre-Christian origin, which consists of the blessing of salt and water in each of the homes of the town in order to protect the house, crops or families.	It is celebrated at Easter.
Spring	May	Montixelvo	Major Holidays to the Virgin of the Rosary, the Christ of Forgiveness, the Divine Aurora and the Immaculate Conception.	They are celebrated the first weekend of May.
Spring	July	Montixelvo	Moors and Christians festivities.	They are celebrated the first week of July.
Summer	July	Montixelvo	Cultural week. Giant paella, exhibitions, sports competitions, theater, cinema in the plaza, <i>cucañas</i> .	
Spring	May	l'Olleria	Feast of the Three Birds Maria in the Capuchin Convent.	It is celebrated in the month of May.
Summer	July	l'Olleria	Feast of the Magdalena with the recovered <i>Ball dels Locos</i> .	
Summer	August	l'Olleria	Feast of St. Roque.	
Summer	August	l'Olleria	Bulls in the street.	
Summer	August	l'Olleria	Moors and Christians festivities in honor of St. Miguel, Ecce Homo, Cristo de la Palma and the Virgin of Loreto.	They are celebrated the first weekend of September.
Outumn	October	l'Olleria	Art and craft fair.	It is celebrated in early October.
Outumn	October	l'Olleria	L'Olleria fair.	
Summer	August	Ontinyent	Moors and Christians festivities.	Celebrations of Moors and Christians to the Holy Christ of Agony (of National Tourist Interest) are held on the weekend of the fourth Sunday of August.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Outumn	November	Ontinyent	Ontinyent's fair.	It is celebrated on the third weekend of November.
Outumn	Dicember	Ontinyent	Festival Bull with rope	Between November and December, the Purísima, the Bou en Corda, l'Emboià, the Cant dels Angelets, the Procession with the traditional dances of the Giants and Bigheads, els Arquets, els Cavallets, La Veta and La Moma.
Annual	Annual	Ontinyent	Throughout the year, festivals in neighborhoods and hermitages, such as Cúgol, San Antonio, Llombo, Sant Esteve, San Rafael, etc.	
Winter	February	Otos	Day of <i>les cassoletes</i> (baked rice casseroles).	It is celebrated on the Thursday before carnival.
Spring	March	Otos	Feast of Saint José.	Giant paella for everyone.
Summer	August	Otos	Supervisory celebrations in honor to the Christ of the Faith, the Saints of the Stone and the Immaculate Conception.	
Spring	May	El Palomar	On the second Sunday of May, the Plantà del Xop is held, in honor of the Virgen de los Desamparados. The dances of the little shepherds and the flag are danced.	
Summer	August	El Palomar	Patronal festivities in honor of the Holy Family of the Christ of the Miracle.	They are celebrated on the third Sunday of August.

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Summer	June	Pinet	Patronal festivities in honor of the Immaculate Conception, the Christ of the Mountain and St. Pedro Apóstol, around June 29, with parades, processions and festivals.	
Winter	January	La Pobla del Duc	The "Novenario del Cristo del Amparo" and the Feast of Cristo del Amparo are celebrated.	
Summer	July	La Pobla del Duc	On the last three days of July, the Fiesta de los Santos de la Piedra is celebrated, with processions and street dances.	
Summer	August	La Pobla del Duc	Patronal festivities in honor of the Divine Aurora, to the Blessed Christ of the Amparo and the patron St. Blas.	They are held on the last weekend of August / September 1st.
Outumn	October	La Pobla del Duc	Commercial and Gastronomic Fair.	It is celebrated on the first weekend of October.
Summer	June	Quatretonda	Festivities of the St. Pedro, with bulls through the streets.	
Summer	September	Quatretonda	Patronal festivities.	
Outumn	October	Quatretonda	The celebration of the anniversary of the founding of the town is on October 21.	
Outumn	November	Quatretonda	Pilgrimage to the Hermitage of St. Martín.	
Winter	February	El Ràfol de Salem	On February 3, St. Blas, with "porrat", blessing and offering of bread to the neighborhood.	
Summer	September	El Ràfol de Salem	Patronal festivities dedicated to Saint Thomas, the Divine Savior, the Divine Aurora and the Divine Shepherdess.	

SEASON YEAR	MONTH	POPULATION	HOLIDAY NAME	DESCRIPTION
Summer	July	Rugat	The patron saint festivities dedicated to St. Bernardo with parades, festivals, cordà and processions.	They are held the last week of July.
Summer	July	Salem	Moors and Christians Feast of Youth to the Virgin of Aurora	They are held the second week of July.
Summer	September	Salem	Patron saint festivities for the Christ of Peace, St. Miguel and St. Roque.	
Summer	September	Salem	Festivity of St. Miguel, patron of the town.	
Winter	February	Sempere	Patron saint festivities to San Blas, with bonfires, parades, procession and distribution of rolls.	
Spring	April	Terrateig	Celebrations dedicated to Saint Vicente Ferrer.	It is celebrated towards the Monday following Easter, with parades, processions, festivals and pilgrimage to the hermitage.
Winter	December	Vall d'Albaida	Feast of the Aguinaldo.	
Verano	June	Vall d'Albaida	Feast of the Saint Juan.	
Winter	January	Vall d'Albaida	Cabalgada de los Reyes Magos de Oriente.	La noche del 5 al 6 de enero.
Winter	January	Vall d'Albaida	Saint Antonio Abad.	17 de enero San Antonio Abad.
Winter	February	Vall d'Albaida	Carnivals.	Antes del Miércoles de Ceniza. Carnavales y cazula de arroz al horno en todos los pueblos de la Vall d'Albaida.
Summer	June	Vall d'Albaida	Corpus Christi	Procesiones junto con los niños de comunión de cada año.
Winter	November	Vall d'Albaida	Feast of Santa Cecilia.	



Museums

Museums and museum collections

It has always been the concern of collecting objects, whether they be paintings, goldsmiths, sculptures, tools and utensils used by the primitive settlers, or any other that aroused interest, in order to make them known to a more or less large audience.

This process has also been experienced in the Vall d'Albaida region and as a consequence, we find today a large group of small museums that treasure an important cultural and artistic heritage at your entire disposal. Different themes are present for your enjoyment, from painting museums, to archaeological and ethnographic collections, through those dedicated to popular characters such as Nino Bravo or even to collect puppets, arrived from any corner of the world.

Museums



Flour Mill.

C/ José M^º Casanova, 4
46890 - Agullent
Tel: 96 290 70 80
agudesenvolupamentlocal@gmail.com



Nino Bravo Museum

Passeig de l'Eixample, s/n
46812 - Aiello de Malferit
Tel: 654 39 42 96
www.museoninobravo.com
www.toristinfo_aiello@gva.es



Segrelles House-Museum

Plaça Pintor Segrelles, 13
46860 - Albaida
Tel: 606 364 831 / 663 34 75 31
museosegrelles@museosegrelles.com



Nativity scenes and dioramas museum

C/ Pintor Segrelles
46860 - Albaida
Tel: 607 201 970 / 96 239 01 86
www.albaida@touristinfo.net



International puppets museum of Albaida (MITA)

Plaça Major, 7 - 46860 - Albaida
Tel: 607 201 970 / 96 239 01 86
mita@albaida.es



Museum of the crafts of Atzeneta: stone, bell and esparto grass

Mare de Déu dels Desemparts, n^º 46-48 - 46869 - Atzeneta d'Albaida
Tel: 672 428 001
www.atzenetadalbaida.com
albaida_adl@gva.es



Comarcal Ethnological Museum of the Vall d'Albaida.

Pl. Francisco Ferrer, 1
46860 - Benissoda
Tel: 96 239 08 05
cultura@mancovall.com



"Vicent Casanova" Municipal Archaeological Museum

Placeta del lleó, s/n
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 235 00 62
www.bocairent@touristinfo.net



Museum of trades and customs of Bocairent

C/ Abadía, 44B
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 235 00 62
www.bocairent@touristinfo.net



Feast museum.

C./ Joan de Joanes, s/n
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 235 12 41
www.bocairent@touristinfo.net



Antonio Ferrer Municipal museum

C/ Mossen Hilari
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 290 50 62
www.bocairent@touristinfo.net



Parish Museum Church of the Assumption

C./ Abadía, 38
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 235 00 62
www.parroquiabocairent.org



Saint Blai Ice Cave

Baixada a les covetes
46880 - Bocairent
Tel: 96 290 50 62
www.bocairent@touristinfo.net



"Mariano Jornet Perales" Archaeological Museum

C/ Torre de l'antic Palau
46868 - Bèlgida
Tel: 96 290 10 47
belgida_adl@gva.es

Museums



Museum-Craft Workshop (Gerreria Evarist Navarro)

Camí del Ràfol de Salem
Tel: 96 235 60 01
cultura@castelloderugates



El Palomar Municipal Museum Collection

Plaça de la Constitució, 1 46869 - El Palomar
Tel: 96 239 09 03
Web: www.elpalomar.es
elpalomar_adl@gva.es



Parish museum of the Church of San Pedro

C/ Major
46891 - El Palomar
Tel: 96 239 09 03
elpalomar_adl@gva.es



Glass museum

C/ Ravalet, 11
46850 - L'Olleria
Tel: 96 220 06 01
aidaginer@lolleria.org



Santonja House. Palace of the Marau's

C/ Ravalet, 11
46850 - L'Olleria
Tel: 96 220 06 01
aidaginer@lolleria.org



Rafael Ballester's houses

C/ Cantalar de Sant Vicent, 36
46870 - Ontinyent
Tel: 626 233 271
colladecampaners@hotmail.com



Descals Mill

C/ Músico Úbeda, 2
46870 - Ontinyent
Tel: 96 291 60 90
ontinyent@touristinfo.net



Ontinyent and Vall d'Albaida Archaeological Museum (MAOVA)

C/ Regall, 2 46870 - Ontinyent
Tel: 96 291 13 73 - 679 18 38 51
info@maova.com



Museum of Natural Sciences

Avda. Sant Francesc, 5 (Concepcion school)
46870 - Ontinyent
Tel: 96 238 01 00
ontinyent@touristinfo.net



Feast Museum

Plaça de Baix, 30 · 46870 - Ontinyent
Tel: 96 291 60 90 / 96 291 91 29
www.museufester.net
ontinyent@touristinfo.net / museufester@morosycristianos.eu



Valencian Textile Museum

Plaça de Sant Roc, 2
(Palau de la Vila)
Tel: 96 291 60 90 / 96 291 91 29
ontinyent@touristinfo.net

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

La Vall d'Albaida has always maintained a deep gastronomic tradition. If you visit our towns, you will enjoy the hospitality of its people and you will taste dishes and sweets made with the natural products of the region. Also within this section you have some recipes of the numerous dishes that can be tasted in the Vall d'Albaida and that we hope will be to your liking.

And how could it be otherwise, you will also find a section in which we list the characteristic agri-food products of the Vall d'Albaida (oil, wine, honey, "arrop i tallaetes"...) and, of course, cooperatives, wineries and various places where we have the possibility of buying them.

Another part of the section lists the bars and restaurants in the region, to facilitate your decision when finding a place to eat. And finally, we offer you a list of wineries in Vall d'Albaida, with links to their web pages, so that you can get to know first-hand an emerging industry in our region.



Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Restaurants guide

Are you looking for a good restaurant in Vall d'Albaida?

Our portal offers you the best and most complete restaurant guide, adapted to all preferences and budgets, from restaurants with cheap menus to the most gourmet, from tapas bars to the most romantic restaurants.

You will also find extensive information on restaurants specializing in Mediterranean cuisine.

In the Vall d'Albaida restaurants, among which there is no shortage of specialized in typical dishes of the area, you will enjoy a typical Valencian gastronomy characterized by merging local products.

Agullent	
Bar jubilats	632979164
Casa Ricardo	664170909
El conde	962907251
El roglet	960263475
Ermita	962907116
Font Jordana	962359024 - 625041049
La Plaça	962907098
Cafeteria Espai Mara	644915325
Aiello de Malferit	
Bar piscina poliesportiu	64273119
Cafeteria major	962360002
Coca-beach	962904109
L'encontre	667293080
L' Aljub	694449888
Llar de jubilats	697931436

March	962360414
Racó del barca	962904444
Bar Avenida	962360305
Cafeteria La Plaça	676629977
Geladeria La Toscana	610266500 - 605213865
Restaurant la vall	962904386 - 692904035
Gastro-pub Stradivarius	630881534
Tati's	665551979
Tavampa	962360218 - 646486061
Aiello de Rugat	
Bar-Caf. Centro Social	655780246
Albaida	
Bar el mercat municipal	652796117
Bar la nova bellota	962900387
Bar palau	962900802
Bar panata	610218205
Bolera bowling Albaida	669 472 518
Cafeteria el celler	608107912
Cafeteria el punt	606824779
Casa Roa	609633702
Cafeteria Zulay	609866460
Bar de Willy	632284199
Casablanca	962900896 - 605258414
Círculo cultural José Segrelles	962390061
El calero	962901021

El jardí	674470979
El pansat	607167167 - 962900373
Elvis	687721255
L'Apetitosa	659619357
L'aranya	962390327
La Estrella feliz	646270960

El Criteri Taberna	962901854
Llar de jubilats	962900982
Els Arcs	962900571
Mos i glop	962907890 - 661251835
Noise café	660380891
Pub diferent	647450192
Pastelería espí	962390216 - 962391145
Pastelería soler	962390844 - 962901109
Pizza Che Montevideo	638926988
Bar la Vall	962390501
Retorn	962390117
Tarifa	962390616
Tasca bar moros nous	643212208
Alfarrasí	
Bar karma	651388601
Bar la tapa	960612069 - 664735274
La Sènia	675649507
La parà	619490867



Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

La terrassa	678056518
Atzeneta d'Albaida	
Bar el casino	625361262
Burguer chaplin	962356482
Pub Dolce	
El Arriero	616293816
El Balconet	962356684
Rest. Gabana	662182944
Bar Manhattan	616293816
Belgida	
Bar la plaça	962900446
Bruselas	962390826
Bar Centre Social	617553989
Bellús	
Bar Del Poble	636891151
Restaurant Mz	962293176 - 633560634
Beniatjar	
Centro social	962358004
Benicolet	
Cervantes	962830046
Coop. San Juan B	962830123 - 669692903
Benigànim	
Bar cafeteria el guirigall	657353876
Bar mario	962215154 - 655894338
Bar rte. Les foies	962920276

Bar Cafeteria toni	962920047
Bar Rest. El churrero	962215075
Cafeteria espai jove	962920047 - 660787102
Rest. Garden	962215872 - 653913344
Bar L'ortissa	649492087
Capri	962920373
El capritxet	678732812
Defans Cafe&Pub	962215354
La brasa	655466364
Chino Pekin	962215647
Bar Racó	962215895
Royalti	962920098
Rte. Asador el paso	625492115 - 962215044
Rte. Bar espanya	962215896 - 675202881
Bar Miami take away	962920034 - 653322244
Tiffanys	665674536
Tío pepe	962217138
Espai Jove	962920047 - 660787102
Hogar del Jubilado	665610692
A mi manera	607944686
Benissoda	
Bar Cascia	617793808
El cafetí	962900899 - 606064003
Pop art burger	962390164

Hotel Rest. La Sitja	962398570
Bar Rest. San antoni	962900056
Benissuera	
Niko Restaurant	633717256
Bocairent	
Bar rte. Casa Ximo	962350208
Bar Casa Xam	625540602
Bar rte. El camping mariola	962135161
Bar rte. La rotonda	962905215
Bar Sifó	962350294
Bar Solbes	962350108
Caf. Doménech	651604765
Caf. Hotel l'àgora	962355039
Caf. Casa Rosa	699877221
Caf. La gela	962905090 - 699877189
Caf. La jijonenca	620771227
Caf. Les coves	962905091
Caf. Padel indoor	618211910
Cerveseria l'Aljub	686466932
Cafeteria Vicentet	635296755
Rest. Ravalet	962905262
El rostidor	962905328
Hotel rest. L'estació	962350000
Tasca l'Arc	962350561
Rte. El cancell	962350893 - 619709270

Rest. Mesón Gandía	962351118 - 621266883
El Terrat	625540602
Bufali	
Bar del Poble Bensuera	962293132
Rest. Espai solana	603428320
Carrícola	
Quatre gats	633831222
Rest. Hostal rural Carrícola	960992511
Castelló de Rugat	
Caf. Panaderia Osbel	622274640
Angelo's pizza	609788163
Rest. Avenida	962813152 - 655686557
Caf. Continental	685143566
Centre social	962814230
El Raconet de Mayte	962813074
Rest. Génesis	962813096
Rest. L'almud	629819563
L'irlandés	962813725
TIC-TAC	607944686
Reto	650530234
Fontanars dels Alforins	
La Toscana	962222279
Bar caudalía	962222183
Finca torrefiel	678707854
La cova	962222110

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Pub trajín	655908165
Rte. Cafetería Julio	962222238
Guadasséquies	
Rte. El faro	962293003
Bar El Romeret	693445447
Llutxent	
Astrum	620785933
Bar jubilats	654522701
Bar La font	962294038
Bar nou	691468930
Bar-Rest. Paloma	962923018
El mosset	658940823
Maravilla	962294235
Pizzeria fabra	962294311 - 605097944
Restaurant el mas de xetà	962131282 - 673795036
Rte. L'Alter	620187026
Bar Sol	644410938
Bar La Piscina	603540254
Café Bar TRANCJ	962294405
Montaverner	
Celler de Ca Mónica	666504604
El tossal	651970196 - 635516429
La Tasca	622779538 - 633831222
Bar Noelia	665842485
Sushi for event	643517311

La Gamba	670477840 - 962227170
La Cuina de Lidia	674041985
La cotxera de Roberto	962297422
Montitxelvo	
Rest. Ca Colau	962897216
Casa de la cultura	962897149
L'Olleria	
Amanecer	637056519
Anem anant	618206499
Caf. Avinguda	688488849
Rt. March experience	615584358
El Poblet	960717913 - 629470585
Burger local +	962202085
Ca guaita	962201382
Caf. Horno Pajarita	962201129
Caf. Borderia	962201405 - 651085138
Caf. Nadal	962200354
Pizzeria Giovanni	960717929 - 633837919
El ravalet	962201814
El semáforo	962202125
La Jijonenca	962200028
Hotel rte. Gasaqui	962360608
Kebab	633256615
La cuina de la Golosa	960717971
La xarradeta	961054335 - 651444577

Casa Manolo	962200893
Rest. Menjar Toni	962201711
Pau S.L .L .	962200998
Pizzas Ortiz	962200304
Rest. Plata	962200477
Bar Café Pepa	647006985
Polideportivo municipal	962201759
Racó del tapeo	607443859
Rte. Chino gran muralla	962200578
Rte. El senyoret de les olles	962200359 - 649053816
Rte. As Meigas fornes bleada, S.L	962200304
Solo pizza	963124100
Sal i Menta	643502383
Ca Tarsi	962200275
Tasca Nido	960072358
Un Altra Cosa	605783503
Uni-k	698377502
Ontinyent	
100 Montaditos	960098906
37 Grados	615645759
ABBAS-G doner kebab pizzas	631361349
Adrián	962380190
Rest. Aitana	962385724 - 677663205
ART&SA comida vegana	619680902

Alma café	615468696
Antanyo	960 822 253
Atenea	962383273
Autograma	619383728
Avenida	633776292
Rest. Blanc i Negre	960063863 - 661917871
Rest. Big Foot	669126380
Rest. Borinot Bistró	678422240
Bocanegra	658945377
Bokaty	962913085
Bratembier Bierhaus Baden-Baden	963216633
Bunker&Bram	675995002
Bus bar 2.0	602217789
Ca tono	608540815 - 633249552
Café palau	666564818
Cafeteria 91	962911515
Cafeteria centro	650687796
Camarena	962384240
Cafeteria 365	876018938
Rest. Casa Inés	962381320
Rest. Casa Seguí	962911779
Rest. Cases de borràs	962914271 - 690930784
Chymar	962380017
Círculo industrial y agrícola	962380143
Cafeteria Casa Maria	963116819

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Coret de sucre	617233347
Capri	642516795
Coty pizza	962385162
Casa Cándido	635649855
Casa Janeth	962912891
Club de Tennis	962383072
Rt. Chino China Town	962 91 25 35
Rt. Chino La Estrella	962 91 21 65
Rt. Chino La Gran Muralla	962 38 87 50
Rest. Debosc	961910464 - 638868013
Don picaeta 1 - el comodí	962384186 - 670557625
Don picaeta 2	962914324
Due cocina italiana	961910520 - 649217170
El tapeo de Marco	963111860
El camí vell bar	961194468
El cantó	962385137
El comodí	962 38 41 86
El xiringuito de la piscina	629319119
Rest. El encuentro - asador argentino	687321014
El lloc nou	962382115
Entrepans 26	960690612
El mesón del rey	962382685
Rest. El nou tendur	962388809
El panxudet	962388364
El salvador	962380008

El taconet	680273424
Rest. El taulell	962383979 - 617837630
El tinell de calabuig	962915048
El tirador cocina indú	961 91 10 77
El típic	961912424
Els tonells cerveseria	961910307
El polero geladeria	962380029
Festers	962380047
Fontinyent	962383170
Forn i Pastisseria C. Estellés	962382767
Habana Café	643351763
Harmony café	669200111
Hot & krispy fast food	961194912
Huerta Bar Nou	659305916
Hui no cuine	960115064
Rest. Inaudit	960141424
Irish kells cerveseria irlandesa	961 91 00 12
Ibèric Segrelles	630983988
Il Rosso	962386763
Rest. Inaudit	960141424
Jauja	962380010
Hotel Kazar	962382443
Kala G Doner Kebap	960 14 10 38
L'alba	962386941
L'alforí	962384912
L'Arjama	680303036

L'almassera	635478128
La barra	961910744
La Barraca de Colón	962386417
La Clariana	962283536 - 669040969
Rt. La Catrina cocina mexicana	722693011
La Raspa	644121284
Rest. La cuina	962387762 - 678422241
La Fragua	635478128
La gamba taberna	961910448
La Ibense geladeria	961912614
La Pausa	960141020
La Ploma	962384878
La Peña	673517947
La Quimera	628246495
La vall cuina	642688712
La Raspa	644 12 12 84
La tardor	645645064
La taska	962387614
Rest. La terreta	960222610
Llámame Lola	961911991
Los chicos	962383431
Luna café	643749778
Màgic gastro-pub	620570278
Malvarrosa	960064143 - 962385930
Márago café i té	961910004 - 657410273

Maria	665192265
Caf. Mayan's	637 58 87 54
Rest. Mesón del rey	962382685
Més que oci el lloc (Mercadona)	699809709 - 675 99 50 02
Mora cafeteria-pasteleria	962380111 - 962910764
Miranda	619916376
Molí del pas	627213829
Moshi Moshi Japonés	685266263
Rest. Monterrey	962386298
Rest. NAC	962910868
Nou huerta	659305916
Nou orba	962911621
Nou racó del tirador	962911686
Nou ramonet	619387369
Nou tauro	962381847
Nou tendur	962388809
Nou tibot	962383518
Nova àgora	962381832
Ocean's café	646968968
Ortiz pizzas y pollos	962240333
Paco	962384762
Rest. Paixixi	961910857
Polígono	642896535
Punt Gomis cafeteria	961194240
Pollos la Ribera	962914148
Pollos El Molino	962387031
Pato burger	960141418

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Petit comit� gastro-bar	960883348 - 651139431
Rest. Picasso	962912586
Pipper pizza	962911899
Pizzeria La toscana	962383181
Pizzeria spiaggia	962380180
Pizzeria Roma	961910483
Pollos el molino	962387031
Quica gastroclub	672263306
R�o mundo	962381474
Roma cafeteria	962914145
San Remo	962913522
Rest. Sant vicent	656781162
Sents	960088332
Secreto a le�a	642257652
Slitti Cafeteria +	962386157
Soler - la jjonenca	962384852
Sombrero	962383507
Stop dos bocateria	962915111
Stop sportiu	665849165
Sucre cafeteria	965128304
Sucre kids	961911112
Susu	961912281
T'apeteix	655310581
Tastam Pizza i Tapes	960064149
Tiki Taka	968573201
Teixo	960 21 70 08 - 616360674
Bar Toni	960 14 10 38

Telepizza	962911179
Temple pub	636451215
Teo	626757030
Torr�	654080007
Tot ve�ns cafeteria	665349102
Truck&Go	662050856
Pub Trit�	648135458
Vicedo	962381897
Wood park	684414122
Wait Cooking Experience	620570278
Wok asi�tico	961194107
Rest. Zoco	690851667
Otos	
Hotel rte. Ca les senyoretas	962358032 - 647643505
Parad�s	962358259
El Palomar	
Bar cultural	633154066
Bar rte. Font de sis	652288612
Burguer maxim's	962900552
People	629483858
Rte. Cristina	642609776
Pinet	
San Pere	962923102
La Pobla del Duc	
Bar Gomar	962927867
Bar Vicent	616731790 - 652137788

Ca Ximo	615383799
Rest. Campillo	962250528 - 654818975
El mulato	962250318
La goleta	675261225
La pista monterrey	962927878
Rest. La reliquia	626125889 - 667995218
La tapeta	962927804
Bar Piscina de Alan y Dari	645204956
Que menjem	962927897 - 615512944
V-Dos Pub	625650425
Quatretonda	
Astur	962264617
Avinguda	962264744
Bar polideportivo	652567615
Bou	962264682
Centre social	639845318 - 625870625
Heretat de Pere	962132269 - 666376968
Jaguar	962264065 - 616607499
Rest. Delicias gourmet	661814782
Bar Casa Ricardo	962264270 - 643702229
Sarau	651620327
Tasca la Falaguera	635439928
R�fol de Salem	

Rac� de Vicent	686369317
Rugat	
Camping Oasis park	962814166
Bar Social	642718867
Salem	
Granja san Miguel	962883515 - 663081221
L'era	962813343
La cascu de Javito	643903281
Terrateig	
Bar llar de jubilats	962896330

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Guide of wineries and traditional products

The predominant varieties for red wines are: Cabernet Sauvignon, Merlot, Tempranillo, Pinot Noir, Shyraz and Monastrell, and for whites: Verdil, Chardonnay, Macabeo and Parellada.

In most of the Fontanars wineries there is the possibility of making visits by appointment, and in all of them, you can purchase their products.

In addition to the wines, you can find other types of typical products from the Vall such as mistela, herbero, olive oil, cheeses and sausages, honey and traditional sweets...

Name	Product	Direction	Municipality	C.P	Telephone	Web or e-mail
Bodega Casa de las Vides	Vino	Corral del Galtero, s/n	Agullent	46890	96 213 50 03 606 36 99 03	www.lacasadelasvides.com
Bodega Alonso Sanz	Vino	C/ Oriente 64-B	Aielo de Malferit	46812	637 73 51 91	info@bodegasalonsosanz.es
Coop. d'Aielo de Malferit	Oli	Pol. Industrial Serran, Parc 4	Aielo de Malferit	46812	628 03 78 53	

Destileria Juan Micó	Licors	Plaça del Palau, 8	Aielo de Malferit	46812	96 236 00 07	j.mico@hotmail.com
Bodega de Facundo Cháfer	Vi	C/ San Isidro Labrador, 8	Bèlgida	46868	96 239 10 64 655 67 39 26	bodegafchafer@gmail.com
Coop. de Beniatjar - Oli del Benicadell S.C.V.	Oli	Partida de Tossal, s/n	Beniatjar	46844	96 235 82 55	coopbeniatjar@jet.es
Bodega Tomàs Boscà	Vi i mistela	C/ Vicente Boluda, 18	Benigànim	46830	96 292 03 16	
Herberet Experience	Licors	Plaça Racó de càpito, 3	Bocairent	46880	96 235 00 27 661 84 34 63	www.herberet.es
Celler Tomàs Torres	Vi	C/ del Tinquet, 9	Carrícola	46869	669 35 94 24	vicentomas1959@gmail.com
Bodega Bataller	Vi	Camí Real n 94-96	Castelló de Rugat	46841	96 281 30 17	vinosbenicadell@telepolis.com
Bodega Heretat de Taverners	Vi	Casa Colaús - Ctra.Fontanars-Moixent, km 1,8	Fontanars del Alforins	46635	96 213 24 37 616 93 00 03	www.heretatdetaverners.com info@heretatdetaverners.com
Bodega Torrevellisca	Vi	Ctra. L'Ombría, km 1	Fontanars del Alforins	46635	676 08 47 25	info@bodegas-torrevellisca.es bodegas-torrevellisca.online
Bodega Los Pinos	Vi	Casa los Pinos, s/n	Fontanars del Alforins	46635	96 222 20 90	bodegaslospinos.com/es/ bodegaslospinos@bodegaslospinos.com
Bodegas Daniel Belda	Vi i enoturisme	Avda. del Comte Salvaterra d'Alava, 54	Fontanars dels Alforins	46635	96 222 22 78 663 183 987	www.danielbelda.com
Bodega Los Frailes	Vi	Casa los Frailes, s/n (CV-660, km 5,3)	Fontanars dels Alforins	46635	96 222 22 20	www.bodegaslofraciles.com info@bodegaslofraciles.com
Bodega Vicente Ribera e hijos	Vi	Camí de les Naus Artisanals,12	Fontanars dels Alforins	46635	96 222 21 68 609 86 77 77	bodegas.ribera@terra.es vicente@bodegasvicenteribera.es



Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Name	Product	Direction	Municipality	C.P	Telephone	Web or e-mail
Bodega Rafael Cambra	Vi	Camí de les Naus Artisanals,14	Fontanars dels Alforins	46635	649 97 33 07	www.rafaelcambra.es
Finca Torreñel	Oli i vinagre	Ctra. CV-660 km 13,900	Fontanars dels Alforins	46635	678 70 78 54	www.torreñel.com
Coop. Vitivinícola de la Pobla del Duc	Vi	C/ Marxillent, 58	La Pobla del Duc	46840	96 225 00 17 628 54 07 89	katiana@copobladuc.com
Aceite Oliva Virgen Extra Noblezza	Oli	Ctra CV-655 Ontinyent-Fontanars, km. 9	Ontinyent	46870	663 88 21 81 960 812 826	www.fincasantaelena.es reservas@noblezza.com
Amanda selecta	Oli	C/ Escultor Julio Capuz, 2 bajo	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 09 62	info@aceiteamanda.com
Bodega El Angosto	Vi	Finca Sta. Rosa. Ctra Fontanars (CV-660), km. 24	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 06 38	www.bodegaelangosto.com
Bodega Elfesú, S.L.	Vi	Apdo. Correos 521 / Rafael Sanchis Seguí, 9	Ontinyent	46870	610 32 49 85 620 12 51 94	www.facebook.com/bodegaselfesu info@bodegaselfesu.com
Cervesa Montcabrer - Cervesa Gram	Cervesa	P. Ind. El Pla, C/ dels Diablers, 44	Ontinyent	46870	638 28 04 24 96 238 14 59	www.cervesagram.com info@cervezagram.com
Coop. Vinícola Onteniense	Oli, vi i meló d'or	Avda. d'Almansa, 17	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 08 49 96 238 44 19	info@coopontinyent.com www.coopontinyent.com
Cerveza artesana Antoñita la Moderna	Cervesa	on-line	Ontinyent	46870	661 91 11 87	gerencia@antonitalamoderna.com malvasia_vinoteca@hotmail.com antonitalamoderna.com
Cerveses Montcabrer S.L.U.	Cervesa	C/ dels Diablers, 44	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 14 59 638 280 424	info@cervezagram.com www.cervezagram.com

Name	Product	Direction	Municipality	C.P	Telephone	Web or e-mail
Vins de Leonardo	Vi	Camí dels carros, 19	Ontinyent	46870	675323763	www.vinsdeleandro.com
Coop. Comarcal Quatretonda	Oli	Ctra. de Xàtiva, s/n	Quatretonda	46837	96 226 40 46 675 602 948	lorena@cavacoop.com
Coop. Vinícola de Quatretonda	Vi	Avda. País Valencià, 1 C/ Garcia Lorca, 2	Quatretonda	46837	96 226 58 02 96 226 58 19	ana@coopquatretonda.elefonica.net
Juan Luis Blasco Cháfer	Agricultura ecològica	C/ El carreró, 2	Carrícola	46869	96 235 62 37 659 977 393	info@lavallbio.com www.lavallbio.com
Carnisseria Joaquin Guerola	Carn i embotit	C/ del Marqués, 3	Agullent	46890	96 290 70 91	carminaquilis@gmail.com
Carnisseria Luis i Pilar	Carn i embotit	C/ Sant Bertomeu,1	Agullent	46890	962 90 70 83	
Carnisseria Donat	Carn i embotit	C/ Caputxins, 1	Ontinyent	46870	657 66 31 78	mamen@carniceriaddonat.es www.carniceriaddonat.es
Carnisseria Amparin	Carn i embotit	C/ Dos de Maig, 135	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 21 10 692 565 801	carnisseriaamparin@hotmail.com
Carnisseria Vicent	Carn i embotit	C/ La Pau, 5	Ontinyent	46870	606 543 489	
Carnisseria Casa Vicent	Carn i embotit	C/ Martínez Valls, 67	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 30 36	info@embotitscasavicent.es www.embotitscasavicent.es
Carnisseria Sant Antoni	Carn i embotit	C/ Sant Antoni, 4	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 00 65 609 689 174	monchollin61@gmail.com
Carnisseria Medina	Carn i embotit	C/ Santa Rosa, 27	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 04 93	
Saladura i Embotits Blai	Embotits	Pl. Ajuntament	Bocairent	46880	669 60 86 61	blaisanchisesteve@gmail.com
Formatgeria Heretat de Pere	Formatge	C/ de L' Heretat de Pere, s/n	Quatretonda	46837	96 213 22 69	www.heretat.com
La Vall	Formatge	Pda. del Síscar, s/n	Ontinyent	46870	96 291 05 14	

Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Name	Product	Direction	Municipality	C.P	Telephone	Web or e-mail
Tomate estilo Kiki	Tomaca	Camí de las Naves Artisanals. Nave 1º	Fontanars dels alforins	46890	626 527 274	www.estilokiki.com estilokiki@estilokiki.com
Distr Food Frudis	Fruts secs	Av. Diputació	Montaverner	46892	96 070 57 57 96 229 76 18	administracion@foodfrudis.com
Pastisseria Soler	Dolços	Avda. de la Fira, 19	Albaida	46860	96 239 08 44	www.pasteleriasoler.es pasteleriasoler@gmail.com
Arrop El Manyo	Arrop i talladetes	C/ Torres	Benigànim	46830	96 221 61 22	www.arropartesa.com
Casa de l'arrop	Arrop i talladetes	C/ Sènies, 13	Benigànim	46830	96 221 62 80 607 301 106	lacasadelarrop@gmail.com rribesg@hotmail.com
Chocolates Benavent	Xocolate	Camí Fondo, s/n	Benigànim	46830	96 221 54 50 605 279 449 659 506 588	www.chocolatesbenavent.com pedidos@chocolatesbenavent.com
Pastisseria Mavi	Dolços	C/ San Juan de Ribera, 6	Bocairent	46880	665 68 63 53	www.facebook.com/pastisseriamavi.bocairent vamosil@yahoo.es
Mel de Bocairent	Mel de romer, de timó, de flors de la mariola	C/ Azorin, 23	Bocairent	46880	625 36 48 25	meldebocairent@gmail.com
Regala't Bocairent	Mel, vi i herbero	C/ Sant Roc, 20	Bocairent	46880	96 235 11 72 638 312 424	www.facebook.com/regalat.bocairent regalabocairent@gmail.com
Pastisseria C. Estellér	Dolços	C/ Furs, 13B	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 27 67	www.pastisseriaesteller.com
Forn i pastisseria L'Ermiteta	Dolços	C/ Les Eres, 10 i Avda. Almaig, 45	Ontinyent	46870	96 291 25 25	www.facebook.com/forn.lermiteta
Panificadora Brotons	Dolços	C/ de Casià Fita, 9	Ontinyent	46870	96 291 01 86	
Pasteleria Mora	Dolços	Pl. de la Concepció, 15	Ontinyent	46870	96 238 01 11 635 815 645	www.teodoromora.com teomora@teodoromora.com

Name	Product	Direction	Municipality	C.P	Telephone	Web or e-mail
La Travessa	Melmelades caseres	C/ Sant Josep, 15	Otos	46844	622 394 946	mcmunera@gmail.com
Mel Silverio	Mel	Avda. del País Valencià, 3	Quatretonda	46837	96 226 44 96 646 555 842	melsilverio09@hotmail.com



Restaurants, wineries, traditional products and recipes

Recipes

More and more people are encouraged to take a trip, a getaway of a day or two, or simply make trips of a few hours, motivated by any event related to good cuisine or attracted by the fame of the restaurants or local products in the area.

And it is that gastronomy is a pleasure that awakens the 5 senses and that it is worth enjoying with the palate of each instant that offers us. But it must be borne in mind that this modality can be perfectly combined with all the resources cultural, heritage, traditional, festive and natural features of the Vall d'Albaida.

Our region has always had a deep gastronomic tradition. If you visit our towns, you will enjoy the hospitality of its people and you will taste the typical dishes and sweets made with the natural products of this region.

Among the typical dishes and sweets that gastronomically identify the towns of the Vall d'Albaida region, and whose recipes you can find in our gastronomic guide, include:

- Rice with beans and turnips
- Crusted rice
- Sausage salad from Ontinyent
- Shredded wheat
- Borreta
- Mushroom casserole
- Baked rice casserole
- Potatoes with cod
- Onion black pudding pie
- Baked lamb shank
- Pickled fish
- Rabbit shoulder with honey and rosemary
- Mariola gazpacho
- Christmas stewpot
- Benicadell paella
- Valencian paella
- Stuffed peppers
- Potage
- Gypsy arm with coffee cream
- Pumpkin cake
- Cristina's cakes
- Corets, nouetes y encarats
- Coffee meringues
- Monjàvena
- Nun or hope cakes
- Sweet potato cakes. Sweet of sweet potato
- Brandy rolls or anise rolls
- Roll of St. Blas
- Yolks and nuts
- Almond cake



Accommodation

As important as a visit to the most enchanting corners of the Vall, it is a good rest. And to rest, nothing better than the wide and varied offer that our region presents to its visitors.

In this section you can find, in a structured way, references to different types of accommodation, so it will be very easy for you to find a place to rest that adapts to your needs. You will find from urban hotels, more focused on business trips, to rural houses, hostels or pensions.

In addition, for each accommodation we offer you a short review of the particular place, and contact details, so that once you have found the ideal accommodation, you can contact its managers to formalize your reservation.

Hostel

Albaida	Don Bosco	962920054 - 665929160
Atzeneta d'Albaida	El Regit	962359161
L'Olleria	Convent de Caputxins	962200063
Ontinyent	Perú	962920054 - 665929160
Quatretonda	Casa La Bastida	685633185

Tourist apartments

Atzeneta d'Albaida	El Benicadell	660044548
Bellús	Kurama	611 18 27 29
Ontinyent	Apartamento turístico	692820865

Mobile home

L'Olleria	Zona Autocaravana	962200601
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Camping

Bocairent	Mariola	962135160
El Palomar	Font del Sis	610176444 - 677579034
Rugat	Natura	962814166 - 675492542

Rural houses

Agullent	El Parais	667570200 - 961117400
	El Molí Fariner	611 46 60 42
Aielo de Rugat	Rafaelet	696918333
Albaida	El Pansat complejo rural	691 61 01 64
	El Raconet rural	962391028 - 655 354 622

Albaida - Aljorj	La Casona de Albaida	962900413 - 658772428
Bellús	Casa Rotja I	679530459
	Casa Rotja II	963515153 - 638450598
Beniatjar	Casa Frías	661526251
	Terra Blanca del Benicadell	658131985 - 658118161
Benicolet	Entre viejos olivos complejo rural wellness spa resort	619365580 - 630882000
Benigànim	Las Orquídeas	962217226 - 610857136
Benissuera	L'Avia Tica	962293304 - 678223447
Bocairent	Sant Vicent	660736774
	Masía El Parral	676470062
	Bekirent	601044446
	Mon Mossén	654113225
	El Canter	699328779
	Casa Gimeno	717712373 - 669898681
	La Llar de Laura	639520916
	Mirador	678575488 - 621210568
	Mas l'Altet Mariola	626304142
	Ca Tudela Tur	676417550 - 677523570
Carrícola	Casa rural carrícola	607569886
	Casa Rafael	676960341
	La cova del Xapalló	669604823

Fontanars dels Alforins	Ca La Iaia	676505426 - 962 222 291
	Masía La Nova Alcudia	609609291 - 962222317
Llutxent	El Mas de Xetà	962131282 - 673795036
Ontinyent	Casa de la Vila	667219921
	Finca San Agustín	663882181
	Finca Santa Elena	663882181
	Morera	962380162 - 692670560
El Palomar	Els Horts de Palomar	960110532 - 633512923
	Casa el Xop	960110532 - 633512923
Quatretonda	L'Heretat de Pere	962132269 - 666376968
Salem	La Canal de Salem	627650294
	Granja San Miguel	962883515 - 663081221
Sempere	El Caserón	962293427 - 663547430

Farm School

Benigànim	La Torreta del Marqués	962920054 - 665929160
Bocairent	Mariola	962350593 - 616713675
Llutxent	El Mas de Xetà	962131282 - 673795036

Hostel

Carrícola	Carrícola	960992511
Ontinyent	Ontinyent rooms	621301089

Hotel

Aielo de Malferit	La Vall **	962904386
Benissoda	La Sitja **	962398570
Bocairent	L'Àgora ***	962355039
	L'Estació ***	962350000
	Masqi	965 567 232 - 699 094 440
L'Olleria	Gasaqui ***	962360608 - 607566565
Ontinyent	Kazar ****	962382443
Otos	Ca Les Senyortes *	962358032 - 620588724

Vacation Rentals

Otos	L'Ereta del Passet	615130542
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Bed & Breakfast

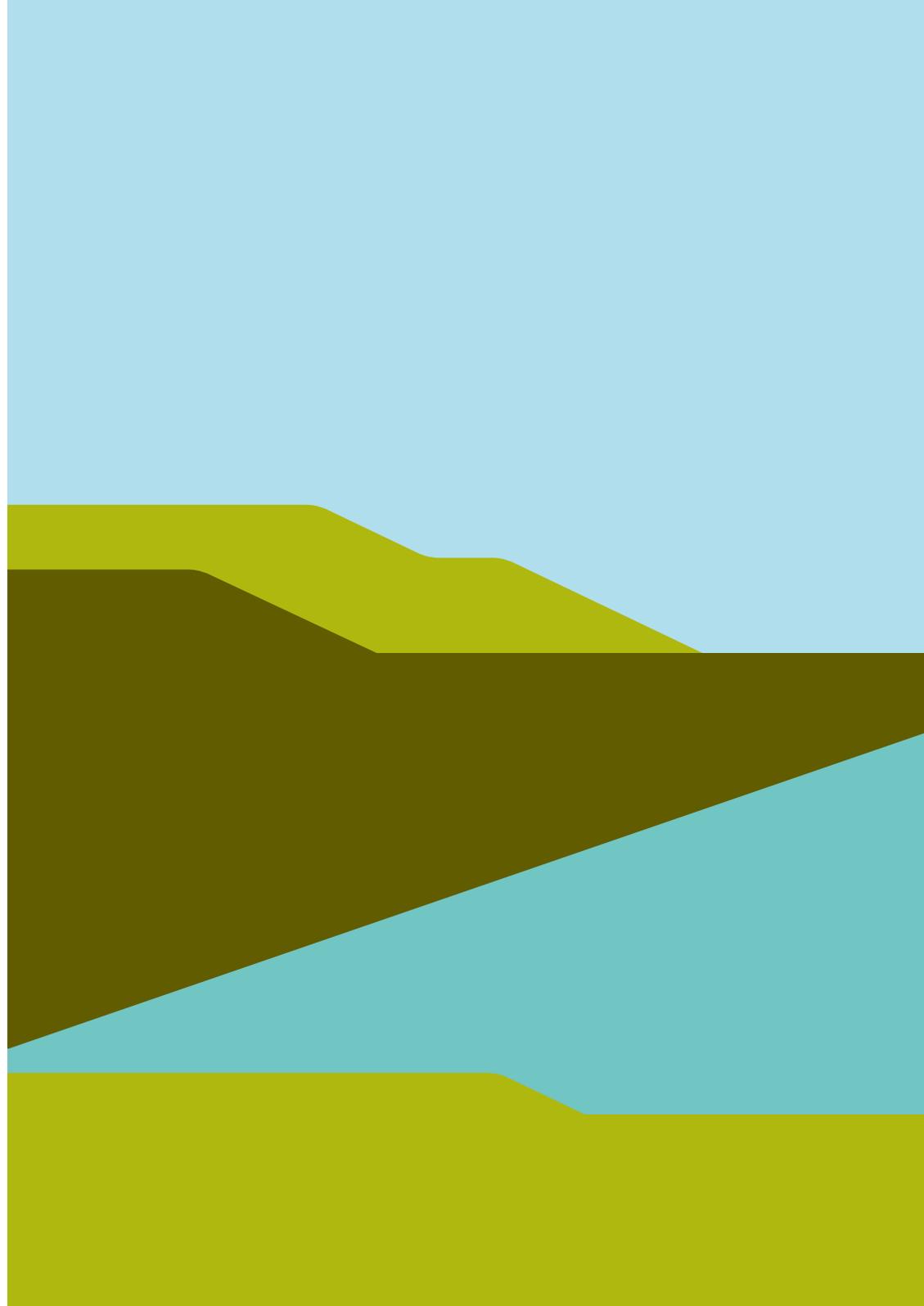
Albaida	Tarifa	962390616 - 625 079 475
Castelló de Rugat	Benicadell	962813074 - 609486412
Ontinyent	Monterrey	962381293
	Casa Roberto - Nou Tibot	962383518 - 625619423

Camping area

Bocairent	Font de Mariola	012
	Villa Carmen	650202156
L'Olleria	El Rodat	962200601
Ontinyent	Font de gamellons	012



**Active
tourism**





Active tourism

La Sària Turisme
Cultural routes, hiking and cycling
C/ Bisbe Miró, 27
Bocairent (Valencia)
Tel. 635 120 029
www.lasaria.com

Totglobo
Balloon rides, active tourism
C/ Els Clots, s/n
Bocairent (Valencia)
Tel. 629 611 889
www.totglobo.com

En ruta
Tourism, leisure and adventure
Tel: 662519566 / 616 859 543
contacto@enrutaturismo.com

LazyPedals
C/ José Simo Marin 6-9,
Ontinyent (Valencia)
Tel: 676 827 566
info@lazypedals.com

Aeroclub Balica
Partida el Pinaret s/n
Tel: 617526690 / 685969654
www.residenciabalica.com
info@aeroclub-balica.com

Interpretation Center of Mariola
Mountain range Natural Park
Masia d'Ull de Canals, CV-795, km-17,
Banyeres de Mariola (Alicante)
Tel: 965937961
serra_mariola@gva.es

Rural and leisure complex El Mas de Xetà
Camí de Xetà, s/n
Llutxent (Valencia)
Tel. 962 131 282
info@elmasdexeta.com
www.elmasdexeta.com

Tronkos y Barrancos
Adventure Sports
Tel. 636 933 119
www.tronkosybarrancos.com

ADFOS
Active tourism training, leisure, health
Av. Sant Blai, 6
Bocairent (Valencia)
Tel. 654 522 954
direccion@adfoss.es
www.adfoss.es

Club S.M. Amics de la Creu de la Serratella
Climbing wall
Municipal sports center
Aielo de Malferit (Valencia)
Tel. 962 36 30 10
aielo.cultura@cv.gva.es
www.aielodemalferit.es

Sala Boulder
Climbing wall
Av. Vicent Andrés Estellés s/n
Llutxent (Valencia)
Tel: 962 29 40 01
llutxent@touristinfo.net
www.llutxent.es



La Vall
d'Albaida

Inland
experience

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